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Medicinal Experiments:

OR, A

COLLECTION

OF

Choice and Safe Remedies,

FOR

The most part *Simple* and easily prepared: Very Useful in FAMILIES, and fitted for the SERVICE of Country People.

By the Honourable R. BOYLE *Esq;*
Fellow of the Royal Society.

In Three Parts.

Containing above

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THE PUBLISHER TO THE READER.

THese *Receipts*, taken out of a large Collection as consisting of a few safe Ingredients, commonly to be found at easie Rates in most places, were sent to a learned Physician beyond Sea: To whom they were a welcome Present, and answer'd, without doubt, the Ends he had in desiring them.

That excellent Person, to whom these choice Prescriptions are owing, did permit a few Copies of them to be Printed, and was pleased to put them in the Hands of some of his Friends, provided, as there was occasion, they would make Tryal of them, and faithfully report the Success.

Divers of those, who on these Conditions had received so great a Favour, held themselves obliged to enquire for

Persons affected with any of the Maladies against which the said Medicines were prescribed; and, upon many Experiments carefully made, having found, that frequently they have relieved those who used them, and sometimes strangely outdone Expectation; they addressed themselves with much Importunity to the Noble Author, to suffer Things, which were of such general Benefit, and so easily to be procured by the Poor, to be made more publick.

And at length he hath been prevailed with not only to allow the former *Receipts*, which but few had seen, to be Reprinted, but hath, out of his rich Treasury, stored us with a fresh Collection, which, as in number it exceeds what we had before, so in Quality and Virtue it falls not short of it.

And if what here with such an honest and kind Design is offered to the Publick, be but candidly and favourably receiv'd, we may still hope for more Blessings of this sort from him, who has not only a constant Will and great Ability to do good, but hath, perhaps, obliged the Age as much as any private Person in it.

THE

THE Author's PREFACE.

THough Physick be not my Profession, yet I hope this small Collection of Receipts will not incur the Censure of Equitable and Charitable Persons, tho' divers of them are professed Physicians, since as I was induc'd to what I had done by the Dictates of Philanthropy and Christianity, so I was warranted by great Examples, both in Ancient Times, and in ours. Of the former sort, I take notice of several of the old Philosophers, such as Democritus, Pythagoras, to which some add Aristotle; and even divers Monarchs and great Men of those Times, such as Jubar, King of Mauritania; another King, Nechepsos, cited by Galen, * Cato, Pliny, &c. And of the second sort, not only by the last

* De simpl. Medic. Facultatibus, lib. ix. Titulos *Jaspis Viridis*. Ac nonnulli quoque annulli inserunt, Scalpuntque in eo draconem radios habentem: Velut Rex *Nechepsos* memoriæ prodidit in sexto & decimo libro.

Age, and the first part of our own, but by very late Times, and in a Neighbouring Nation, whose Customs we are wont sufficiently to esteem and imitate, we may be furnish'd with Examples to our present purpose. For the French *King himself, who has rais'd the Majesty of a Crown'd Head so high, did not think it beneath the Grandeur of so great a Monarch to Order the Publication of the* English *Remedy, as the* French *called the* Peruvian Bark, *which at a great Rate he Purchased from Talbor, an* English *Emperick, Famous for his many and speedy Cures of Quartans, and other Agues. By the Authority of the same Prince, who has been a great Encourager of divers parts of Learning, there has been some Years since setled at* Paris *a Society or Assembly of* Physicians, Chirurgeons, *and others, whose main Business is to keep Correspondency in several Parts, and receive Informations of the Novelties that occur about Diseases, and impart to the Publick such as they shall think worthy and seasonable; which Communications consist not only of new Discoveries, odd Cases, Speculations, and Observations, but of Receipts and Processes of Remedies, Printed for the most part in* French, *the common Language of the People. Divers of which Remedies, have upon Tryal been found useful,*

as well in England *as in* France. There *has been also lately in that Kingdom a Book Printed more than once, that makes yet more for my purpose. For there has been publish'd in the French Tongue a large Collection of Receipts, for almost all Diseases, plac'd in Alphabetical Order; and tho' these Receipts are Circumstantially delivered in the Mother-Tongue of the People, yet they came not forth, without the License or Authority of the Faculty of Physick, and were (at least the first Tome) so well receiv'd and approv'd, that in divers places the respective Bishops authorized them by their Publick Approbation, and recommended them upon the Account receiv'd, or the good Effects they had produc'd both to the other Charitable Persons, and to the Curates (or Parish Priest's) in their Dioceses.*

In complying with the desires of many, and with the Dictates of Philanthropy, *I hope I may procure my Medicinal Receipts and Processes the more favourable Reception, if I shew that I might justly have a peculiar and personal Repugnancy to this Work. For many may think it strange, as I my self have been prone to do, that I should presume to recommend Medicines to others, who for divers Years have been so infirm and sickly my self. And some 'tis like will upbraid me with* Medice Cura teipsum. *But on this*

occasion, I may represent, that being the thirteenth or fourteenth Child of a Mother, that was not above 42 *or* 43 *Years old when she dyed of a Consumption, 'tis no wonder I have not inherited a robust, or healthy Constitution. Many also have said, in my Excuse, as they think, that I brought my self to so much sickliness by over much Study: But I must add, that tho' both the forementioned Causes concur'd, yet I impute my infirm condition more to a third, then to both together. For the grand Original of the Mischiefs that have for many Years afflicted me, was a fall from an unruly Horse into a deep place, by which I was so bruised, that I feel the bad Effects of it to this day. For this Mischance happening in* Ireland, *and I being forc'd to take a long Journey, before I was well recovered, the bad Weather I met with, and the as bad Accomodation in* Irish *Inns, and the mistake of an unskilful or drunken Guide, who made me wander almost all Night upon some Wild Mountains, put me into a Fever and a Dropsie, (* viz. *an* Anasarca: *) For a compleat Cure of which I past into* England, *and came to* London; *but in so unlucky a time, that an ill-condition'd Fever rag'd there, and seiz'd on me among many others; and tho' through God's goodness, I at length recovered, yet left me exceeding weak for a great while after;*

after; *and then for a farewel, it cast me into a violent* Quotidian *or double Tertian Ague, with a sense of decay in my Eyes, which during my long Sickness I had exercis'd too much upon Critical Books stuft with* Hebrew, *and other Eastern Characters: I will not urge that divers have wondred that a Person in such bad Circumstances has by the help of Care and Medicines (for they forget what ought to be ascrib'd to God) should be able to hold out so long against them. But this after the foregoing Relation may well be said, that it need be no great wonder, if after such a train of Mischiefs, which was succeeded by a Scorbutick Cholick that struck into my Limbs, and deprived me of the use of my Hands and Feet for many Months, I have not enjoy'd much Health, notwithstanding my being acquainted with several Choice Medicines; especially since divers of these I dare not use, because by long sitting, when I had the Palsie, I got the Stone, voiding some large ones (as well as making bloody Water) and by that Disease so great a tenderness in my Kidneys, that I can bear no Diureticks, tho' of the milder sort, and that I am forc'd to forbear several Remedies for my other Distempers, that I know to be good ones, and amongst them divers, that by God's Blessing, I have successfully try'd on others. This short Nar-*

rative may, I hope, suffice to shew that my Personal Maladies and Sicklinefs cannot rightly infer the inefficacy of the Medicines I impart or recommended, and if it shew That, it will do all that was aim'd at by this Representation.

If some Receipts or Processes (for I hope they will not be many) should happen to be met with in the following Collection, that may be also found either in some Printed Book or other, 'tis hop'd an indulgent Reader will either excuse or pardon that Venial fault, especially if we consider, First, That neither Physick nor Chymistery being my Profession, I did not think my self oblig'd to peruse any store of Medicinal Books, and therefore may well be suppos'd to be unacquainted with a great many of them, much more with many of their Receipts and Processes. And indeed I find by some of the latter Printed Catalogues of Books written about the Physicians Art, that there is a multitude of them, which when I wrote, I had never seen, or perhaps so much as heard of. Secondly, That 'tis so usual for Authors, especially that Writ either Systems or Collections, to set down store of Prescriptions dictated by their Conjectures, not their Tryals, and yet without giving a distinct Character of almost any of them in particular: That if I had met therewith some

some of the same that I am speaking of, I should not have selected them from a great number of other undistinguish'd ones; and 'tis easie to observe, that there is a great deal of difference betwixt being told by an Author that many things, and among the rest, but not before them, this or that Drug, or Receipt is good for such a Disease, and to have particular notice given of it, and not only to be confirm'd that 'tis good, but to be told how good it is, and possibly also that it may be usefully employ'd in other Distempers besides those for which 'tis prescrib'd in the Printed Book.

The most of these Receipts are intended chiefly for the use of those that live in the Country, in Places where Physicians are scarce if at all to be had, especially by Poor People. And because very frequently a Labouring-Man, or a Handicrafts Man, or some Tradesman has a whole Family depending upon him, being maintain'd by his Pains and Industry, and yet is disabled to help himself and them, not by any Internal, and oftentimes Accidental Maladies; such as Bruises, Strains, Cuts, Tumors, Aches, Burns, and the like, I have been careful to furnish this final Collection with a pretty number of good Receipts, obtain'd most of them from able Surgeons and Practitio-

ners for these External Accidents, that those poor Upholders of Families, who cannot find or Fee a Surgeon, or a Doctor, may be cheaply reliev'd without either of them.

THE

The Author's

INTRODUCTION

To the *Firſt Volume.*

THE following Preſcriptions are a-part of a Collection of *Receipts* and *Proceſſes*, that from Time to Time have been recommended to me by the Experience of others, or approv'd by my own: *Receipts* that being Parable or Cheap, may eaſily be made ſerviceable to poor Country People.

For Medicines ſo Simple, and for the moſt part ſo Cheap, I have found all of them to be good in their kind: And though I think moſt of them ſafer than many other Medicines that are in great Requeſt, yet I do not pretend that theſe ſhould play the Part of Medicines and Phyſicians too; but that they may be uſefully employed by one who knows how to adminiſter them diſcreetly.

I distinguish them into three Classes or Orders, annexing to the Title of each particular Medicine one of the Three first Letters of the Alphabet; whereof *A*, is the Mark of a Remedy of the highest Classes of these, Recommended as very considerable and efficacious in its kind. B, Denotes a second or inferiour sort, but yet to be valuable for their good Operation. *C*, belongs to those Remedies that are of the lowest Order, tho' good enough not to be despised.

Those *Receipts*, which were my own, are expressed in my own Terms; so also those which I received from others by word of Mouth: But them which were imparted to me in Writing, though I my self would not have worded them, as they did that I had from them, yet I often times made a Scruple to Correct or Alter their Expressions, tho' not suitable to the Current Style of the Formularies of *Receipts*, being more concern'd that the Meaning should be close kept to, than the Style rectified.

The

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DECAD.

DECAD I.

I. *For Coughs, especially such as proceed from thin Rheums.*

℞ TAke of choice *Olibanum* finely pow-der'd, from one Scruple to half a Dram, and mix carefully with it an equal weight of Sugar-candy, (white or brown) or, in want of that, of fine Sugar; and let the Patient take it at Bed-time in the Pap of an Apple, or some other proper Ad-ditament, for several Nights together; If it be found needful, it may be taken at any other time, when the Stomach is empty.

II. *To give Ease in the Pains of the Stone, even that of the Bladder.*

℞ TAke the transparent *Spar* that grows up-on the *Veins* of *Lead-oar*, and having reduc'd it to fine Powder, give from half a Dram to a whole Dram of it at a time, in a moderate Draught of some convenient Vehicle.

N. B. Though there be (at least in most of our English Mines) two Teguments, as it were, of the Veins of Lead, that grow close together; yet that which the Diggers name *Cawk*, which is white and opacous, is not the Medicine I mean, but the Transparent, or at least Semi-Diaphanus, which easily breaks into smooth Fragments, and in the Fire cleaves into several pieces, that are wont to be smooth, and prettily shap'd.

III. *For Sharpness of Urine.*

℞ TAke of the dry stuff that divides the Lobes of the Kernels of Walnuts, beat them to Powder, and of this give about half a Dram at a time, in a Draught of White-wine, or Posset-drink made with it, or in any other convenient Liquor.

IV. *To Appease the Violent Pains of the Tooth-Ach.*

℞ MAke up a Scruple of *Pillulæ Mastichinæ* and half a Grain of *Laudanum* into two or three Pills for the Patient to take at Bed-time.

V. F

V. *For Agues.*

A TAke *Salt of Card. Benedict.* and *Salt of Wormwood ana* 15 Grains, *Tartar Vitriolate* half a Scruple, mix them, and give them in a few Spoonfuls of Rhenish-wine, or of some other convenient Vehicle, either before the Fit, or at some other time when the Stomach is empty.

VI. *For the Yellow-Jaundice.*

℞ TAke an Ounce of *Castle-soap* (the elder the better) slice it thin, put it into a Pint of Small-beer cold, set it on the Fire, let it boil gently half away, after boiling some time, scum it once; then strain it through a small Sieve, warm it, and drink it all in a Morning-fasting; take a small Lump of Sugar after it, and fast two or three hours: The Party may walk about his Business, and eat his accustomed Meals: If at any time he drinks Wine, let it be White-wine. *N. B.* If he be far gone in the Distemper; two or three days after, he may take it once or twice more and no oftner; Refrain all other Medicines: It will keep a Week or longer.

VII. *For the Jaundice.*

℞ TAke two or three Ounces of *Semen Cannabis* (*Hemp-seed*) and boil them till the Seeds (some of them) begin to burst, and a little longer, in a sufficient quantity of New Milk, to make one good Draught; which the Patient is to take warm, renewing it, if need be, for some days together.

VIII. *For the Dysentery.*

℞ TAke *Pigs-dung*, dry it, and burn it to grey (not white] Ashes; of these give about half a Dram for a Dose, drinking after them about three Spoonfuls of Wine-Vinegar.

IX. *For the King's-Evil.*

℞ TAke *Cuttle-bone* uncalcin'd, and having scrap'd off the outside or colour'd part, dry the white part; and of this finely powdered, give half a Dram for a Dose in *Aqua Malvæ.*

X. *A*

X. *A Safe and Easie Medicine in Fits of the Stone.*

BTAke Sack, or, in want of that, Claret-wine, and by shaking, or otherwise, mix with it, as well as you can, an equal quantity of *Oyl of Walnuts*; and of this Mixture, give from 4 or 6 to 8 or 10 Ounces at a time as a Clyster.

DECAD II.

I. *For Convulsions, especially in Children.*

BTAke *Earth-Worms*, wash them well in White-wine to cleanse them, but so as that they may not die in the Wine: Then upon hollow Tiles, or between them, dry the Worms with a moderate heat, and no further than that they may be conveniently reduc'd to Powder; to one Ounce of which add a pretty number of Grains of *Ambergrise*, both to perfume the Powder (whose scent of it self is rank) and to make the Medicine more efficacious. The Dose is from one Dram to a Dram and half in any covenient Vehicle.

II. *For the Piles.*

BTAke the Powder of *Earth-worms* prepared as in the former Receipt (but leaving out the Ambergrise) and incorporate it exactly with

with as much Hens-greaſe, as will ſerve to make it up into an Oyntment. Apply this to the part affected, whoſe Pains it uſually much and ſafely mitigates.

III. *To make Lime-water uſeful in divers Diſtempers.*

C TAke one pound of good *Quick-lime*, and ſlack it in a Gallon of warm Water, and let it ſtand till all that will ſubſide, be ſetled at the bottom, and (ſeparation being made) the Water ſwim clear at the top: (At which time it will often happen, that a kind of thin and brittle ſubſtance, almoſt like Ice, will cover the Surface of the Liquor:) As ſoon as the Water is thus ſufficiently impregnated, delay not to pour it off warily, and keep it very well ſtopp'd for uſe.

IV. *A Lime-water for Obſtructions and Conſumptions.*

B TAke a Gallon of *Lime-water* made as above, and infuſe in it cold *Saſſafras*, *Liquorice*, and *Aniſeeds*, of each four Ounces, adding thereto half a pound of choice Currans, or the like quantity of ſlic'd *Raiſins of the Sun*: The Doſe of this compound Lime-water, is four or five Ounces, to be taken twice a day.

V. *An Amulet againſt Agues, eſpecially Tertian.*

TAke a handful of *Groundſel*, ſhred and cut it ſmall, put it into a ſquare Paper Bag of about four Inches every way, pricking that ſide that is to be next the skin, full of large holes; and cover it with ſome Sarcenet or fine Linnen, that nothing may fall out. Let the Patient wear this upon the Pit of his Stomach, renewing it two hours before every Fit.

VI. *For Women in Labour to bring away the Child.*

℞ TAke about one Dram of choice *Myrrh*, and having reduc'd it to fine Powder, let the Patient take it in a Draught of Rheniſh-wine or Sack; or, if you would have the Liquor leſs active, White-wine Poſſet-drink, or ſome other temperate Vehicle.

VII. *For Strengthening the Bowels.*

℞ TAke Cloves or Chives (not Bulbs) of *Garlick*, and let the Patient from time to time ſwallow one or two, without chewing.

VIII. *An*

VIII. *An Amulet againſt the Cramp.*

A TAke the Root of *Mechoacan*, and having reduc'd it to Powder, fill with this Powder a little ſquare Bag or Sacket of Sarcenet, or ſome ſuch ſlight ſtuff; which Bag is to be about three Inches ſuqare, and to be hung by a ſtring about the Patient's Neck, ſo as that it may reach to the Pit of the Stomach, and immediately touch the Skin.

IX. *For Stenching of Blood, eſpecially in Wounds.*

A TAke thoſe round Muſhrooms that *Botaniſts* call *Crepitus Lupi* (in Engliſh *Puff-balls*) when they are full ripe (which is in Autumn): and breaking them warily, ſave carefully the Powder that will fly up, and the reſt that remains in their Cavities: and ſtrew this Powder all over the Part affected, binding it on, or proceeding further, if need be, according to Art.

X. *For the Tumours and Pains of the Hemorrhoids, not too much inflamed.*

B LET the Patient dip his Finger in *Balſam of Sulphur*, made with Oyl of Turpentine, and with his Finger ſo beſmeared, anoint the Tumors, whether external or internal, once or twice a day.

DECAD III.

I. *For the Dysentery and other sharp Fluxes.*

TAke the Stalks, and Leaves of the Herb called in Latin *Coniza Medina* (in English, *Flea-bane*) dry it gently, till it be reducible to Powder, of this Powder give about one Dram at a time, twice or thrice a day, in any convenient Vehicle; or else incorporate it in Conserve of Red Roses.

II. *To Sweeten the Blood, and Cure divers Distempers caused by its Acidity.*

℞ TAke *Coral*, the cleerest and reddest you can get; reduce it (by exactly grinding it on a Porphory, or Marble Stone,) to an impalpable Powder. Of this Magistery made without Acids, give the Patient once or twice a day (as need shall require) a large Dose, *viz.*

or

ordinarily about one Dram at a time, or from two Scruples to five. *N. B.* Let him long continue the Use of it.

III. *To clear the Eyes, even from Films.*

TAke *Paracelsus*'s *Zebetum Occidentale* (*viz.* Human Dung) of a good Colour and Consistence, dry it slowly till it be pulverable: Then reduce it into an impalpable Powder; which is to be blown once, twice, or thrice a day, as occasion shall require, into the Patient's Eyes.

IV. *For Convulsions in Children.*

GIve the Patient from 2, 3, or 4, to 5, 6, or 7 Grains, according to the Child's Age, of the true *Volatile Salt of Amber*, in any proper Vehicle. *N. B.* 'Tis not near so efficacious in full grown persons.

V. *To bring away the After-Birth.*

GIve about 30 Drops, or any Number between 25 and 35, of good Essential (as Chymists call it) *Oyl of Juniper*, in a good Draught of any convenient Vehicle.

VI. To

VI. *To strengthen the Stomach, and help the want of Appetite.*

BMAke the *Roots of Gentian* (found and not superannuated) pulverable, with no more waste of their moisture than is necessary. Reduce these to Powder; of which let the Patient take from 12 or 15 Grains to double that quantity (or more if need be) twice or thrice a day. *N. B.* It may be taken on an empty Stomach, or, if that cannot conveniently be done, at Meal-times. To correct the Bitterness, one may add to it powdered Sugar, or make it up with some fit Conserve, or mix it with a Syrup. It is very good, not only for want of Appetite, but for Obstructions. And I (*R. B.*) have usually given it in Vertiginous Affections of the Brain, and to lessen if not quite take away, the Fits of Agues, and even Quartans. But in this last Case the Dose must be considerably augmented. One may also, if one pleases, instead of the Powder, give the Extract drawn with fair Water, and for those that like that form, made up into Pills with a sufficient quantity of powdered Tumerick, or the like proper Additament; to which I have sometimes added some Grains of *Salt of Wormwood* with good success, in Fluxes that proceeded from Crudities and Indigestion. Where the Winter-season, or the Patient's cold Constitution invite, or the Medicine is to be long kept, I chuse rather to make the Extract with Wine moderately strong, than with Water.

VII. *For*

VII. *For Ulcers in the Breast, and elsewhere.*

TAke *Milleppides* (in English by some called *Wood-lice*, by others *Sows*) and having washed them clean with a little White-wine, and dry'd them with a Linnen Cloth, beat them very well in a Glass or Marble Mortar (for they ought not to be touched with any thing of Metal) and give the first time as much Juice, as you can by strong Expression obtain from five or six of them. This Juice may be given in small Ale or White-wine, in which the next time you may give as much as can be squeez'd out of Eight or Nine *Milleppides*; and so you may continue, increasing the number that you employ of them by two or three at a time, till it amount to Twenty five or Thirty; and if need be, to forty or more, for one taking. And note, That if upon the pounding of these *Insects*, you find the Mass they afford too dry, as it now and then happens; you may dilute it with a little White-wine or Ale, to be well agitated with it, that being penetrated, and so softned, with the Liquor, the Mass may the better part with its Juice.

VIII. *For taking off the Fits of Agues.*

TAke good *common Brimstone* (not *Flores Sulphuris*) and having reduc'd them by passing them through a very fine Sieve, to the sub-

subtileſt Powder you can; give of this Powder one Dram and half, or two Drams, either made up into a *Bolus* with a little good *Honey*, or elſe in any appropriated Vehicle; let it be given at the uſual times, and reiterated once or twice, if need be, eſpecially if the Fits ſhould return.

IX. *For Fluxes, eſpecially accompanied with Gripings.*

A TAke of *Crude Lapis Calaminaris* finely powder'd, two Scruples, of *White Chalk* one Scruple, mix them exactly, and give them in a ſpoonful or two of New-Milk twice, or if the caſe be urgent, thrice a day.

X. *For the Pains of the* Piles.

B TAke of *Myrrh*, *Olibanum*, and common *Frankinſence*, of each alike quantity, having powder'd them, mix them very well, and let the Patient receive the fume of this Mixture, caſt upon a Chaffen-diſh with Embers, in a Cloſe-ſtool, for about a quarter of an hour (leſs or more, as he needs it, and is able to bear it.)

DECAD IV.

I. *For an Outward Contusion.*

APply to the part affected, skim'd or purify'd *Honey*, spread upon Cap-paper, to be kept on with some convenient Plaister, or the like Bandage, and shifted once or twice a day.

II. *Another for the same.*

BEat *Aloes Succotrina* (or else *Hepatica*) to fine Powder; then pour on it as much Rose-water as you guess may dissolve a great part of it. This done, stir them well for a while, and when the Mixture is settled, pour off the Liquor, and in it dip Linnen Rags, which being applied to the part affected, will soon stick to it, and seldom need be remov'd till the Patient be reliev'd: and then to get them off, the Rags must

must be well wetted with warm Water, which will soften and loosen the adhering *Alces.*

III. *For a slighter Excoriation.*

BMElt *Mutton Suet* taken from about the Kidneys, and freed from its superfluous Fibres or Strings, and to about two Ounces of this, add little by little about 16 or 18 Drops (sometimes 8 or 10 may serve) of *Oyl* (not *Æthereal Spirit*) *of Turpentine*: spread this Mixture on a Linnen Cloth, and by binding or otherwise, keep it upon the Part affected.

IV. *For an Excoriation, when the true Cutis is affected.*

BTAke *Prunella* (in English *Self-head*) and having pounded it very well in a Marble or Glass Mortar (not one of Meral) apply it to the Part affected, renewing it but seldom and not without need.

V. *To take off the Pain and Inflammation of Ulcers in the Legs and elsewhere.*

BIN a Quart of Water, boyl about so much *White-bread*, as in ordinary Years may be found

found in a half-penny-loaf; then add to it two Ounces of good *Sheep-Suet* cut very small; and when that is boyl'd a little, add to it one Ounce of finely powder'd *Rosin*, and a little well searc'd *Brimstone*: Of these make a Cataplasm, which is to be kept constantly on the part affected, and shifted once or twice a day, as need shall require.

VI. *For a Cough, especially accompany'd with a Tickling Rheum.*

BTAke equal parts of finely powder'd *Olibanum* and *Venice Treacle*, incorporate them exactly, and of this Mass form Pills of what bigness you please. Of these let the Patient take about half a Dram at Bed-time, or, if need be one Scruple (or more) twice a day.

VII. *To prevent the Tooth-ach, and keep the Teeth sound.*

BLET the Patient frequently rub his Teeth moderately with the *Ashes* that remain in *Tobacco-Pipes*, after the rest of the Body hath been consumed in Smoak; sometimes after washing (if need be) his Mouth with fair Water not too cold.

VIII. *For*

VIII. *For a Rupture, especially in a Child or young Person.*

A TAke of that *Geranium* or *Cranes-bill*, that is commonly call'd *Columbinum*, reduce the *Root* and *Leaves* to fine Powder, and of this let the Patient take about half a Spoonful at Night and Morning for three or four Weeks together, washing it down each time with some Spoonfuls of Red Wine.

IX. *For the Heart-burning, as they call it.*

B TAke from 15 or 20, to 30 or 40 Grains of *Crabs-eyes* (known commonly in the Shops by the Name of *Lapides Cancrorum*) reduc'd to very fine Powder, and either take it alone, or in any convenient Conserve of Syrup. 'Tis for the most part best to take this Medicine when the Stomach is empty.

X. *For a Strain.*

B TAke the strongest *Vinegar* you can get, and boil in it a convenient quantity of Wheat-Bran, till you have brought it to the consistence of a Poultess. Apply this as early as may be to the part affected, and renew it when it begins to grow dry.

DECAD V.

I. *For a Recent Strain.*

B TAke *Wormwood* and pound it very well in a Mortar of Stone or Glass; then put to it as much of the *Whites of Eggs*, beaten to Water, as may serve to make it up into such a Consistence as may be applied like a Poultess to the part affected.

II. *A Strengthning Plaister after a Strain, or when there is any Weakness in the Joynt.*

B MElt down together, and incorporate very well, two parts of *Diapalma*, and one part of *Emplastrum ad Herniam*; spread this Mixture (but not very thick) upon Leather, and lay it to the Joynt to be strengthned.

III. *For*

III. *For Looseneſſes.*

C BOyl a convenient quantity of *Cork* in Spring-water, till the Liquor taſte ſtrong thereof; Of this *Decoction* let the Patient drink a moderate Draught from time to time, till he finds himſelf ſufficiently reliev'd by it.

IV. *For Obſtructions, and divers Diſeaſes proceeding thence.*

B LET the Patient drink, every Morning faſting, a moderate Draught of his own *Urine* newly made, and (if it can conveniently be) whilſt 'tis yet warm, forbearing Food for an hour or two after it.

V. *For difficulty of Hearing from a cold Cauſe.*

BOUT of a *Bulbe* or *Root* of *Garlick*, chuſe a *Chive* of a convenient bigneſs; then having paſſed a fine piece of Thread or Silk through one end of it, that thereby it may be pull'd out at pleaſure, cruſh it a little between your Fingers, and having anointed it all over with *Oyl of Bitter* (or in want of that, *Sweet*) *Almonds*, put it into the Cavity of the Patient's Ear at Bed-time, and draw it out the next Morning, ſtopping the Ear afterwards with Black

Black Wool; but if need require, this Operation is to be reiterated with fresh *Garlick* for some days successively.

VI. *For Ruptures in the Belly, especially in Children.*

A HAving well cleans'd the *Roots* of *Sigillum Salmonis*, scrape one Ounce of them into a Quart of Broth, and let the Patient take a Mess, or a Porrenger full of it for his Break-fast; or else give half a Dram or two Scruples of the Powder of it at a time, in any convenient Vehicle.

VII. *To give Check to Fits of the Gout, and in some measure to prevent them.*

B TAke three Ounces of *Sarsaparilla* slic'd and cut thin; to these add an equal weight of *Raisins of the Sun*, rubb'd very clean, but not broken; Put both these Ingredients into three Quarts of Spring-water, and let the Vessel stand in a moderate heat, that the Liquor may simper for many hours, yet without bursting most part of the *Raisins*; keep this *Decoction* well stopp'd, and let the Patient use it for his only Drink, till he need it no longer.

VIII. *A Water for Ulcers and Sores.*

B TAke a Solution of *Venetian Sublimate*, and having made with very good *Quick-lime* as ſtrong a Lime-water as you can, (ſo that, if it be poſſible, it may bear an Egg,) drop this upon the diſſolv'd *Sublimate*, till it will precipitate no more reddiſh ſtuff at all; (which will not ſo ſoon be done as one that hath not try'd will imagine:) As ſoon as you perceive that the Liquors act no longer viſibly upon one another, pour the Mixture into a Filter of Cap-Paper, which retaining the Orange-colour'd Precipitate, will tranſmit an indifferently clear Liquor: Which is to be in a Glaſs Viol kept ſtopp'd for its proper Uſe; namely, that the Part affected may be therewith waſh'd from time to time, and, if need be, kept covered with double Linnen Cloths wetted in the ſame Liquor.

IX. *A Plaiſter to Diſcuſs Tumours, or Ripen them if it cannot Diſcuſs them.*

B TAke of *Yellow-Wax*, *Frankincenſe*, and *Roſin*, of each four Ounces, or a ſufficient quantity, melt them together gently, and being ſtrain'd, make up the Maſs into a Roll for Uſe.

X. *For*

X. *For the black Jaundice it self.*

B TAke a Spoonful of *Honey*, boil it gently, and scum it, till it come to a good Consistence: then add of *Wheat-flower* and *Saffron* (reduced to a Powder) as much of each as you may take upon the point of a Knife; and having mix'd all well, put it over the Coals again, until it lose its smell: Afterwards you may put it into a litrle Stone or *E*arthen Pot, and keep it for Use; which is, that the Patient take the quantity of a Pea and anoint the Navil, and fill the Cavity thereof with it; repeating the Application for some days together, when the Stomach is empty, and abstaining from Meat and *D*rink about two Hours after the Medicine is used.

DECAD VI.

I. *A parable Medicine for the Stone.*

B TAke of the Seed of *Flixwood*, and give of it about as much as will lie upon a Shilling, either whole or grosly bruis'd, in any convenient Vehicle.

II. *For Fits of the Mother.*

B DIssolve store of *Sea-Salt* in the best *Wine-Vinegar*, and in this dip a soft Linnen Cloth, which being folded so as to make 3 or 4 Doubles, is to be applied somewhat warm to the Soles of the Patients's Feet, and kept on till the Fit be over.

III. *A choise Plaister to strengthen the Joints after the Gout, and hasten the going off of the Pain.*

TAke of *Paracelsus* and *Diapalma ana*, melt them and incorporate them exactly together, and spread the Mixture very thin upon ine Leather, to be us'd as a Plaister to the part ffected.

IV. *A very good Drink in continual Fevers.*

MAke a Decoction of the Leaves of *Rue* in fair Water, till the Liquor taste pretty rong of the Plant: This, being strain'd, is to : made somewhat palatable with *Liquorice*, or little *Sugar*, or *Aromatick* Body: To half a nt of this add about 10 Drops of *Spirit* (not *l*) of *Vitriol*: Let the Patient use this for his dinary Drink.

A good Drink to be frequently used in Fevers, especially continual Ones.

GIve, in half a Pint of some small conveient Drink, half an Ounce of *Harts-*, burnt to great whiteness; which is to be

a little boyled in the Liquor; and this, thus alter'd, is to be given from time to time.

VI. *An easie Medicine for a fresh* Strain.

B MAke up the *Clay*, with which the Bungs of *Barrels* are wont to be stopp'd, with as much *Vinegar* as will bring it to the Consistence of an indifferently stiff *Cataplasm*: Then warm it a little, and apply it to the part affected.

VII. *A Remedy much used for* Chilblains.

C TAke a *Turnep*, roast it well under the Embers, and beat it to a *Poultice*; then apply it very hot to the part affected; and keep it on (if need be) for 3 or 4 days, in that time shifting it twice or thrice, if occasion require.

VIII. *A Simple Antimonial Remedy, that has often done much Good even in the Leprosie, and all continual Fevers.*

A TAke *Crude Antimony*, well chosen and powdered; of this give about one, two or three Scruples Morning and Evening, accor- din

ding to the Age of the Patient, in a little *Syrup of Clove Gilly Flowers*, or any such Vehicle, or else mix'd with fine Sugar, enough to make it somewhat palatable. This may be continued for 4 or 5 Months, if need require; and if the first Dose prove beneficial to the Patient, in Cases not urgent, a Scruple or half a Dram may serve the Turn, nor need the Exhibition be continued for so long a time.

IX. *For the Cholick, and divers other Distempers.*

B TAke four or five Balls of fresh *Stone-horse Dung*, and let them steep for about a quarter of an Hour (or less) in a Pint of White-wine, in a Vessel well stopp'd, that the Liquor may be richly impregnated with the more volatile and subtil parts of the *Dung*; strain this and give of it from a quarter to a half a pint, or some Ounces more at a time; the Patient having a care not to take Cold after it.

X. *An often experimented Antimonial Infusion.*

B TAke one Ounce of *powder'd Antimony* tied up in a little Bag of clean Linnen, and hang it in a Gallon of *Beer* or *Ale* that is brought from the Brew house, and is yet scarce fit to be drawn out, much less to be drank;

Of this Liquor, when 'tis ripe, let the Patient make use for his ordinary Drink; only having a Care, that if by Age or Accident it be perceived to grow sour, that vessel then be left off, for fear, lest the acidity of the Liquor, corroding the *Antimony*, might make it vomitive.

DECAD

DECAD VII.

I. *An easie Medicine to cleanse the Womb, especially after Child-bearing.*

TAke a large *white Onyon*, of about four Ounces in weight, if you can get so big a one, and boyl it in about a Pint of *Water*, with any thing fit to make a very thin Broth, till a third part, or more, of the Liquor be consumed: Of this Broth, which may be made a little palatable with Nutmeg, *&c.* the Patient is to take six or eight Ounces twice or thrice a day.

II. *An Experienced Wash that quickly Cures the Itch.*

TAke strong *Quick-lime* one Pound, and put to a Gallon of Spring-water, let them lie together for some hours, and then warily pour off the clearer, filter the rest, and take two Ounces of *Quick-silver*, ty'd up in a

Linnen Bag, and hang it in the Liquor, and boyl it for half an hour or more; then pour off the clear Liquor once more, and wash the Hands only with it twice, or at most thrice, a day.

III. *A remedy often us'd, with success in Fluxes, and even Dysenteries.*

BTAke fresh Roots of *Bistort*, cut them into thin Slices, and moisten them well with *fair Water and Wine*, to make them more soft and succulent; then press out the Juice as strongly as you can. And of this give about three or four Spoonfuls mingled with half a Dozen Spoonfuls, or somewhat more, of *Red Wine*, or some other convenient Liquor.

IV. *A good Medicine for a sore Throat.*

BTAke the white of a *New-laid Egg*, and by beating it, reduce it into *Water*; and with this Water mix diligently so much Conserve of *Red Roses* as will reduce it to a soft Mass; whereof the Patient is to let a little Bit at a time melt leisurely in his Mouth.

V. *A choice Medicine for a ſoar Throat.*

TAke a piece of *greaſie Linnen Cloth*, of ſuch a bigneſs, as that being doubled, it may make a Bag in form of a Stay, to reach from one ſide of the Throat to the other, and contain as much Matter, as may make it of the thickneſs of an Inch or more: This Bag being fill'd with common Salt, is to be heated throughly, and apply'd to the part affected as warm as the Patient can conveniently endure; and within two hours after, or when it begins to grow too cold; another like it and well heated, is to be ſubſtituted in its room; and whilſt this is cooling, the other may be heated and made ready for uſe: So that the part affected may be always kept in a conſiderable degree of warmth, for about 48 hours, if the Remedy be ſo long needed.

VI. *An often Experienc'd Medicine for the Cholick, eſpecially produced by ſharp Humours.*

TAke a Quart of *Claret*, and put into the Veſſel about two Ounces of *Nettle-ſeeds*, ſtop the Bottle, and keep it in boiling Water, till the Water has made three or four warms, to aſſiſt the Wines Impregnation with the finer part of the Seeds: Of this Liquor let the Patient take a ſmall Draught once or twice a day.

VII. *To appease the Pain of the Hæmorrhoids, whether Internal or External.*

B TAke two parts of *Flowers of Sulphur*, and one part of *Sugar* very finely powder'd, mix them exactly together, and make them up with a sufficient quantity of a *Mucilage* or *Gum Trajacanth* into *Lozenges*, of about a Dram apiece: Of which you may give one at a time, thrice in a day, or if need be, 4 or 5 times.

VIII. *To make an Excellent Drink for the Scurvy.*

A TAke two handfuls of *Water Trefoil*, and let it work in about 8 Gallons of *Wort*, instead of *Hops*, or of *Small Ale or Wort*, made for it; And let the Patient use it for all, or for a great part of his ordinary Drink.

IX. *To make an easie Diuretick.*

C PEel off the *Inner Skin* of an *Egg-shell*, then beat the *Shell* to a very fine Powder: Give about a Scruple of it at a time in any convenient Vehicle.

X. *A Powerful Application to prevent and check the Appoplexy.*

A MAke an *Iſſue* at the Meeting of the *Sutures*, and keep it open for a good while: but if the Caſe will not admit delay, clap on a good *Cupping-Glaſs*, without *Scarification*, or with it, as need ſhall require, upon the ſame Concourſe of the *Sutures*.

DECAD VIII.

I. *A Choice Medicine for a sore Throat.*

TAke *Housleek*, and having lightly beaten it in a Glass or Stone Mortar, press out the Juice hard between two Plates; to this Juice put almost an equal Quantity of *Virgin-Honey*, mix them well, and add to the mixture a little *Burnt Allum*, as much as is requisite to give it a discernable *Alluminous Taste*: Let the Patient take this from time to time, with a Liquorish Stick, or some such Thing.

II. *An approved Medicine for a Cancer not broken.*

TAke *dulcify'd Colcothar*, and with *Cream*, or *Whites of Eggs*, beaten to a Water, bring it to the Consistence of a *Cataplasm*; which ought to be made large, and spread about the thickness of half a Crown, and applied warm to the part affected, shifting it at least once a day.

III. *To*

III. *To make a very good Syrup for thin Rhumes.*

A TAke *Syrup of Jujubes, Syrup of dried Roses,* and *Syrup of Corn Poppy-Flowers,* of each a like quantity, mix and use them as the necessity of the Sick requires.

IV. *For the Dysentery and Pleurisie.*

B GRate to fine powder the dry'd *Pizzle of a Stagg,* and give of it as much as will lie upon a Shilling or thereabours, once or twice a day, in any convenient Vehicle.

V. *To Strengthen the Gums, and make the Teeth grow fine.*

B TAke *Catechu, Terra Japonica,* or *Japonian Earth,* and dissolve as much as you can of it in Paint of *Claret,* or *Red Wine*; then decant the Liquor warily from the subsiding Fœces, and let the Patient now and then wash his Mouth with it, especially at Bed-time.

VI. *For a Hoarsness upon a Cold.*

B TAke three Ounces of *Hyssop Water,* sweeten it with *Sugar-Candy*; then beat well into it the *Yolk of one Egg,* and drink it at a Draught.

VII. *A Choice Medicine for the Jaundice in Children.*

TAke half an Ounce of choice *Rhubarb* made into Powder: incorporate with it exactly by long beating, two Handfuls of well choſen and cleans'd *Currans.* Of this Electuary let the Patient take every Morning about the quantity of a Nutmeg, for ſeveral days together.

VIII. *A Rare Medicine to take away Gouty, and other Arthritick Pains.*

TAke *highly rectify'd Spirit of Man's Urine,* and anoint the part with it, the Cold being juſt taken off, once or twice the firſt day, and no longer, unleſs the Pain continue.

IX. *For a* Prolapſus Uteri.

APply to the Patient's Navel a pretty large *Cupping-Glaſs*; but let it not ſtay on too long, not above a quarter of an hour, for fear of injuring the part it covers, eſpecially the *Navel-ſtring.*

X. To

X. *To allay heat in the Eyes, proceeding from sharp Humours.*

BEat the White of an *Egg* into a Water, in which dissolve a pretty quantity of Refined *Loaf-Sugar*, and then drop some of it into the Patient's Eye.

DECAD IX.

I. *An Experienc'd Medicine for ſtrengthening a Weak Sight.*

B TAke of *Eye-Bright*, ſweet *Fennel-Seeds*, and fine *Sugar*, all reduc'd to Powder, of each an Ounce, *Nutmeg* alſo pulveriz'd, one Dram (at moſt;) mix theſe very well together, and take of the Compoſition from a Dram to two or more, from time to time.

II. *An often try'd Medicine for Tertian Agues.*

B. TAke *Crude Allum* and *Nutmeg* finely ſcraped, of each about half a Dram, mix the Powders well together, and with about ſix Grains of Saffron: Give this in two or three Spoonfuls of *White-wine Vinegar* at the uſual time.

III. *For*

III. *For Stuffings of the Lungs, and the Chin-Cough.*

BMAke *Syrup* of *Penny-Royal*, or of *Ground Ivy*, moderately Tart with *Oil of Vitriol*; and of this let the Patient take very leisurely about a quarter of a Spoonful from time to time.

IV. *For the Falling-Sickness in Children.*

BTAke half a Dram of choice *Amber*, finely powder'd, and give it for six or seven Weeks together, once a day, when the Stomach is empty, in about four Ounces of good White-wine.

V. *An approv'd Medicine to drive the Stone, and cure Suppression of Urin, proceeding from it.*

A TAke the Roots of *Wild Garlick* (by some Country People call'd *Crow-Garlick*) wipe them very clean, stamp them very well in a Mortar of Stone or Glass, and strain out the Juice; with which make a moderate Draught of good *White-wine* considerably strong, and let the Patient take it once or twice a day.

VI. *An*

VI. *An Experienc'd Medicine for ſoar Throats.*

A TAke of *Scabious Water* ſix Ounces, of *Wine Vinegar* a ſmall Spoonful, of *Muſtard-Seed* beaten, and of *Honey*, of each a Spoonful; ſtir and ſhake them very well together; and then filter the Mixture and keep it for Uſe.

VII. *An often experienced External Remedy in Apoplectick Fits.*

A FIX a *Cupping-Glaſs* (without *Scarification*) to the *Nape* of the *Neck*, and another to each of the *Shoulders*, and let them ſtick on a competent time.

VIII. *An eaſie but approv'd Medicine for the Cholick.*

TAke about half a Dram of *Maſtich*, and mix it with the *Yolk of a new-laid Egg*, and give it the Patient once or twice a day.

IX. T.

IX. *To appeaſe the Heat of Fevers by an External Remedy.*

APply to the *Soles of the Feet* a Mixture or thin *Cataplaſm* made of the *Leaves of Tobacco*, fit to be cut to fill a Pipe with, beaten up with as much of the *freſheſt Currans* you can get, as will bring the *Tobacco* to the Conſiſtence of a *Poultis*.

X. *The Medicine that is in ſuch Requeſt in* Italy *againſt the Worms in Children.*

INfuſe one Dram of clean *Quick-Silver* all Night, in about two Ounces of the *Water of Goats Rue*, Diſtill'd the common way in a cold Still: And afterwards ſtrain and filter it, to ſever it from all Dregs that may happen in the making it. This quantity is given for one Doſe.

DECAD X.

I. *A Choice Medicine for a Whitloe.*

TAke *Shell Snails*, and beat the pulpy part of them very well, with a convenient quantity of fine chopt *Parsly*, which is to be applied warm to the affected part, and shifted two or three times a day.

II. *A Simple but Useful Lime-Water, good for the Kings-Evil, and divers other Causes.*

TAke half a Pound of good *Quick-lime*, and put it into one Gallon of *Spring-Water*, and infuse it for Twenty four Hours; then decant the Liquor, and let the Patient drink a good Draught of it two or three times a day, or he may use it for his ordinary Drink; this Infusion may be coloured with *Saffron* or *Red Sanders*; and if need be, to make it stronger, add more *Lime*, and warm the *Water* and keep it well stopt.

III. *An-*

III. *An Excellent Medicine for a fresh Strain.*

A TAke four Ounces of *Bean Flower*, two Ounces of *Wine Vinegar*; of these make a *Cataplasm* to be applied a little warm to the part affected; but if this should prove something too sharp (as in some Cases it may) then take two Drams of *Litharge*, and boil it a little in the *Vinegar*, before you put it to the *Bean Flower*.

IV. *For the Pyles.*

A TAke Balsome of *Sulphur* made with Oyl of *Turpentine*, Ointment of *Tobacco*, equal Parts, incorporate them well, and anoint the grieved place therewith.

V. *For a Burn.*

B MIngle *Lime-Water* with *Linseed-Oyl*, by beating them together with a Spoon, and with a Feather dress the Burn several times a day.

VI. *For a fresh Strain.*

A BOil Bran in *Wine-Vinegar*, to the consistency of a Poultis, apply it warm, and renew the Poultis once in twelve hours, for two or three times.

VII. *An*

VII. *An Experinc'd Medicine for the Cholick.*

A TAke good *Nitre* one Ounce, and rub it well in a clean Mortar of Glass or Stone, then grind with it half a Scruple or more of fine *Saffron*, and of this Mixture, give about half a Dram for a Dose, in three or four Ounces of Cold Spring-water.

VIII. *To make an Issue raw, that begins to heal up.*

B TAke of *Lapis Infernalis* one Ounce, of *Crown Soap* an Ounce and half, *Chalk* finely powdered six Drams, mix them all together carefully, and keep them close stopt, except when you mean to use them.

IX. *For a Sore Throat.*

A MAke a Plaister of *Paracelsus*, three or four Fingers broad, and length enough to reach almost from one Ear to the other, and apply it to the part affected, so that it may touch the Throat as much as may be.

X. *For*

X. *For heat about the Orifice of the Stomach.*

B MAke a Syrup with the Juice of House-Leek and Sugar, and give about one Spoonful of it from time to time.

A Stomachical Tincture.

A TAke *Agrimony*, two Drams, small *Centory Tops* one Dram, *Coriander Seeds* bruised one Scruple, *Sassafras* Shavings and *Bark*, one Dram, *Gentian-Root* half a Dram, *Zedoary-Root* ten Grains; pour upon these three quarters of a Pint of boiling Spring-water, cover it, and let it steep twelve hours, then strain it, and put it in a Bottle; then drop a drop of Oyl of *Cinnamon*, upon a lump of *Sugar*, and put it into the Liquor. The Dose is three Spoonfuls twice a day an hour or two before Meals.

The End of the First Volume.

Medicinal Experiments:

OR, A

COLLECTION

OF

Choice and Safe Remedies,

Very Useful in all Families.

A COLLECTION OF Choice Remedies.

The Second Volume.

A.

1. *A Powerful Remedy in* Apoplectick *Fits.*

TAke the Herb Maſtick, and diſtil by an Alembick with a Coper Body an Eſſential Oyl, of which with ſuch a Pipe or Quill that one end may be opened and ſtopt at pleaſure (the other ſtill remaining open) blow up ſome drops, firſt into one of the Patient's Noſtrils, and a while after into the other.

2. *A good* Plaister *for Aches, especially Scorbutical.*

SPread thinly upon Slink or very fine Kids-Leather the *Emplastrum de Mucilaginibus*, and let it lie upon the aching Part as long as there is need.

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3. *For an Old* Ach *or* Strain.

TAke of *Lucatella*'s Balsam one Ounce, of Oyl of *Turpentine* one Dram, incorporate them very well with a gentle heat, and anoint the Part affected therewith, wearing on it a piece of unwash'd Flannen besmear'd with the same Oyntment.

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4. *For Scorbutick Aches, especially about the Share-bone.*

TAke two parts of *Palm-Oyl*, and one of Oyl of *Camomile* (to which if you please you may add a little Oyntment of *Elder*) mix these exactly, and anoint the part affected.

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5. *A Powerful Remedy for Scorbutick Aches.*

TAke to one Ounce of Oyl of *Turpentine*, one Dram or two of the Volatile Salt of *Harts-Horn*,

Horn, or as much as being well ground with it in a Mortar of Glass or Marble, will bring it to the consistence of a kind of Oyntment, with which the cold being taken off, the part affected is to be lightly anointed.

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6. *A very easie Medicine for light Scorbutick Aches or Pains.*

ANoint the pained part from time to time with Fasting-spittle; and if you will have the Medicine a little stronger, the Patient may put *Roch Allom* to the bigness of a small Pea into his Mouth, before he employs his Spittle.

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7. *For Aches and pricking Pains in the Sides and elsewhere.*

WIth a sufficient quantity of clean *Sulphur* finely powder'd, mix diligently as much *Venice*-Treacle as will bring it to a consistence for Pills. Of this Mixture you may give the quantity of a Pistol-bullet twice, or at most, thrice a day, drinking any convenient Liquor after it.

8. *An Experienc'd Medicine for an* Anasarca, *or General Dropsie of the whole Body.*

FRY freshly-gather'd *Rue* with Oyl of *Walnuts*, till it become fit to be apply'd hot as a Cataplasm or Poultis to the Navel; and keep it on that part for some hours, renewing it once or twice a day, if need require.

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9. *An External* Medicine *often successfully try'd for* Agues.

TAke 5, 7, or 9 (for 'tis pretended it must be an odd number) of the Roots of Ribwort, and having made them clean, put them into a little Bag of Sarsenet or fine Linnen, and let the Patient wear it upon the nape of his Neck, renewing it within 2, 3, or 4 days if need require.

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10. *A try'd Remedy for* Agues.

TAke of the Bark of *Sassafras-Root*, and of *Virginian Snake-weed*, both in Powder, of each 10 Grains, and with half a Dram, or two Scruples of *Mithridate* or *Venice-Treacle*, or as much as will give it a due consistence, make a *Bolus* to be taken at the usual hours.

11. *A Choice Medicine for* Aguish *Distempers.*

TAke of Salt Wormwood 15 Grains, Crabs-eyes, or Powder of Crabs Claws simple 8 or 10 Grains; mix these well, and give them in two or three Spoonfuls of some Cordial Water.

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12. *An Excellent Wrist-Plaister for* Agues.

TAke Wax, and spread it to about the thickness of a Crown Piece of Silver, and of a convenient breadth and length to make an entire Wrist-Plaister; upon this spread and display as well as you can the Leaves of the tops of Rue, not yet fully open'd by time, so that they may cover the whole Plaister as well as you can make them do it. Then apply this Emplaister, and let it lie on for several days consequitively.

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13. *An often try'd Medicine for* Agues.

TAke Ribwort, gather the Leaves as near the Root as you can in a dry Morning, wipe them clean but do not wash them; then dry them carefully, till you may reduce them to Powder. Of this Powder give from one Dram to two at most, mix with one Dram of Conserve of Roses, or the Crumbs of White-bread, or the

Yolk of an Egg or two. *N. B.* You may before you dry the Leaves, diſtil a Water out of ſome of them, and make an Extract out of others with Spirit of Wine, or which is better, with Spirit of Dew. They are both good for the ſame Diſeaſe that the Powder is. The Doſe of the Water is one Ounce, or an Ounce and half at the uſual times. And that of the Extract about one Dram in ſome Ounces of White-wine.

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14. *An Excellent Medicine for* Agues, *eſpecially* Tertians.

GIve as much of well-condition'd *Virginian Snake Root* reduc'd to fine Powder, as will lie upon a Shilling, in a Cup of Sherry juſt before the beginning of the cold Fit, repeating it once or twice if it need to be uſed oftner.

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15. *For a* Tertian Ague.

TAke of the Root of *Angelica* grated, or otherwiſe made into Powder, and give of it from half a Dram to a Dram, in any convenient Vehicle at the uſual times (*viz.* about two hours before the cold Fit.)

16. *A*

16. *A Medicine with which a* Quartan *was cur'd, that could not be cured with the Jesuits Bark.*

TAke one Dram of the black tips of Crabs-Claws, and having reduc'd them to exceeding fine Powder, let the Patient take it in any Convenient Vehicle or Conserve, twice or thrice, as he would take the *Cortex*, without intermitting any day.

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17. *An easie Remedy, which long continued does much destroy Acidities, or Heart-burnings in the Stomach.*

TAke half a Dram at least of finely powdered red Coral, and give it from time to time in any convenient Vehicle, till the Patient be reliev'd.

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18. *A very often try'd Remedy for the* Asthma.

TAke Soap-boilers Lees (made with Pot-Ashes and Quick Lime) one part, Spirit of Wine rectified two parts; set them in Digestion (to unite them well) and then add some drops (at discretion) of Chimical Oyl of Carraways, and if you please of Aniseeds too. The Dose in younger Persons is about 10 drops, in elder ones, from half a Dram to one Dram in some convenient Vehicle.

19. *An Excellent Medicine for a dry or Convulsive* Asthma.

TAke choice Saffron, reduce it (by rubbing it in a Stone or Glass Mortar) to a kind of Powder, and with any convenient Mixture, give 8 or 10 Grains of it in the form of Pills at Bed-time.

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20. *An Experienced Remedy for Difficulty of* Breathing.

TAke of choice *Castoreum* dry'd enough to be powdered, 2, or 3, or at most 4 Grains, mix this with 10 or 11 Grains of *Gascoin*'s Powder reduc'd to very fine Powder; mix up these with some little Syrup or Conserve, and when the Patient has taken it, let him wash it down with the Mixture, consisting of five Drams of Pennyroyal-water, and half a Dram, or at most two Drams of Briony-water Compound.

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21. *An Approved Medicine for Inveterate Scorbutick* Cholicks, *and Pains of the Bowels.*

TAke English Barley, and having well wash'd it, boil it in a sufficient quantity of fresh Spring-water till it be just ready to burst: Then pour off the clear upon the yellow part of the Rinds of Lemons, freshly cut off from the white part,

part, and put them into a Bottle, which being carefully ſtopt, the Liquor is to be kept ſo for Uſe, which is that the Patient make it his conſtant Drink.

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22. *To reduce flaggy* Breaſts *to a good ſhape and conſiſtence.*

TAke green Hemlock well bruis'd, and reduced to a kind of Cataplaſm or Poultis, which is to be apply'd (the Cold being firſt taken off) to the Parts 'tis to work upon, and to be kept on till it hath performed what was intended, ſhifting it once a day.

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23. *An eaſie but uſeful Remedy for a freſh* Bruiſe *or Contuſion.*

TAke freſh Butter and Parſley, of each a ſufficient quantity, and having chopt the Herb, mix it very well with the Butter, to the conſiſtence of a Cataplaſm, (which is to be apply'd warm) to the newly bruiſed Part.

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24. *For Coaculated* Blood, *or a* Bruiſe.

TAke black ſoft Soap, and with a ſufficient quantity of ſoft Crumbs of White-bread very well mixt with it, make a Paſte, which is to be laid on the Part with a Linnen Rag, and

kept bound upon it for some hours, that it may have time to resolve the congeal'd Blood, and bring the contused Part from a livid to a red colour, which will much hasten and facilate the restoring it to its former state.

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25. *To stench Blood falling from the Nose, by a Simple held in ones hand.*

LET the Patient hold Knot-grass and *Solomon's Seal* in his hand till it grow warm there, or longer if need be.

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26. *An Excellent Remedy to stench Blood in any part of the Body.*

TAke Plantane-water two Ounces, Barley-Cinnamon-water, six Drams, Spirit of Vinegar one Ounce, Dragons-blood half a Dram, Syrup of Myrtles five Drams; mix and make a Julep, of which let the Patient take three spoonfuls every hour.

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27. *The Styptick Water for stopping of Blood in any part of the Body.*

TAke one Pound of excellent Quick-Lime, and put it into a clear Earthen Pot, pour upon it five or six Pounds of Fountain-Water, cover

cover the Pot close, and let it lie to infuse about an hour without touching it, then after stir it with a stick for a little time; then let it lie as before for 24 hours, sometimes stirring it, in the end you shall let it settle to a Sediment, the Water being very clear above, pour it off by inclination without stirring: Take of this Water one Pound, which being put into a Vial, you shall add to it a Dram and half of Sublimate finely powdered, then shake very well all together, so that the Powder may dissolve, and be of an Orange colour, or more reddish than yellow, and in the end clear and limpid, because the red Powder will præcipitate to the bottom. Your Water being clarified, you must separate the Water from the Grounds into another Vessel, without troubling the Sediments: and to the Water you shall add one Dram of Oyl of Vitriol, and an Ounce of *Saccarum Saturni*. Shake all together, that they may mix the better, afterwards let all settle, and pour off the clear Water, and keep it for your use.

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28. *A Choice Medicine to resolve extravasated Blood.*

GRate or Rasp the Root of Burdock, and spreading the Powder upon a Linnen Cloath, bind it quite round the part affected, renewing it twice a day.

29. *To make an Excellent Styptick for ſtenching of Blood.*

TAke *Hungarian* Vitriol, Allom, of each half a Pound, Phlegm of Vitriol ten Pounds: Boyl to a Diſſolution of the Vitriol and Allom; being cold, filter it through brown Paper, and if any Cryſtals ſhoot, ſeperate the Liquor from them, adding to each Pound, one Ounce of Oyl of Vitriol. Dip Cloths into this Liquor, and apply them to the part affected.

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30. *An often try'd Stiptick to ſtench Blood, eſpecially in Wounds.*

TAke *Colcothar* as it comes out of the Retort, and having powdered it, roll Tents of Lint in it, and apply them to the Orifices of the greater Veſſels, and employ other uſual means to empreſs the Veſſel upon the Tent, and to fill the Cavity of the Wound, partly with *Colcothar* too.

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31. *A very often Experienc'd Remedy for Burns.*

TAke two parts of Oyl of Walnuts, and one of Honey, mix them well together over a gentle Fire, and when they are thorowly incorporated, dip a Feather in the Mixture, and anoint therewith the Part affected, ſo as the Oyntment may

may touch it immediately, and then ſtrew on it ſome Powder of *Ceterach*, or Spleen-wort, and keep the part quiet, and defend it from the Air.

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32. *An eaſie Medicine, and common enough, but uſeful againſt Burns.*

TAke Onions and beat them into a ſoft Maſs, and apply them as ſpeedily as you can to the Part affected, and keep them on it, till they begin to grow dryiſh, and then if need be, ſhift them and apply freſh ones.

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33. *For a Recent Burn.*

TAke Onions a ſufficient quantity, and beat them very well with common Salt finely powdered into a Maſs, that may be applied as a Cataplaſm (the Cold being firſt taken off) to the part affected: and renewing it, if need be, till the impreſſion of the Fire be taken out.

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34. *An Excellent Oyntment for Burns and Scaldings.*

TAke of the Inner Rind of Elder-Tree, and of freſh Sheeps dung, without any adhereing ſtraws or foulneſs, of each one Handful, and

and with fresh Butter or Oyl, make thereof an Oyntment, to be applied as is usual in such Distempers.

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35. *An easie and approv'd Remedy for Burns, especially Recent ones.*

TAke a sufficient quantity of Adders-Tongue, and boil it softly in Linseed-Oyl till the Liquor be strongly impregnated with the Herb, then strain it, and keep it stopt for use.

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36. *An Excellent Oyntment for Burns and Scaldings.*

TAke of *Saccarum Saturni* half a Dram, of the sharpest Vinegar four Ounces, make a Solution of the former in the latter, and add to this Solution drop by drop (often stirring or shaking them together) as much Oyl of Elder as will serve to reduce the Mixture into the form of a *Nutritum* or Oyntment.

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37. *A slow but innocent way of making* Blisters *without* Cantharides.

TAke Crows-foot, and putting to a handful of it about half a spoonful of Mustard; beat them very well together to the consistence of a Poultis,

Poultis, put this to the thickneſs of ones little Finger into a cover of a Box, cut ſhallow, and of about the breadth of the Palm of ones Hand (though this cover be leſs neceſſary than convenient) and cutting a hole of the wideneſs of the Box in a Plaiſter of *Diapalma* or the like, to make it ſtick, you muſt apply it to the part, and let it lie on 12 or 14 hours, becauſe it works as well more ſlowly than *Cantharides*, as more ſafely and innocently.

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38. *A good Medicine to raiſe* Bliſters.

TAke *Cantharides* reduced into Powder, and upon half an Ounce of this put two or three Ounces of good Spirit of Wine, let them lie together four or five days, that the Spirit may acquire a good Tincture, then filter it, and dip into it a piece of Linnen Cloath 6, 7, or 8 times double, and of the figure and largeneſs that you deſire. This Cloath being throughly wetted and cover'd with a *Melilot* Plaiſter, or one of *Diachylum*, or ſome other that will ſtick, to keep it on, muſt be applied to the Part. At the end of five or ſix hours you may take off your Plaiſter, and the Linnen Cloath, and find your work done.

39. *To raise a* Blister *without* Cantharides.

THE Seed of *Clemmatis Peregrina* being bound hard upon any part, will in an hour or at most two, have an Operation, like that of another Vesicatory, as far as its contact reaches.

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40. *An Useful Medicine for* Costiveness.

TAke Virgin Honey a sufficient quantity, and mix exactly with it as much finely powdered *Cremor Tartari* as will suffice to bring it to the consistence of a somewhat soft Electuary, of which the Patient may take upon the point of a Knife the bigness of an Almond (more or less) as upon tryal you shall see cause.

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41. *For a* Cancer *in the Breast.*

TAke of the Warts that grow on the hinder Legs of a (Stone) Horse, dry them gently till you can reduce them to a Powder, of which you may give half a Dram for a Dose in any convenient Vehicle.

42. *A Potent Medicine for* Contusions, *and divers other Affections.*

TAke *Alcohole* of Wine, and dissolve in it as much pure Camphire as you easily can, and keep it very close stopt, till you have occasion to use it. Then moisten thorowly with it some thin peices of Linnen or Flannel, and apply them luke-warm; and likewise you may with a rag dipt in it, apply it to the Eye-lids, having a care that none of it get into the Eye it self, since there it would cause great smart. It may also be very usefully apply'd to Burns, and yet more to Contusions.

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43. *A try'd Medicine for* Chilblains.

TAke pretty thick Parings freshly cut off from Turnips, and hold them to the fire till they be very crisp, then apply them to the unbroken Tumors or Blisters, as hot as the Patient can endure it, and keep them on a competent time, and put on new if need require. They will cause the peccant Matter to transpire, or otherwise waste without breaking the Blisters.

44. *To make a very nouriſhing Aliment, that hath recover'd divers in* Conſumptions.

TAke 8 or 10 Craw-fiſhes (or, if they be not of the largeſt ſize, a dozen) boil them (after the blackeſt Gut or String is taken out) in Barley-water, till they become very red, then take them out, and beat them long, Shells and all, in a Marble or Glaſs Mortar, to a ſoft Maſh, and in a Preſs ſtrongly ſqueeze out the Juice; which may be given either alone, or mixt with about an equal part of Chicken-broth, or ſome ſuch convenient Alimental Liquor.

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45. *A Vulgar but often Approv'd Medicine for a* Cold, *eſpecially that affects the Breaſt.*

TAke a Sheet, or half a Sheet *pro re nata* of brown Paper, of as even a Texture as you can get, and anoint it over evenly and very well with the eldeſt Tallow, or Candle-greaſe you can procure, ſo that the Paper may be thorowly penetrated by it. Then cover it thinly with Nutmeg, as you were to rub the Spice upon a Toaſt, and clap it warm to the Pit of the Stomach, that it may reach a good way, both above it and beneath it.

46. *An Experinc'd Medicine for Coughs.*

BOil good Turnips in Water, and having expreſt the Juice, mix with it as much finely powdered Sugar-candy as will bring it into a kind of a Syrup, of which let the Patient ſwallow a little as ſlowly as he can from time to time.

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47. *A good Medicine for Aſthmatick Coughs.*

TAke two Ounces of Oyl of ſweet Almonds freſhly drawn, and put them upon one Dram of Flowers of Brimſtone, keep them for a fortnight in Digeſtion in a moderate heat, and then decant off the Oyl, or paſs it through a clean Linnen Rag to keep back the Brimſtone: Of this Liquor give a ſpoonful or two at a time.

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48. *An eaſie Medicine, which cur'd not long ſince a Gentlewoman that had taken much Phyſick for a Conſumptive Cough.*

TAke 8, 10, or 12 well choſen Raiſins of the Sun, and having ſlit them open, take out the little Kernels, and ſtuff the Raiſins with the tops or ſmall tender Leaves of Rue: and let the Patient take them, either as they are, or in the form

form of a *Bolus*, or the like, pretty early in the Morning, fasting after them two or three hours at least, if he cannot conveniently fast till Noon.

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49. *A Potent Medicine (for those that can bear it) to ripen Coughs, and hasten the Expectoration of Phlegm.*

TAke Onions, cut them into slices, and fry them with fresh Butter, as if you were to eat them, then take them out of the Frying-Pan, and boil them with New Milk, till it be well impregnated with them, and they be made tender: Of this Mixture let the Patient take a moderate quantity from time to time.

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50. *An Excellent Remedy for a Cough.*

TAke of Virgin-Honey two Ounces, of Red Roses warily dry'd and finely powdered half an Ounce, of choice Sulphur very well sifted two Drams, of good *Benjamin* reduc'd to fine Powder one Dram; beat and mix all these very well, and of this let the Patient take the Mixture from time to time.

51. *A*

51. *A Plaister to prevent Corns.*

TAke yellow Bees-wax 4 Ounces, Verdigrise exaactly powdered and sifted one Ounce, the *Caput Mortuum* of the Scull of a Man one Dram. Incorporate them well with boiling them a little, and make thereof a Plaister according to Art.

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52. *An Effectual Plaister for softning and loosening Corns.*

SPread a Plaister of *Gum Ammoniacum* (not too thick) without being dissolv'd in Vinegar, and applying it to the Part affected, let it lie on, till it have sufficiently done the designed work of Emolition.

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53. *A Powerful (but smart) Remedy for Corns.*

EVaporate the strongly expresst Juice of Radishes to the consistence of a soft Plaister, to be applied to the part affected, and shifted as often as it grows dry. *N. B.* 'Twill sometimes smart for a while at first, but afterwards 'twill do its work.

54. *A*

54. *A good Remedy for Corns of the Feet.*

TAke the Yeaſt of Beer (not Ale) and ſpreading it upon a Linnen Rag, or other Cloth, apply it to the Part affected, renewing it once a day.

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55. *An Excellent Remedy that has cur'd many Children of* Convulſive Fits.

TAke two or three drops of (Chymical) Oyl of Roſemary, and put it into half an Ounce of Sack in an Ounce Bottle, ſtop the Vial, and let it be well ſhaked to make a whitiſh Mixture of the Liquors juſt before you give it. Or elſe in a half-pint Bottle or Vial, put four Ounces of Sack, or ſome appropriated Liquor, and drop into it forty drops of the foremention'd Oyl; and when-ever you are to give the Medicine, ſhake the Vial well ſtopt, and preſently give of the whitiſh Mixture a Child's little Spoonful.

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56. *A Succeſsful Medicine for* Convulſive Fits, *and Hyſterical Vapours (as they call them) or Fits of the Mother.*

TAke the Liver of a Hare (if it hath been hunted, it may be the better) and hang it up

up in a dry place till it be somewhat fryable, having a care that it putrifie not; of this reduced to Powder, let the Patient take two or three Scruples at a time in any convenient Vehicle.

57. *An Excellent Medicine for dry or Convulsive Asthma's, and also for Costiveness.*

GIve at Bed-time 8 or ten Grains of choice Saffron, pulverized grosly in a little Syrup or Conserve, as of Violets, &c. to embody it with.

58. *An Excellent Mixture for Fits of the* Cholick, *and some kinds of* Convulsions.

TAke one Ounce of Flowers of Sulphur, and as much Sugar-candy, grind them very well together in a Glass or Stone Mortar, and upon this quantity drop thirty drops of Oyl of Carraway-seeds, as much of Oyl of Orange, and as much of the Oyl of Anniseeds: Incorporate these well, and of the Mixture give about 20 or 30 Grains for a Dose.

59. *An*

59. *An incomparable Medicine for the* Cholick.

THE yellow Peel of Oranges being reduc'd to Powder, give from half a Dram to two Scruples of it in any convenient Vehicle.

60. *To make a good Purging Drink for the* Cholick.

TAke two Ounces of Rhubarb, four Ounces of Gentian, and a quart of good Aniseed-water, let the Roots infuse along in it, and give the Patient about two Spoonfuls at a time as often as need requires.

61. *An almost Specifick Remedy for a Fit of the* Cholick.

TAke about half a Dram of expressed Oyl of Nutmegs (usually sold in the Shops for *East-Indian* Oyl of Mace.) Dissolve this in some Spoonfuls of good Wine, which the Patient is to take as hot as conveniently he can.

62. *An uncommon, but try'd Remedy for* Cholicks *(without much Matter) and good in Fits of the Mother.*

TAke good Ginger dry, and inſtead of poudering it, cut it into as thin ſlices as you eaſily can: With theſe fill a Tobacco Pipe, and take the Smoak as you would that of Tobacco. Do this twice, thrice, or four times a day, but eſpecially at Bed-time, and in the Morning.

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63. *An Excellent Medicine for* Convulſive Cholicks.

TAke of the Volatile Salt of Pigeons-dung two or three Grains, or ſomewhat more (not exceeding five or ſix in all) mix theſe with a Scruple or half a Dram of the ſame Dung crude, but well and ſlowly dry'd, and finely pouder'd. Give this Mixture for one Doſe in ſome ſpoonfuls of any convenient Vehicle.

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64. *For the* Cholick, *or Pains in the Sides.*

TAke two Balls of freſh Horſe-dung, and infuſe them for 12 hours (if haſte require, 3 or 4 may ſerve the turn) in good White-wine, in a cloſe Veſſel; then ſtrain the Liquor, and let the patient take five or ſix Ounces of it at a time.

65. *For the* Cholick

BOyl about one Ounce of the Seeds of the black ſtinging Nettles, in about a quart or more of good Claret-Wine; then ſtrain the Decoction, and give of it a Wine-glaſs full at a time, two or three times a day, or as often as need requires.

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66. *An excellent Medicine for the* Cholick.

TAke of Doctor *Stephens*'s Water half a Pint, Plague-water half a pint, Juniper-Berry-water half a Pint, Powder of Rhubarb two Ounces; mingle theſe together, ſhake the Bottle when you take any of it, and take about four ſpoonfuls at a time.

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67. *For the* Cramp.

TAke the Leave of Roſemary, chop them very ſmall, and ſew them ſo in fine Linnen or Sarſnet, as to make a kind of Garter of them to be tied about the Patient's bare Leg.

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68. *To take off the Pain of the* Cramp.

TAke of the Ointment of *Populeon* two parts, Oyl of Spike one part; mix them, and with

with the Mixture anoint well or chafe the Part affected.

D.

69. *A Remedy, by which an* Hydropical *Merchant was cur'd.*

GIve about half a Dram or two Scruples for a Dose, of yellow transparent Amber, twice or thrice a day in any convenient Vehicle.

70. *An Experienc'd Medicine for a* Dysentery, *or* Bloody-flux.

GIve about three Ounces of the Juice of Ground-Ivy, mixt with one Ounce of the Juice of Plantane, once or twice a Day.

71. *For to stop a* Dysentery *or* Bloody-flux.

USE the Pouder of *Crepitus Lupi*, or Fusballs, made up with some Conserve of Roses, or other convenient Additament into Pills. Of this Mixture give *in Dysenteria*, as much at a time, as contains from about a Scruple, to about half a Dram of the Pouder.

72. *An eaſie, but very often try'd* Digeſtive, *to be uſed inſtead of* Baſilicum.

TAke two Ounces of good *Venice* Turpentine, and incorporate very well with it the Yolks of two freſh Eggs, and then add to it (at diſcretion) a little Spirit of Wine; with this dreſs the part Morning and Evening, laying it on thicker, if the part be near ſome Nerve, or other dryer part, and leſs thick if it be fleſhy or moiſt.

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73. *A good Medicine for Incontinency of Urine, and the beginning a* Diabetes.

CUT off the Necks of well blown Sheeps-Bladders, of the remaining Membranes put up pretty ſtore one over another into a cover'd Pot, where being dry'd gently, and yet ſufficiently, in a Baker's Oven, take them out, and pulveriſe them well. The Doſe is as much as will lye upon a large Groat, or ſmall Six-pence.

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74. *For a* Diarhœa, Looſneſs, *or* Flux of the Belly.

MIX up 15 Grains, or if the Diſtemper be but ſlight, 10 Grains, of pouder'd Rhubarb, with half a Dram of *Diaſcordium*, and let the

the Patient take it either going to Bed, or early in the Morning after his first sleep.

E.

75. *For a* Contusion *of the* Eye.

TAke the Crumb of Whitebread, and diligently incorporate with black soft Soap as much of it as will make a somewhat soft Paste; and then with your Thumbs make a little Cake (as it were) of it, and apply to the bruised part, the Eye being first shut, and bind it so that it may lye on for some hours, or a day if need be. But this ought to be used with Caution.

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76. *An Excellent Medicine for clammy Humors of the* Eyes.

TAke New Milk, and let it stand till it hath got a little Cream upon it, then let the Patient when he is in Bed, take up with his Finger a little of the Cream (and not of Milk) and shutting his Eye-lids, besmear his Eyes with it, having a care that very little or none get into his Eyes, because it would make them smart; let this Cream lye on till the next Morning, and in case the Patient chance to wake in the Night, he may, if he finds cause, lay on a little more, and wash all off in the Morning.

77. *A somewhat sharp but often try'd Medicine to take off the* Pearl *on the* Eye.

TAke of the Juice of Celandine, and mix with it about an equal part of pure Honey; and of this Mixture employ a drop, or at most two, at a time, letting it fall upon the Part affected Morning and Evening.

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78. *An easy Remedy for a Recently Blood-shot* Eye.

TAke a rotten Apple, and as many tops of Wormwood, as being well beaten together with it, will make a Mass of the consistence of a Cataplasm; warm this a little, and put a sufficient quantity of it into a thin and clean Linnen Rag, and let the Patient keep it upon the Part affected all Night, the next Morning wash it off with some red Rose-water, or the like Liquor.

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79. *To make a choice Opthalmick Water to preserve the* Eyes *and* Sight.

TAke of the distill'd Water of Rue, Celandine, and Vervain, of each one Ounce; mix them, and infuse in them two Drams of *Crocus Metallorum*, exquisitely ground for a Week

Week or Ten days; then very carefully filter the Infusion, that none of the Atoms of powder pass thorow with the Liquor. Of this let fall into the Eye a drop or two, Morning and Evening, having a care not to shake the Glass, when you employ the Liquor, lest some unheeded dust may have escap'd the filter, and be rais'd.

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80. *For a slight* Opthalmia, *or* Blood-shot Eye.

SHake half a Dram of diligently prepar'd Tutty into an Ounce of red Rose-water, and drop it often into the Eye.

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81. *An Experienc'd* Eye-water *for an Inflammation and Tumour of the* Eye.

TAke of prepar'd Tutty half an Ounce, the Water of white Roses and of Frogs Spawn, and also of the best Canary Wine (not distill'd) of each two Ounces, of *Aqua Mirabilis* half an Ounce: Mix these well, and drop a very little at a time into the Patient's Eyes.

82. *An odd and often try'd Medicine for an* Ereſipalas.

TAke the Blood of a hunted Hair whil'ſt 'tis yet warm, and drench thorowly in it clean Linnen Rags, which are to be dry'd in the Wind or free Air, and then kept in a dry place for uſe: Lay a good piece of Linnen thus ſtain'd upon the part affected, and either by binding it on, or covering it with ſome ſilken or other Cloth, whoſe edges have ſome ſticking Plaiſter, keep it from falling off, and renew it from day to day, if there be need. *N. B.* If it grown too ſtiff with long keeping, you may ſoften it with a little ſprinkling of fair Water.

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83. *An experienc'd Water for ſharp and ſlimy Humors in the* Eyes *and* Eye-lids.

TAke of prepar'd Tutty half an Ounce, prepar'd Coral and Pearl of each half a Scruple, *Trochiſci-Albi Raſ.* five or ſix Grains, Red Roſe-water, and Succory-water, of each an Ounce and half; mix them well, and if you will have the Medicine ſtronger, you may put three or four Grains of Aloes into it.

84. *A Choice Remedy for an* Opthalmia, *or Blood-shot* Eyes.

TAke of the Juice of Housleek two parts, Daisies and Ground-Ivy, of each one part; mix these Juices together, and to about two spoonfuls of the Mixture, put five or six drops of clarify'd Honey: Let the Juices depurate themselves by residence, and then in some small Silver Vessel clarifie them, and of this Mixture let fall a drop or two into the Eye three or four times a Day. *N. B.* But if the Inflamation be not so great, but there is more need of Abstersion, use more of the Juice of Ground-Ivy, and less of that of Housleek.

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85. *For a light Stroke or Contusion of the* Eye.

TAke two Ounces of Betony-water, and three drops of clarify'd Honey, mix them well together, and drop them into the Eye three or four times a day; the Composition must be made fresh every second and third day.

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86. *A Popent but smarting Medicine for things growing on the* Eye.

TAke white Paper, and let it flame away upon a clean Pewter Platter, till there remain so much Oyl behind as you think you

shall need; blow off the Cinders of the Papers, and with a little of your Spittle mixt by your Finger with the Oyl, make up a kind of Oyntment; which being taken up with a Feather, is to be apply'd once or twice a day, as need shall require, (and as the Patient can well bear) to the affected Eye; Which course is to be continu'd till the Cure be compleated.

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87. *For Hurts that make the Solution of Continuity in the* Eye.

TAke two Ounces of Celandine-Water, and put to it 2, 3, or 4 drops of good clarify'd Honey, enough to give the Water a faint taste: With this dress the Eye at least twice (if not thrice) a day. But the Mixture must be made fresh once in two or three days, or else it will grow sourish.

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88. *An Excellent and very often try'd* Eye-Water, *especially for outward Affections of the* Eye.

TAke of Plantane-leaves 4 Ounces, and of Strawberry-leaves as much; Digest these for 24 hours in a Pound of good White-wine. Then distil them to dryness in a Glass Head and Body in a *Balneo Mariæ*. The Liquor that is thus obtain'd put into a very clean Brass (not Copper) Vessel, and let it stand there some hours

hours, till it have acquir'd a manifeſt, but not a very deep blew Tincture, and then put to it (when pour'd on) an equal weight of White Roſe-water diſtill'd after the common way: Shake theſe together, and let fall one drop into the Internal corner of the Eye, the Patient ſtooping backward, and ſhutting his Eye-lids for a Minute or two, that the Water may diſperſe on the Eye, and that the quickneſs of the Liquor, which may make him weep, may the leſs prejudice him.

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89. *To make a Uſeful Medicine for Pain or Itching in the* Eye-lids, *or on that account in the* Eyes.

TAke half a ſpoonful of *French* Barley (after the firſt Water it was put into over the Fire is caſt away) and boyl it ſoftly for a little while in a Pint of Spring-water, ſeaſonably putting to it a good Pugil of dry'd Damask Roſe-leaves. (*NB.* Sometimes you may add if you pleaſe a few Red Roſe-leaves, or Melilot-flowers, or both.) With this Liquor foment the part with a ſoft Spunge for a pretty while, in the Morning, and at Night, having a care that it be apply'd pretty hot, or at leaſt warm.

90. *To make an Excellent* Eye-water *for Redness and light Films, &c. upon the* Eye.

MAke some Lime-Water, by pouring a Gallon of Scalding hot Water upon a Pound, or somewhat more of Quick-lime; stir them together, and after some hours decant warily that which is clear. And to a Pound of this Water put half an Ounce (and no more) of choice Verdigrise pulveriz'd: And in a very moderate heat extract a Tincture of a fine, but somewhat dilute, Saphirine colour, (but it ought not to be too deep.) Decant this very warily, and let a drop or two of it at a time fall into the Eye, as often as need requires.

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91. *An Excellent Remedy to stop a violent Defluxion on the* Eye.

TAke red Sage and Rue, of each one handful, a spoonful of fine Wheat-flower, and the white of a new-laid Egg beaten to Water, mix these very well, and spread them upon very thin Leather or black Silk, and apply it to the Temples; 'tis to be about the bigness of a Silver Crown at least.

92. *An Excellent Remedy for Red* Eyes, *made such by a defluxion of a hot or sharp Humor.*

TAke of the tops of Rosemary about one Dram, and beat them up with one or two Ounces of rotten Paremains or Pippins, or if those cannot be had, with the like weight of the soft part of the same Apples that are sound. And when by exquisite beating, you have reduc'd these things to a Cataplasm, apply them, the cold being first taken off, to the part affected, binding it thereupon, and letting it lye all Night.

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93. *An* Eye-water.

TAke House Snails, and beat them in their Shells, and gratifie them with about an equal quantity of Juice of Celandine; draw off the Water in a cold or Pewter Still (such as is us'd for Rose-Water) and keep the Liquor that will come over close stopt for your use.

94. *The*

94. *The Lady* Fitz-harding's Eye-Water, *which lately cur'd an almost blind Person, whose Eyes look'd like Glass.*

Lady Fitz-harding's *Eye-water.*

TAke three spoonfuls of White Rose-Water, as much Eye-bright Water, and as much sifted White Sugar-candy as will lye on a Threepence, and the same quantity of fine Aloes sifted and put to the Water, and shak'd together, and drop a few drops every Night going to Bed.

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95. *A* Pericarpium, *or Wrist-Plaister, that often-times frees the Patients from flying Clouds in the* Eyes, *and sometimes lesser specks, specially if Recent.*

TAke of Rue, Camomile, Hemlock, each half a handful, of Bay-Salt two spoonfuls, one or two ounces of Leaven; Incorporate these well together, and make thereof *Pericarpia*, to be apply'd, to the Patient's Wrists, and kept on, till growing dry, they become troublesome.

96. *An Excellent Medicine for hot Defluxions on the* Eyes.

TAke of prepar'd Tutty half an Ounce, White Rose-water and Frogs spawn-water carefully drawn in very good Canary Wine, of each two Ounces, of *Aqua Mirabilis* half an Ounce; mix these well together, and let fall two or three drops into the Patient's Eye (especially at Bed-time.)

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97. *An easie but useful* Eye-water *to keep the* Eye *cool and moderately dry.*

TAke two Ounces of Succory-water, half a Dram of prepar'd Tutty, shake them well, and keep them together for use.

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98. *An often try'd* Pericarpium, *or Wrist-Plaister for Defluxions and Fumes in the* Eyes.

TAke Rue, Camomile, Hemlock, Wormwood, of each half a handful, Bay-Salt pulveriz'd about two spoonfuls, sour Dough about an Ounce; mix all these together very diligently, moistning them from time to time with Elder-Vinegar, to a consistence fit for *Pericarpia*, one of which is to be apply'd to the Wrist of that side on which the Part affected is, and to be renewed if there be occasion.

99. *For*

99. *For a* Phylectena *or little Tumor in the Carneous Tuniele of the* Eyes.

TAke the Decoction of Mucilages that is proper for *Phlyctea's*, and dreſs the Eye from time to time to ripen the Tumour: Then open it with a Lancet, and ſqueeze out all the Matter; and laſtly, cleanſe and heal the Part with Honey. *N. B.* But when the Tumor is beginning, or not great, you may, in want of the Decoction of Mucilages, dreſs the Eye with the Mixture, of equal parts of the Water of Melilot, Camomile and Betony.

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100. *A Plaiſter to ſtrengthen the* Eyes, *and ſtop Defluxions on them.*

TAke of Frankincenſe 2 Ounces, *Olibanum* and *Maſtich*, each half a Dram; mix theſe well, and reduce them into fine Powder, of which a convenient quantity is to be melted and ſpread upon black Ribbon, or ſome ſuch thing with a hot Knife or Spatula, and ſo preſently apply'd to the Temples.

101. *An often Experienc'd* Medicine *for little Strokes or Contusions of the* Eye.

TAke Betony-water three Ounces, and five drops of clarify'd Honey, mix them, and drop a little of the Mixture from time to time into the Patient's Eye. *N. B.* Take Succory-water, Crumbs of White-bread, a little Saffron, and sometimes a little Honey, for sharp Humors in the Eye lids, and burns or small specks (of the Eye) four Grains of *Roman* Vitriol to four Ounces of Water, of either Rose-water, Succory-water, or Fennel water, *&c.*

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102. *A good Electuary to strengthen the* Sight.

TAke Conserve of Borrage and Betony, of each an Ounce and half, *Venice*-Treacle two Drams, *Species Dionisi, Dairrhodon abbatis, Diatrion Santalon,* of each half a Dram, Tartar Vitriolate a Scruple, *Diacorallion,* a Dram and half, Oyl of Fennel seven drops, Syrup of Violets and Coral, of each a sufficient quantity; mix and make an Electuary.

103. *A Choice Medicine for an* Opthalmia Sicca.

TAke of the Leaves of Fennel, Hyſop, Celandine, Betony, and *Carduus* of each half a handful, or a whole handful; of Linſeeds, Quince-ſeeds, Fenugreek, and Flea-wort, of each half a Dram, of *French* Barley one Ounce: Boyl all theſe a little in two quarts of fair Water, and half a Pint of White-wine, Let the Patient hold his Head (well fitted with a Napkin for the purpoſe) over the Fumes for about a quarter of an hour.

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104. *For a Film, or other ſuch thing growing in the* Eye.

TAke of Crude Roch-Allom two parts. Turmurick one part, and refin'd Sugar three parts. Pulverize each of theſe ſeperately, then mix them exactly, and warily blow it into the Patient's Eye from time to time, as need ſhall require.

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105. *To make an Excellent as well as Famous* Eye-Water.

TAke Celandine (the whole Plant except the Root) and having ſhred it or chopt it a little, put it into a Retort, and diſtil it *in Balneo.* When

When all the Liquor is come over, empty the Veſſel, and put in it as much as the freſh Plant, and diſtil the Liquor from it to make it more ſtrong of the Plant. Put this Liquor once more upon new or freſh Celandine, and diſtil *in Balneo* as before; and keep this well-impregnated Water cloſe ſtopt. 'Tis to be outwardly us'd in the Doſe of two, three, or four drops at a time.

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106. *A Medicine for Hurts in the* Eye.

TAke Succory-water and crumbs of White-bread, enough to bring it almoſt to a conſiſtence; then add a little Saffron to tinge and quicken it, and ſometimes alſo you may put to it a little Honey, to make it more cleanſing and healing. Apply it (if need be) with Plagets of Flax to the part affected.

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107. *A Remedy that hath cured the* Epilepſie.

GIve daily half a Dram at a time of choice and very finely powder'd Amber, in any convenient Vehicle for about ſix Weeks together.

108. *Elixir Salutis.*

TAke of the Seeds of Aniſe, Sweet-Fennel, Coriander and Parſley, of each two Ounces; of Liquoriſh ſcrap'd, waſh'd, and bruis'd, and choice Leaves of Senna, of each likewiſe two Ounces; of Raiſins of the Sun, rub'd clean and bruis'd one Pound; of Elecampane-Roots and *Guajacum* Wood, of each one Ounce. Mix theſe ingredients, and pour on them two quarts of *Aqua Vitæ*, or *Engliſh* Spirits (for Brandy is too hot a Liquor.) Let theſe infuſe together 48 hours. Then put them all into a hair Bag, and preſs them ſtrongly in an Apothecary's Preſs, and if there be need, paſs what is ſtain'd, through an Hippocras-bag after the Liquor is ſettled. Keep this in Bottles well ſtop'd in a cool place, and give of it two or three ſpoonfuls at a time, in the Morning faſting, and if need require, at Bed-time.

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109. *An Experienc'd Remedy for* Convulſions *and* Epilepſies *in Children.*

TAke about half a Dram, or from one Scruple or two, or ſomewhat more, of well choſen, and very finely podwer'd Amber, Native Cinnabar 10 Grains; mix them, and of this ſweetned with ſome powder'd Sugar, or other fit thing that may give it a reliſh; let the Patient take twice a day (at leaſt for moſt days) dur-

during six Weeks, unless he fully recovers before that time. And however, he is to take it for two or three days before each New and Full Moon, for some Months successively.

F.

110. *An Excellent Drink in* Fevers, *even Malignant.*

TAke a quart of Spring Water, and having given it a walm or two, put to it one Ounce at least of Harts-horn calcin'd to perfect whiteness, and when the Mixture is cold, put to it three Ounces of Syrup made of the Juice of Lemons, shake this Mixture; when you will use it, shake it well, and let the Patient take of it a moderate draught several times in the Day and Night.

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111. *An Useful Drink in Feverish Distempers.*

IN a Pint and a half of clear Posset-drink, boyl about one Ounce of cleans'd Roots of *Dandelion*, or Piss-a-bed, cut or slic'd very small, till near half a pint be wasted, and then strain it, and let the Patient take half a Pint, or the whole quantity if he can at a time.

112. *An Excellent Remedy for* Dysenterical Fluxes.

TAke good *Venice* Turpentine, and with a very gentle heat e aporate so much of it, that when 'tis cold, it may be but little short of Coagulation. This yet soft, but not fluid Substance, incorporate with fine Sugar, enough to make it up into Pills, whereof give in the Morning fasting, as many as will amount from a Scruple to half a Dram or two Scruples, or a whole Dram of the Turpentine, besides the Sugar.

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113. *An uncommon, but experienc'd Remedy for* Dysenterical Fluxes.

TAke the Bone of the Thigh of a hang'd Man (perhaps another may serve, but this was still made use of) Calcine it to whiteness, and having purg'd the Patient with an Antimonial Medicine, give him one Dram of this white Powder for one Dose, in some good Cordial, whether Conserve or Liquor.

114. *For the* Dysentery, *and* Fluxes *caused by sharp Humors.*

TAke from half a Dram to one Dram of *Mercurius Dulcis*, and as much either of fine Sugar or Sugar-candy, and with some Purgative or other, let the Patient take it once a day, with care, that none of it remain in his Mouth, or stick in his Throat.

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115. *An Often try'd Medicine for* Fluxes *of the Belly, though Bloody ones.*

GIve for a Dose in any convenient Vehicle, as much powder'd or grated Pizzle of a Hart or Deer, as will lye upon an ordinary Half-Crown Piece.

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116. *An Effected Medicine for* Dysenterical *and other* Fluxes.

TAke of a Hare, the Skin, Liver, Gall, and all the Parts, except the Muscles, and having dry'd them so far (and no further) as that they may be conveniently reduc'd to Powder. Give of this Powder, from about two Scruples to one Dram, in any convenient Vehicle.

117. *An Experienc'd Remedy for sharp* Fluxes *of the Belly.*

TAke a pint of new Milk, and dissolve in it two Ounces of Loaf-Sugar, and at length about the bigness of a Walnut of good *Mithridate*; give this mixture moderately warm for a Clyster, to be reiterated if there be occasion.

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118. *To stop* Fluxes *and* Whites.

FOR Fluxes you may in divers cases give the Patient from time to time a moderate quantity of a Decoction of half an Ounce of Isinglass, in about a pint of new Milk.

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119. *An easie Medicine for* Fluxes, *especially those caus'd by sharp Humors.*

INstead of Butter take well condition'd Oyl-Olive, and thorowly drench therewith a good Toast, and let the Patient eat it.

120. *For a* Bloody-Flux.

TAke half an Ounce of *London*-Treacle, an Ounce, or an Ounce and half of Conserve of red Roses, mix them together with some Syrup of Clove-Gilly-Flowers, or Syrup of Citrons, and keep them thus mix'd in a Pot cover'd for your use. Take of this about the quantity of a Walnut at Night, and in the Morning for two days, fasting two hours before and after, intermit then a day, and take it again in the like manner.

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121. *A try'd Medicine for the falling down of the* Fundament.

TAke some Ginger, and having carelesly slic'd it, put it in a little Pan, heat it by clear and well kindled Coals, and let the Patient receive the Fume of it, cast on by little in a kind of Close-stool, or some equivalent Seat, where the lower part of his Body may be well cover'd for about half a quarter of an hour at a time.

G.

122. *A Medicine for a light incipient* Gangreen.

AFter having lightly scarify'd the part affected, apply as hot as the Patient can well bear it, a Cataplasm made of strong Brandy, and the Pith or Crumb of White-bread, shifting it three or four times a day, or somewhat oftner, if need be.

N. B. Some use Turneps boyl'd, and made Unctuous with a little fresh Hogs-lard to resolve the hard Tumors of Womens Brests.

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123. *A Choice Anodyne Clyster.*

TAke Marsh-Mallow Roots half an Ounce, Leaves of the same, Mallows, Mullein, of each one handful, Camomile-Flowers two Pugils: Boyl them in a sufficient quantity of Water to ten Ounces, and dissolve therein Goats-suet 2 Ounces, Yolks of two Eggs, and Oyl of Camomile an Ounce and half: Mix and make a Clyster for easing Pain.

124. *A slight but often try'd Medicine for the Griping of the Guts.*

TAke about a quarter of a pint of Brandy, and having made a Toast of Bread (not too fine and white) throw it in very hot into the Liquor, and as soon as 'tis thorowly drencht, let the Patient take it out, and eat it hot; and this may be repeated, if there be need, two or three times a day.

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125. *An often try'd Remedy for the* Gripes *in little Children.*

TAke of Oyl of Nutmegs, and of Wormwood, of each a like quantity, mingle them well, and with the Mixture a little warm'd anoint the Patient's Navil, and the Pit of the Stomach.

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126. *To make an Excellent* Gargle.

TAke six Ounces of Scabious-Water, one spoonful of Mustard, one spoonful of Honey, and one spoonful of Vinegar; grind all these very well together in a Marble or Glass Mortar, till you have reduc'd them to a liquid Mixture, which is to be used as a Gargle.

127. *A Choice Gargle for a sore* Throat.

TO four Ounces of Plantane-Water add three or four spoonfuls of Red Rose-water, and mix very well with these the white of an Egg beaten to a Glair, or Water; sweeten this Mixture with a small spoonful of white Sugar-candy, or in want of that, as much very fine Loaf-Sugar. Let the Patient Gargle this as often as need requires.

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128. *An Experinc'd Medicine for a* Gonorrhœa.

TAke two Ounces of ripe Laurel-Berries, and infuse them for a day in a quart of good White-Wine: Of this let the Patient drink about two or three spoonfuls twice a day for a pretty while together; only once in three days (or thereabouts) intermitting, that he may take some gentle Purging Medicine.

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129. *For a* Gonorrhœa.

TAke choice Mastich a sufficient quantity and having very finely beaten and search'd it, take about half an Ounce of it at a time in the Yolk of a new-laid Egg, washing it down if it be thought needful, in any convenient Liquor.

130. *For*

130. *An Excellent Remedy to take off the Pains of the* Gout.

TAke *Minium* or Red-Lead ground fine, half a Pound, Oyl of Earth-worms one Pound, or a sufficient quantity: Boyl them to the consistency of a hard or solid Emplaster, without burning: Afterwards add of Camphire two Ounces, dissolved in Oyl of Earth-worms, so much as may make the Emplaster of a just consistency.

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131. *An Excellent Oyntment in the Gout.*

TAke *Barbadoes* Tar, and Palm-Oyl, of each a like quantity, melt them together in no more fire than is needful to make them incorporate well; with this Mixture warm, the part is to be anointed and warily chafed.

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132. *A slight but effectual Medicine to appease Gouty Pains.*

TAke Linseed well condition'd, and with a little Water, beat them in a Marble or Glass Mortar, rubbing them very well, that the Medullary part may be separated in some measure from the Husk, and may make the Water considerably white. In this Liquor dip clean Rags, and when they are thorowly wetted, ap-

ply them somewhat warm to the part effected, shifting them, if need be, once in an hour, or at most in two.

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133. *A speedy Remedy to take off* Arthritick *or Gout-pains.*

TAke good Spirit of *Sal Armoniac*, and with a Feather dipt in it moisten gently all the Part, or Parts affected.

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134. *A Medicine that almost presently appeases the pains of the* Gout.

TAke of black Soap four Ounces, choice Wood-soot finely sifted about a Dram and half, and add to these about half the Yolk of an Egg: Incorporate them diligently together, and spreading the Mixture somewhat thin, apply it (the cold being first taken off) by way of Cataplasm to the Part affected.

135. *A*

135. *A homely but often try'd Medicine to appease the Pains of* Scorbutical Running Gouts.

TAke Earth-worms cleans'd, and having fill'd an earthen Pot with them, and luted on a cover very well, set it into an Oven with a batch of Bread, and let it stand there till the Oven be cold. Then take out the Pot, and having remov'd the cover, you will find the Matter turn'd into a gross Liquor ill scented. Strain this with expression, and keep it stopt for use, which is, to rub therewith the part affected with a warm hand once or twice a day. *N. B.* If the smell be offensive, you may put to it a few drops of Oyl of *Rhodium*, or some other Odoriferous one, to correct it.

---

136. *An Excellent Remedy for the* Gonorrhœa.

TAke of choice Amber, and of Mastich, both reduc'd to very fine Powder, and very well mixt, equal parts, and of this Mixture give half a Dram at a time in a proper Vehicle, or in a draught of Chocolate; Continue this for three Weeks, or a Month, if need require, purging the day before you begin to take it, and once every Week afterwards, especially when you leave off the use of the Powder.

137. *To appease the Pain of the* Gout, *and by degrees lessen the Fits.*

TAke one part of *Sal Armoniac*, and three parts of Spirit of Wine, neither of them too well rectify'd: Shake them together, (and if you please digest them a while) and having dipt old but clean Linnen Rags in the Mixture, apply them to the part affected, shifting them now and then, as need shall require.

H.

138. *To make an excellent* Cephalick *or* Head-*Powder, good also for the* Eyes.

TAke the Leaves or Flowers of Betony, Marjoram, and Damask Roses, also the Flowers of Sage and Rosemary, all at discretion. To these add the Powder of *Lignum Aloes*, and some Seeds of *Nigella Romana*. Reduce all these to Pouder, to be us'd as a Hair-powder, when the Patient goes to Bed.

139. *An useful Drink, to be frequently employ'd to correct* Sharp Humors.

TAke two Ounces of choice Barley (*English* or *French*) well wash'd from its Dust and *Sorders*: Boyl this in a quart or more of Spring-water till the Grains begin to burst. Then strain the Decoction through a clean Cloth, and let the Patient use it at Meals and other times, for his ordinary Drink.

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140. *An Experienc'd Medicine for* Dulness of Hearing, *and* Hysterical Affections.

THE Juice of red Onions is excellent for Diseases of the Ears, and for a Deafness in its beginning. *N. B.* Betony-Roots also wonderfully prevail against all Affections of the Womb.

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141. *An Experienc'd Medicine for the Pains of the* Hæmorrhoids.

TAke the sole of an Old Shooe, worn by some Man that walks much, cut it in pieces, and burn it, not to white or gray Ashes, but to a fryable and tender Coal; reduce this to impalpable Powder, and then with a sufficient quantity of unsalted Lard, make it into an

Unguent, wherewith the Part affected is to be anointed from time to time.

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142. *For the* Hemorrhoids.

MAke a Suppository of Hogs-Lard or Bacon; or instead of that employ Goose-grease made up into the same form.

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143. *For the* Hæmorrhoids.

IN the Yolk of an Egg, or a little of some convenient Syrup or Conserve, give from half a Dram, or two Scruples, or one Dram, or somewhat more of Flower of Brimstone, once, or if the case be urgent, twice a day. The Powder may be also given in Milk, to those that like it better than sweet Vehicles.

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144. *A Choice Internal Remedy for painful* Hæmorrhoids.

TAke about two Scruples of choice Sulphur *vive*, and mix it with a little Sugar to make it relish, and give that Dose once, or at most twice a day.

145. *A very choice Medicine for the Pain and Tumors of the* Hæmorrhoids.

TAke fresh Leeks (the whole Plant) shred them small, and fry them well with fresh Butter, till they be fit to be brought to the consistence of a Cataplasm or Poultise, that is to be appl'd very warm to the part affected, and to be renewed from time to time, as need shall require.

---

146. *An Useful Medicine for the Pain of the* Hæmorrhoids.

MAke up Flower of Brimstone and an equal weight or a double of fine Sugar, with a Solution of Gum Dragon, into Tabulets that may weigh about a Dram apiece; of those that contain the most Sulphur, you may give one twice a day, but of the other sort much oftner, if need require.

---

147. *A choice Remedy for the Pain of the* Hæmorrhoids.

TAke *Album Græcum*, or white Dogs-turd, reduc'd to an impalpable Powder, mix it up with a sufficient quantity of Goose-grease, and by grinding it well in a Leaden Mortar, reduce

reduce it to a black Oyntment, to be apply'd moderately warm to the part affected.

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148. *An Experienc'd Remedy for unbroken* Hæmorrhoids.

TAke calcin'd Oyster-shells, and incorporate them with as much Honey as will make up the Powder into an Oyntment, with which the part affected is to be tenderly anointed from time to time.

---

149. *For the* Hæmorrhoids, *a very successful tryed Medicine.*

TAke Maiden Leeks (as some call those that grow without having been transplanted) and casting away the green part, make of the bulbous part and a sufficient quantity of whole Oatmeal a Caudle, whereof let the Patient eat plentifully.

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150. *A Choice Drink for the Pain of the* Hæmorrhoids.

TAke Yarrow, and boyl a handful of it in about a Pint and a half of Posset-drink, in a cover'd Vessel, till it be strong of the Plant;

and

and of this Decoction let the Patient drink pretty plentifully from time to time.

---

151. *An Excellent Remedy for the Pain of the* Hæmorrhoids.

TAke of Maſtick, *Olibanum*, Aloes, and Myrrh, of each a like quantity, powder and mix them very well, then lay or ſtrew a ſufficient quantity of this upon a Pledget of Lint or Cotton, moiſtened throughly with Spirit of Wine over a few well kindled Coals, that the Powder may melt, and be clapt hot to the Pit of the Stomach, or the Navel.

---

152. *A Medicine for the Pains of the* Hæmorrhoids.

TAke a quart, or at leaſt a pint of New Milk, and boil it well for a while, and then taking it off the Fire, preſently put it into a Cloſe-ſtool in ſome open mouth'd Veſſel, and let the Patient ſit over the Fume of it.

153. *An*

153. *An excellent Medicine to appease the Pains of the* Hæmorrhoids.

TAke two fresh Eggs, and roast them pretty hard, then peel off the Shells and mince them. To these add two Pippins, the core being first taken out, that must be roasted to pap; mix these, and incorporate them very well with the Eggs, reducing all to a kind of Cataplasm, which is to be apply'd very warm, if not very hot, to the part affected, and to be renewed if need be.

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154. *A Choice Medicine for Pains of the* Hæmorrhoids.

TAke half a Dram of good Flower of Brimstone, and boyl it a little in New Milk, and let the Patient take fasting in the Morning, both the Liquor and the Powder, for many days successively. And if need be, the like Dose may be taken between four and five in the Afternoon. Also one may make up the like quantity of *Flores*, with a little fine Sugar and Gum Tragacanth, into Tablets or Lozenges, to be taken instead of the Powder and Milk.

I.

155. *An Experienc'd Liquor to Cure the* Itch *in the Hands or Face, without Mercury or Sulphur.*

TAke a handful of the Roots of Elecampane, and as much of ſharp-pointed Dock, ſhred them ſmall, and boyl them in two quarts of Spring-water till the conſumption of a pint. Then ſtrain the Liquor, and with it let the Patient waſh his hands or other parts affected once (or at moſt) twice a day.

156. *An Experienc'd Magnetical Cure of the* Yellow-Jaundies.

TAke the Gall-Bladder of a Sheep, and near the top, without emptying the Liquor, make a ſmall hole, at which put in two or three drops of the Patient's warm Urine; then tye up the upper part of the Bladder, and hang it in the free Air till it dry up, *&c.*

157. *A homely but not ineffectual Medicine for the* Yellow-Jaundies.

GIve about half a Dram of the white part of Hens-dung dry'd and mixt with a little Sugar, in a few ſpoonfuls of White-wine.

158. *A*

158. *A Medicine almost Specifick for the* Yellow-Jaundies.

TAke of clean filings of Steel a sufficient quantity, and to make them grind the better, mix with them some Loaf-Sugar; grind them long with great exactness, for in that consists the chief Secret of this Medicine. Of this impalpable Powder give about half a Dram for a Dose, (besides the Sugar) and if need be give it twice or thrice a day, in any convenient Vehicle.

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159. *A Specifick Remedy for the* Yellow-Jaundice.

TAke one part of good Saffron dry'd, enough to be rub'd in a Glass Mortar into Powder, and incorporate it well with four parts of choice Turmerick. In the mean time take a handful of fresh Sheeps-dung, and let it steep in about a quart of strong Ale in a moderate heat, till the Liquor be fully impregnated with the Virtue of the Dung. Then strain it lightly through a Linnen Cloath, into a pint of it, or as large a draught within the limit as the Patient can well take, give about half a Dram of the forementiond mixt powder. This do in the Morning fasting, and in the Evening about Bed-time, giving also another Dose the Morning after the first.

160. *The*

K.

160. *The great Medicine of a Famous Emperick for the* Kings-Evil.

GIve for a good while together a pretty ſtrong Decoction of Devils bit.

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161. *To mitigate Pains in the* Kidneys.

TAke Oyl of Scorpions, and Oyl of Bees-wax, of each alike quantity; mix them well, and with this Mixture moderately warm anoint the pained Kidney.

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162. *An Effectual Remedy for ſtoppage in the* Kidneys.

GIve in any convenient Liquor about a dozen Grains of Salt of Amber for a Doſe.

L.

163. *A pleasant Medicine to appease Scorbutick* Pains *in the* Limbs.

TAke liquid *Styrax*, spread it thin upon Sclink, or some very fine Kids-Leather, and keep it upon the Part affected till it dry up of it self, or till the Patient has no more need of it.

---

164. *An Experienc'd though simple Medicine for a* Contracture *produc'd by keeping of* Limbs *too long in an undue Posture.*

ANoint well once or twice a day, the Part affected with Dogs-grease, chasing it in with a warm hand, and keeping the part warm afterwards.

M.

165. *A good Medicine to increase* Milk *to those that give Suck.*

MAke Pottage with Lentils (which many distinguish not from Vetches) and let the Patient use freely of it.

165. *Anno-*

166. *Another Medicine to increase* Milk *in Nurses.*

TAke Earth-worms, wash them well, freeing them carefully from their Excrements, and from all adhering Earth and Filth. Then dry them so as they may not stink and yet be pulverable. Of these, reduc'd to Powder, give half a Dram or two Scruples for a Dose, in Wine or any other proper Vehicle.

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167. *A Remedy by which many Dogs bitten by a* Mad-Dog, *have been all of them preserv'd from running Mad.*

TAke three Plants (*i. e.* Roots and Leaves) of that Herb which is called Rose-Plantane, or by some Star-Plantane, and having chopt it small with a convenient quantity of Butter, let the bitten Dog take it the first day; the second day give him five plants order'd as before, and the next day seven. *Lychnus Salamantica Clus.*

168. *A good Remedy for divers Affections of the* Genus Nervosum, *or Nervous System.*

TAke of the fresh Roots of the Male Piony one Ounce, of the Seeds of the same Plant two Drams, and with a sufficient quantity of the Syrup of Piony, or some Conserve of the like Nature, beat them up into an Electuary (which is best done not long before you mean to make use of it) of which the Patient may take the quantity of a small Nutmeg, or more if need be, twice a day, and if occasion requires it thrice.

P.

169. *Aloetick Pills that do scarce at all occasion the* Piles.

TAke of the *Frankfort* Angelical Pills, and give of them from one Scruple or half a Dram or two Scruples or more for a Dose.

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170. *A Medicine for the Pain and Tumors for the* Piles.

TAke the Patient's own Urine moderately warm, and with Rags dipt in it foment for a while the Parts affected, and then anoint them with *Unguent Populeum.* This do if need be three or four times a day, and if the Tumors be

be internal, you may then inject a little of the forementiond Urine.

---

171. *An Excellent Remedy for Scorbutick and other* Pains *in the Limbs.*

TAke red and unsophisticated Oyl of Peter, and anoint therewith from time to time the part affected.

---

172. *An easie but excellent Poultise to appease* Pains *and* Aches, *even* Arthritick *or* Gout-*Pains.*

TAke Onions, and boyl or stew them in Water, till they be soft enough to make a Poultis, then drain away the Water and beat them, and having spread them to a good thickness upon a Linnen Cloath, apply them as hot as the Patient can well bear, let him keep them on all Night.

---

173. *To strengthen a Part weakned by a Sublaxation.*

SPread *Emplastrum Divinum* upon soft Leather, and apply it, keeping it on for some time.

174. *A somewhat rough Emetick, by which the* French-Pox *has been often cur'd.*

TAke good *Mercury Sublimate*, and *Mithridate* or *Venice*-Treacle, of each one Ounce, mix them together, and put them into a quart of Spring-water; set them in *Balneo* to dissolve in a close Vessel; and of this Liquor well-setled, let the Patient take about half a spoonful, or if need be a spoonful, but never above a spoonful and a half, in four Ounces of small Ale warm, fasting in the Morning, and once in the Afternoon or Evening, the Stomach being empty. Every second day intermit, and give a gentle Purge.

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175. *A choice Medicine for the* Palsie.

TAke *Sarsapirilla* a Pound and half, Bark of *Guajacum*, *China* in Chips, of each two Ounces and a half: Boyl all in six Pints of water to a consumption of a third part: At the end add Raisins of the Sun stoned four Ounces, Liquorish bruised one Dram, fat Figs number twelve, boyl and strain it. Of this let the Diseased drink warm, as their ordinary Drink.

176. *For weakness in the hands, arising from the* Palsie, *or an ill cur'd* Rheumatism.

TAke the tops of Rosemary, and bruising them a little, make them up into a Ball of the bigness of a small Orange, or a large Walnut with the green Husk on. Let the Patient often roll one of these Balls between his hands, and for divers hours in a day grasp one of them in the hand affected, that it may grow hot there, and transmit its *Effluvia*, into the part. Continue this course as long as the Distemper requires.

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177. *A Choice External Remedy for* Paralitick *Affections.*

MAke a strong decoction of Rosemary-leaves (or Flowers if the Season afford them) and let the Patient hold the part affected for a good while at a time in the Liquor kept very warm. If after several tryals this Medicine prove not effectual enough, take ten drops of Oyl of Worms, and mix with it well four or five drops of Oyl of Turpentine; and with this Mixture well warm'd, anoint the Part from time to time, or else let the Patient keep the part for a good while together, for more than once or twice if need require, in warm Rain-water (to dissolve the Scorbutick Salts.)

178. *To*

178. *To take off little* Pimples *or grating inequalities within the* Eye-lids.

TAke one ſpoonful of Eye-bright-Water, one ſpoonful of plantane-Water, and half a ſpoonful of good Red Roſe-water; mix theſe, and put to them about 15 Grains of choice Tutty finely prepar'd; ſhake them together, and then let the powder fall to the bottom, and with the clear Liquor moiſten the Eye ſeveral times in a day, if it be found needful.

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179. *For the* Pleuriſy.

CUT green Broom-tops ſhort, and fill therewith a Skillet or Pipkin of a pint and a half; then fill it up with Ale, boyl it ſoftly till it be waſted to two or three ſpoonfuls, it will look black like Treacle, and be thick. When 'tis enough and cold, add as much Mithridate as a Nutmeg, and mingle it well, and give it the party warm in Bed, and let him ſweat three hours or more after it, by adding ſome Cloaths. If it help not at firſt, repeat it next day, or the ſecond not to fail.

180. *An*

180. *An Experienc'd (and by some good Authors Excellent) Medicine for the* Pleurisy.

TAke as many fresh Balls of Stone-Horse Dung, as the Horse in good case may disburden himself of at one time ; cover these, whilst they are warm, with good White-wine; let them stand a little to act on one another, and then press out gently through a clean Linnen Cloath, as much Liquor or Juice as the Mixture will readily afford; and of this (somewhat warm) give a moderate draught from time to time, as need shall require.

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181. *A very often Experienc'd Medicine for the* Small-Pox (*especially in Children.*)

TAke the little Balls of fresh Sheeps-dung, and having freed them from straw and dust, and other things forraign to them, put an handful of them thus cleans'd into a quart of good White-wine, and in a Vessel well stopt, let them infuse in a moderate heat for a Night, or till the Liquor be well impregnated with the taste and colour of them. Strain this Infusion, and give of it warm about a spoonful at a time, once in two or three hours, or oftner if need require. *N. B.* In case of Necessity, the Infusion may be much sooner made, by putting into the Wine a greater proportion of the Sheeps-dung.

R.

182. *A Successful Remedy for a kind of* Rheumatism, *and a Contracture of the Limbs that followed upon it.*

TAke the inward Bark (that which grows next the Wood) of an Elder-Tree, cut or tear it into small bits, and with them loosely plac'd fill about a third part of a Bottle. Then pour in as much small Ale or Beer as will fill up the remaining part of the Vessel, stop it well till the Liquor be strong of the Infusion. And of this let the Patient drink a good draught once or twice a day, or if he can well bear it, let him use it as a Diet-drink.

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183. *An approv'd outward Medicine to cause Rest without Opiates.*

TAke of Rose-water 8 Ounces, good Wine 4 Ounces, strong Vinegar 2 Ounces; mix these well, and having warm'd stupes in them, foment therewith the part affected, laying them on but moderately warm, but taking them off when they begin to grow cold: This fomenting may last between a quarter and half an hour before the Patient should compose himself to Rest.

184.

S.

184. *A choice and diversify'd Medicine for the* Scurvy.

FRom the freshly gather'd tops of Fir a little bruis'd, abstract Spirit of Wine, or at least good *Nants* Brandy, and with this Liquor draw a deep Tincture from other fresh tops, of which Tincture reduce some part into an Extract, whereof to form Pills; keep these, the Tincture, and the impregnated Liquor apart, to be employ'd seperately or conjoyntly, as occasion may require.

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185. *For an* Excoriation, *and for preternatural Tenderness of any part of the Skin.*

TAke *Unguentum Diapompholigos*, and spread it thinly upon Lint, which must be apply'd to the part affected, and kept on by a Bandage or some sticking Plaister.

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186. *To take off the heat and roughness of the Skin, especially on the Lips.*

ANoint the Part affected with fresh (or at least not too stale) Cream.

187. *To take out the Marks of Gun-powder, shot into the Skin or Face, or elsewhere.*

TAke fresh Cow-dung, and having warm'd it a little, apply it as a thin Poultice to the part affected, renewing it from time to time as occasion shall require.

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188. *An Excellent Medicine to strengthen a weak Sight.*

TAke Eye-bright, Penny-royal, Rue, Celandine, Lovage, Saxifrage, of each half a handful, Blew-bottle-Flowers, Fennel-seeds, Parsley-seeds, of each half a Dram, Grains of Paradice one Dram, Hyssop, Organy, Willow-leaves, each half an Ounce, Galingal three Drams, Ginger half a Dram, Cinnamon one Dram, Sugar half an Ounce. Let them be finely powder'd, and very well mixt together. Take of this Powder one Scruple, or half a Dram every day with your Dinner.

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189. *A distilled Water for strengthning the* Sight.

TAke Rosemary-Flowers, Sage, Betony, Rue and Succory, of each one handful. Infuse these in two quarts of good Sack, distil them in

a Copper Alembick. The Dose is a moderate spoonful.

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190. *A Choice Medicine, which I have several times used for a light Stroke or* Contusion *of the Eye.*

PUT to two Ounces of *Cardus*-Water, or that of Betony, three or four drops of Honey, use it every three hours. (But have a care not to keep it above a day or two, lest it grow sour.)

---

191. *A much commended Powder to strengthen the* Sight.

POwder of Eye-bright one Ounce, ordinary Fennel-seed in Powder half an Ounce, powder of Nutmegs half a quarter of an Ounce, double refin'd Sugar two Ounces. All these being finely powder'd and sifted, are to be mixt together, and taken as much as will lye on a Shilling at a time, as often as you please: The Powder is to be taken dry, and kept in a Box close shut in some dry place. This has done great Cures in dimness of Sight, and Rheums in the Eyes.

193. *To make a Drink to be taken like Tea, for strengthening the* Sight.

TO a quart of Water ready to boyl, put in half a handful of Eye-bright, and then let the Liquor boyl but one walm or two, before you take it off to drink it instead of Tea.

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193. *A rare Water to strengthen the* Sight.

TAke Clary, and distil it in a cold Still; and of the Water, let the Patient take every morning, and if need be, every Night going to Bed, from two or three spoonfuls to six, either alone, or sweetned with a little Sugar; let him also with the same Water unsweetn'd, bath or wash the parts affected in the Morning, and at Bed-time; and if need be, once or twice more every day.

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194. *An Excellent External* Medicine *to strengthen the* Stomach.

TAke Wormwood, Mint, and Mug-wort, and by beating them well in a stone or glass Mortar, make a Cataplasm, to be apply'd somewhat warm to the Stomach, and kept upon it for a pretty while.

195. *An*

195. *An often try'd Remedy to strengthen the* Stomach, *and also to take off Griping pains in or near it.* (*'Tis good also for Colds.*)

TAke *Emplastrum Stomacum* of the *London Dispensatory*, and drop upon it five or six drops of Oyl of Cinnamon, rubbing it well over with your finger, and so apply it to the Patient's Stomach, and after three or four days, or as soon as it grows dry, remove it, and having scrap'd the Plaister, and warm'd it on the wrong side, let fall some drops of the Oyl of Cinnamon upon it, or more drops of the Cordial Spirit, and apply it again.

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196. *An Excellent Plaister to strengthen the* Stomach *and Chest.*

TAke of Cinnamon, Nutmegs, Cloves, and Mace, of each a sufficient quantity, powder them well, and strew some of the Powder all over the bottom of a Deal Box of a convenient length and breadth, and fit it with a cover to shut close; upon this Powder lay a piece of clean Flannel well dry'd, and strew it over thinly with some of the same Powder; then lay on another piece of the like Flannel of the same Dimentions with the former, and upon that likewise, if need be, a little more Powder. This done, shut the Box till the time of use, and then

take out one of the pieces of Flannel, and having lightly dusted off the Powder, lay it on the Patient's Breast, Stomach, and Belly, and let it lye on there for some days. When you perceive its Vertue begins to languish, you must substitute for it the other piece of Flannel, and put the first in the Box to receive new Virtue, and so proceed alternatively as long as you need the Medicine, adding now and then some fresh Powder, if Necessity require. Note, That each piece of Flannel ought to be long and large enough to cover the Breast, and to reach from about the Paps to the Navel, or lower.

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197. *For a Recent* Strain.

TAke a pint or more of Claret-Wine, and boyl it for a little while, in a close Vessel, about a handful of Red Rose-Leaves, till the Liquor be strong of the Plant. In this well heated dip a piece of Linnen or Flannel, and wringing out the moisture, double it, and apply it hot to the part affected, using a Fillet, or some such thing to keep it on.

198. *My Lord* Bacon's *Experienc'd Medicine for a Recent* Strain *or* Bruise.

TAke a good handful of fresh Wormwood, and boyl it in a sufficient quantity of strong Ale to the softness of a Poultise, then take it off the fire, and when you apply it, which you should do whilst 'tis very hot, put to it a spoonful or two of good common Brandy.

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199. *A Choice Plaister for a Recent* Strain.

TAke equal parts of the Plaisters called *Diapalma* and *Oxycroceum*, and make of them a compounded Plaister, to be spread upon thin Leather, and apply'd to the part affected, and to be renewed, if need be, twice a day.

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200. *An approv'd Medicine for a Recent* Strain.

APply seasonably a Cataplasm made of Bran boyl'd in good Vinegar, till it be soft enough to make a Poultise.

201. *A slight but choice Remedy for a recent* Strain.

TAke two spoonfuls of Vinegar, and beat into it very well the white of an Egg, and spreading it upon Flux or Tow, apply it to, and keep it on the part affected.

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202. *A parable but excellent Medicine in the Fits of the* Stone.

TAke somewhat less than a handful of red Chick-Pease, or Cicers, and boyl them softly in a quart of Spring-water till the Liquor be red, and well impregnated with the Seeds: strain this Decoction and sweeten it with Syrup of Marsh-Mallows, out of which all the stronger Diureticks are left.

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203. *For the* Stone.

TAke a quarter or half a pint of simple Arsmart-Water, sweeten it with a little Sugar or some convenient Syrup, and Aromatize it with a little Nutmeg scrap'd, and give this Mixture for one Dose.

204. *For the* Stone *and Gravel in the Reins and Bladder.*

TAke equal weights of common *Daucus*-seeds, and of Burdock-seed, and having mixt these together, put one Ounce of the Mixture to a Gallon of small Ale, and let the Patient use it as a constant Drink.

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205. *A good Liquor to use as Drink in a long Fit of the* Stone.

MAke Posset-drink of three or four parts at most of Milk, and one of White-Wine. Into two quarts of Posset-drink scrape or thinly slice a Nutmeg and a half, or two Nutmegs; add a little Juice of Lemon to your Palate, and if you please, sweeten it a little with syrup of Marsh-Mallows. Take of this Drink a pretty quantity at a time, and use it often in a day.

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206. *A good Medicine for the* Stone.

TAke a pint or a quart of Ale, somewhat new, sweeten it with pure Honey, and boyl it to the consumption of about one half, skimming it well from time to time. Then dissolve in it the Yolk of a new-laid Egg; and let the Patient drink a good draught of this Mixture once or twice a day, till he find relief thereby.

207. *A*

207. *A Choice Medicine in an actual fit of the* Stone.

TAke the Decoction made according to the *London Dispensatory* for the Syrup of Marsh-Mallows, with this difference, That to the same quantity of Water, you must take but half the quantities of each of the Ingredients. Let this corrected Decoction be well clarify'd, and let the Patient take it warm 6, 8, or 10 Ounces at a draught, from time to time, as need shall require.

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208. *The* Stone, *and the Cure. Taken out of the History of the* Barbadoes, *written by* Rich. Lygon, *Gent. p.* 118, 119.

AFter the stoppage of Urine more than fourteen days, the following Medicine did not only break, but brought away all the Stones and Gravel. And about three Weeks after, the like Pains returning, the same Medicine did the like effect within ten hours after the taking thereof.

Take the Pizzle of a green Tuttle (or Tortoise) which lives in the *Sea*, dry it with a moderate heat, pound it in a Mortar to powder, and take of this as much as will lye upon a *Shilling*, in Beer, Ale, White-Wine, or the like; and in a very short time it will do the Cure. These are to be had easily, both at the *Caribee*

ribee and *Lucaick* Islands, where these Fishes abound.

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209. *A good Medicine in Pains of the* Stone, *or* Cholick.

TAke half a pint of good Salet-Oyl, and as much good Sack, (or if that cannot be had, good Claret Wine) shake them very well together, and give them moderately warm for a Clyster.

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210. *To expel the* Stone *in a Fit.*

TAke Crabs-eyes powder'd, and dissolve a large proportion of them in good White-wine Vinegar, and of this Drink let the Patient take from two spoonfuls to five or six at a time.

T.

211. *An almost Specifick Remedy for the* Tooth-ach.

INto a quart of red Wine (or at least of Claret) put one Dram of Allom, and another of Acorns, a Dram and half of Galls, and half a handful of good dry'd Rose-leaves. Boyl this to the Consumption of near half, and then take it

it from the fire and ſtrain it, and diſſolve it in a Dram and a half of *Acacia* cut into ſmall bits, and with this Liquor a little hot, you muſt waſh the part ſeveral times in a day.

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212. *An uncommon, but not unuſeful Remedy for the* Tooth-ach.

LET the Patient lye on the Ear that is oppoſite to the part affected, and into the other Ear drop two or three drops of the freſhly expreſt Juice of Rue a little warm, and ſtop the Ear lightly with fine black Wool or Cotton.

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213. *An odd but very ſucceſsful External Remedy for the* Tooth-ach.

IN the declining of the Moon in *Auguſt*, take the Fruit called Hipps, *viz.* thoſe of the Wild Bryar, with all the Fuzey ſtuff that grows upon it, and lapping it up in a piece of thin Sarcenet, tye it upon the Arm that is on the ſame ſide with the part affected, and keep it on as long as there is need.

214, *For the* Tooth-ach.

TAke a handful of Red Sage, and a handful of Clary, ſhread them ſmall and beat them, ſprinkle them with *May* Dew; then ſtrain out the Juice, put it in a Glaſs Bottle, and ſet it in the Sun in a Window, and when you uſe it put three drops into a ſpoon, and heat it over a Candle blood warm, and drop it into the Ear, and let them eat a Cruſt of Bread wet either in Broth or Poſſet, and chew it upon the Teeth that ake.

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215. *An Approved Medicine for an aking* Tooth *that is hollow.*

TAke two parts of common pepper ground to fine Powder, and mix exactly with it one part of Sugar moderately fine over a gentle heat; form theſe into a ſmall Pill of a ſhape and bigneſs fit for your purpoſe, and when your Stuff grows cold 'twill harden, and may be apply'd when you pleaſe to the Part affected.

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216. *An Excellent Remedy to faſten* Teeth.

TAke of burnt Allum, Acorns, of each one Dram, Galls a Dram and half, Red Roſes half a handful. Beat all theſe together, and make

make them boyl in about a quart of good Red Wine, to the consumption of about a fourth part. Then strain the Decoction, and dissolve in the transmitted Liquor of good *Acatia* cut into very small bits half a Dram. With this Decoction the Mouth is to be washt several times in a day.

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217. *To fasten the* Teeth.

PUT Mastick finely powder'd upon the end of an Handkerchief, rub your Teeth therewith twice or thrice in a day, and chew Mastick often. Also boyl Pomegranate flowers with Mint or Mastick in Red or Claret Wine, Gargle or wash your Mouth often with it.

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218. *A Medicine prescrib'd to a great Prince* (Charles *the First*) *to fasten the* Teeth.

TAke a pint of Spring water, and put to it four Ounces of Brandy; let the Patient wash his Mouth with the Mixture of these every Morning, and twice or thrice a day besides; and let him in the Morning, roul for a little while, a bit of Roch-Allom to and fro in his Mouth.

219. *A*

219. *A good Aſtringent Liquor to faſten the* Teeth.

TO four Ounces of Claret-Wine, or ſome other convenient *Menſtruum*, you may put to diſſolve about four Drams of *Terra Japanica.*

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220. *An Excellent Medicine to faſten the* Teeth *in Scorbutick Gums.*

TAke of Choice Bole-Armoniack two Drams, choice Myrrh (not lucid) one Dram, Roch-Allom crude half a Dram, Claret-Wine one Pint, Boyl theſe ſoftly a little while together, and let the Patient uſe twice, thrice (or if need be oftner) in a day.

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221. *To faſten* Teeth, *made looſe by the Scurvy.*

ANoint the Parts affected with *Oleum Myrrhe* made by *Deliquium*, with Whites of Eggs, boyl'd hard.

222. *A Lotion to fasten the* Teeth.

IN a quart of Spring-water Decoct for a while one Ounce of the best *Terra Japanica* reduc'd to gross Pouder. And then having filter'd the Decoction, keep it stopt for use.

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223. *A good Astringent Liquor to fasten loose* Teeth.

IN a pint of Red Wine infuse about half an Ounce of *Terra Japanica*, till as much as will be dissolv'd be taken up by the Liquor. Decant it from the Fæces (if there be need) and keep it well stopt for use.

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224. *An useful Liquor to fasten the* Teeth, *and prevent the* Tooth-ach.

TO a pint of Spring-water put half an Ounce of clean *Sal Armoniack*, and with the Solution of this Salt, let the Patient wash his Mouth from time to time.

225. *To make an Excellent Poultis to ripen* Tumors.

TAke eight Ounces of (fat) Figs, two Ounces of white Lilly-Roots, and two Ounces of Bean-Flower (or Meal:) Boyl these together in Water, and reduce them to the consistence of a Poultice; which is to be spread to a good thickness, and laid warm enough upon the Part, and shifted as often as it begins to grow dry.

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226. *An Excellent Medicine to relieve those that are troubled with* Tumors *in the* Throat, *and some other Parts.*

TO a quart of New Milk put a handful of Mallow-leaves, with as much of the Leaves of *Solanum*, or Nightshade, shred them small, let them boyl, till the Herbs be tender as if they were to be eaten. Then put into the Milk as much Crumbs of White-bread, as being stirred well with the other Ingredients, will bring all to the consistence of a Poultise. This is to be spread upon a stay for the Throat, or some other thing fit to be apply'd to any other part affected, and is to be laid on as hot as the Patient can well endure it, and when it begins to grow cold, it is to be succeeded by fresh made very hot, and so long as the case shall require.

227. *A Medicine that lately cur'd an Obstinate* Tumor *of the Knee, that had baffled some Chirurgeons.*

TAke a green Colewort-Leaf with red Veins or Streaks, and having cut the Ribs flat and almost level to the rest of the Leaf, bruise it with the haft of a Knife, or some such thing, apply it to the Part affected, renewing it once or twice a day.

228. *A Powerful and Experienc'd Topick for a Sore* Throat.

TAke two new-laid Eggs roasted moderately hard, and the Pap of two well-roasted Pippins; beat them well together, and add to them as much Curds of Posset made with Ale. Having incorporated them all very well, apply the Mixture very warm to the part affected, shifting it if need be once in five or six hours.

229. *An Approved Remedy for a Sore* Throat.

TAke Verjuice of Grapes one Ounce, good Honey half an Ounce, crude Allom about a Dram and half, and Sea-Salt half a Dram; Powder the Salts finely, and incorporate them very well with the Liquors into the form of a kind of Linniment. In this dip a long feather or

or a piece of Rag tyed about the end of a slender Stick (as of Liquorish) and with it touch the Part affected three, four, or five times; between each two times gargling with a Mixture of Plantane-water, and some red Rose-water.

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230. *A Choice External Remedy for Sore* Throats.

TAke *Millepedes*, Sows or Hogs-Lice alive, and sew them up between the foldings of a piece of Linnen, and apply them to the Throat in the form of a Stay, which is to be kept on all Night.

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231. *An easie but try'd Remedy for a Sore* Throat.

TAke Bay-Salt dry'd, and having pounded it, put it into the folds of a Rag, in a sufficient quantity to make a Stay to be ty'd about the Throat, and apply it over night as hot as the Patient can conveniently endure it.

232. *A Choice Remedy for a Sore* Throat, *especially if enflam'd.*

TAke a little handful of the Leaves of common Mallows, and eight or ten good Figs; boyl these about a quarter of an hour in a Pint of New Milk, and let the Patient use it very hot and often.

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233. *A homely but Experienc'd Medicine for a Sore* Throat.

TAke about one Dram of *Album Grecum*, or white Dogs turd burnt to perfect whiteness, and with about one Ounce of Honey of Roses, or clarify'd Honey, make thereof a *Linctus* to be very slowly let down the Throat.

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234. *A homely but Experienc'd Remedy for a Sore* Throat.

INto the Leg of a worsted Stocking that has been long worn next to the Flesh, put in a sufficient quantity of good Sea-Salt Exactly dry'd, or else decripated, and this Salt being put in warm, if not hot, the Stocking is to be ty'd about the Patient's Neck, and kept on all Night. And if by the next Day the Distemper be not remov'd, you may apply fresh Salt (in the proportion) in the same Stocking as before the Night following.

235. *A try'd Medicine for a Sore* Throat, *caused by Acid Humors in the Internal Parts of it.*

TAke half a handful of the Leaves of common Mallows, and boyl them in about a Pint of New Milk near half an hour; then let it run through a clean Cloath, and let the Patient use it a little warm three or four times a day as a Gargle, or else let him use it by holding it in his Mouth, and letting some drops slowly slide down his Throat.

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236. *An often Experienc'd Remedy for* Tettars, *and the Itch.*

TAke Flowers of Sulphur, finely powder'd, Ginger, and burnt Allom, each alike, save that of the Allom there must be somewhat less, Incorporate these with as much fresh Butter (without any *Salt*) as will bring them to the consistence of an Oyntment; with this anoint the Part affected at *Bed*-time, as hot as the Patient can well endure it, and let it lay on all Night, wash it off in the Morning with Celandine water well heated: and whilst you continue the use of this Medicine, take daily some Cordial, to keep the noxious Humour from being driven inwards. This will not fail to do the Work.

237.

237. *A Choice Medicine for a* Thrush *in Young Children, or a Sore Mouth.*

TAke an Egg, and put out the Meat, then fill it with the Juice of Red Sage, and set it on hot Embers till it boyl; then skim it whilst any skum doth rise. Then take as much Allom beaten as the bigness of a Pea or Bean, and half a spoonful of Honey, and let this be put in the Egg and boyl it a little, and so take it off; and when 'tis cold, rub the Chil'ds Mouth as oft as you see cause.

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238. *An almost Specifick Remedy for a* Tenesmus.

MIX Balsam of Sulphur made with Oyl of Turpentine, with Linseed-Oyl, or some other convenient Oyl, till the Balsam be thereby so far allay'd, that the Patient may well endure it; and then let him dip his Finger in it, and make use of it as a small Suppositary two or three times, or if need be, oftner in a day.

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239. *An Excellent Emulsion to be used in sharpness of* Urine, *especially caused by Blistering Plaisters.*

TAke Mallows two handfuls, Gum Arabick two Drams, Barley-water a sufficient quantity; boyl all to a quart, to which add sweet Almonds

Almons blanch'd one ounce, of the four great cold Seeds, of each two Drams. Make an Emulsion, strain and add two Ounces of Syrup of Marsh-Mallows, of which drink at pleasure.

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240. *A Powerful Medicine for stoppage of* Urine.

FRY Chervil with a sufficient quantity of Oyl of Walnuts, and apply a Cataplasm made of it very hot to the Navel (and if need be, to the *Os Pubis*) or Share-bone.

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241. *For a Retention of* Urine.

TAke Chervil, and with fresh Hogs-Lard fry it well, and lay it very hot upon the Patient's Navil, and all the adjacent Parts, shifting it, if there be need, once or twice.

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242. *An useful Powder for such as cannot hold their* Urine.

TAke Root of the Male Piony, Yellow Amber, Red Coral, and choice Gum Arabick, of each a sufficient quantity: Reduce them to fine powder, mix them well, and let the Patient take of this Mixture from 10 to 20 Grains twice a day.

243. *An easie Medicine for sharpness of* Urine, *and for Obstruction of the* Menses, *and their flowing too much, if the Distempers be not obstinate.*

GIve about half an Ounce at a time of the newly expreſt Juice of Ground-Ivy in any convenient Vehicle.

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244. *An Old Lithotomist's Medicine for Suppression of* Urine, (*given me by himself.*)

GIve from about 50 Grains to one Dram for a Dose of the *Pulvis Holandi*, and if the Necessity be very urgent, you may give from one Dram, to four Scruples, or a Dram and half, not neglecting in the mean while other proper Remedies.

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245. *For Suppression of* Urine.

GIve about a spoonful at a time of bruised Mustard-seed in any convenient Vehicle.

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246. *A try'd Medicine for a Suppression of* Urine *that is not very Obstinate.*

DIssolve half an Ounce of choice *Castile*-Soap in half a Pint of White-wine, or some appropriated Liquor; pass the Solution through a Woollen Filter, that the more greasie parts may

may reſt behind, and the Liquor paſs more clear; put to this five or ſix Grains of Saffron: Divide it into two Doſes, whereof one is to be given ſome few hours after the other, if the firſt do not Operate well.

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247. *A ſpeedy Remedy for Fits of* Vomiting.

TAke a large Nutmeg, grate off one half of it, and toaſt the flat ſide of the other, till the Oily part begin to ouze or ſweat out, then clap it to the Pit of the Patient's ſtomach as hot as he can well endure it, and let him keep it on whilſt it continues warm, and then if need be put on another.

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248. *To make an Aſtringent Liquor, of great uſe in* Ulcers *and (ſome) Wounds.*

BOyl two Drams of choice *Catechu*, or *Japan* Earth, in a quart of Spring-water; pour off the clear, and with it by Injection or otherwiſe dreſs the Ulcers or Wounds.

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249. *For Outward* Ulcers.

TAke the green Bark of Oak, and chop it altogether, both inſide, and outſide, into very ſmall pieces. Upon theſe pour good Lime-water freſhly made, and let them infuſe in it till the Liquor has acquir'd a deep Tincture. With this dreſs the Ulcer once, and if need require twice a day.

250. *The Famous* Scotch *Emperical Medicine for a Stubborn* Ulcer.

BUrn to Ashes, but not too much, the gross stalks on which the red Colewort (not Cabbage) grows, and with any fit Additament, make thereof a Cataplasm to be apply'd to the Ulcer, and shift it at reasonable distances of time.

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251. *A Remedy against the Bitings of* Vipers, *and other Venomous Cratures.*

AS soon as ever one is bitten (for if the Poyson be diffus'd through the Mass of Blood, the Experiment may not succeed) a hot Iron may be held as near the Wound as the Patient can possible endure, till it has, as they speak, drawn out all the Poyson, which will sometimes adhere like a yellowish spot to the surface of the Iron.

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252. *Medicines against* Voiding *of Blood out of several Parts.*

TAke two Drams of Henbane-seed, and the like weight of white Poppy-seed; beat them up with an Ounce of Conserve of Red Roses, of which give to the quantity of a Nutmeg or Walnut.

Or, Take the express'd Juice of twelve handfuls of Plantane-Leaves, and six Ounces of fresh Comfrey-Roots, well beaten together with

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a convenient quantity of fine Sugar. These two Medicines have wonderful effects to stop Bleeding.

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253. *A Simple but powerful Remedy for fresh* Wounds.

TAke the Juice of Celandine, and dress with it Recent Wounds and Cuts, instead of a Balsam.

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254. *To make a Simple, but Excellent Balsam to stench the Blood of fresh* Wounds *newly made, and to heal them speedily.*

TAke good *Venice* Turpentine, and in a Limbeck, or some other convenient Vessel, distil off a good part of it with a very moderate Fire, till there remains a thick Substance, yet not like Colophony, but of a Liquid and Balsamick consistence. What you have distill'd off set aside for other uses, for the remaining Substance is what we now seek for, and is to be apply'd as a Balsam both *per se*, and with Plagets and other helps.

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255. *An Excellent* Wound-Drink.

TAke Harts-tongue, Liverwort, Wood-Bugle, Wood-Sage, Wood-Betony, Southernwood, Wormwood, Alehoof, Bugloss, Scabious, Ribwort, White bottles, Mugwort, Comfrey, Mint,

Agrimony, Strawberry and Violet-leaves, Cinquefoil, Daisie-Leaves, Roots, and Flowers, Wild Honey-suckles, Wild Angelica, Avens, Plantane, Clowns, Wound-wort, Haw-thorn-buds, Oak-buds, and Bramble-buds,

Gather these Herbs in *May*, or as many as can then be had; the buds in *March* as soon as ever they put forth, before they come to Leaves; measure them, and take equal quantities of them, and dry them severally in the shade, and when througly dryed put them up in Bags, and so keep them for use.

How to make the Drink.

Take one Gallon of Spring-water, one Pottle of the best White-wine, add to this two good handfuls of all the Herbs, mingled well together being dryed, but if green, then one good handful of each. Boyl them in a Pipkin or Iron Pot to the consumption of the half; then strain it out, and put to the Liquor a quart of Honey, and let it boyl again, and skim it, and when it's cold, put it up into Bottles stopt very close, then let the Patient drink thereof Morning and Evening about a quarter of a Pint at a time (some use only three spoonfuls at a time) fasting after taking of it one hour or two. Observe, the Liverwort is ever best to be put in green. If you make use of this for any Sore or Ulcer in the Body, lay any Searcloath or Plaister to it, of *Unguentum Apostol.* or *Minium*, or such like, as they use for Wounds in the Body, or a Plaister of Hony and Wax.

This

This Drink is effectual for Sores old or new, Womens Breasts, putrified Bones, causing them to scale; 'tis good for any Ach in the Stomach, for the Kings-Evil it hath cured, also caused Bullets in the Flesh to come out having long continued there. Sir *Jo. Mince* was healed by drinking of this, being wounded through the Loyns.

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256. *A quick Remedy for a small and fresh Cut, or* Wound.

LEt the Patient speedily plunge the hurt part into Brandy, and keep it there for a while, till the Pain, which will be excited, be extinguish'd, or much abated: Or if the Part be unfit for this Operation, the Liquor may be apply'd to it immediately with a soft Sponge, &c.

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257. *A good Vehicle for divers Remedies, and that 'tis it self useful against the Jaundies, and* Worms *in Children.*

THE distill'd Water of the Husks of Walnuts is a very good Vehicle in divers Diseases, particularly in Jaundies; 'tis a Cordial, and exceeding proper to be mixt with Julaps in Fevers. 'Tis also an excellent Antiverminary, or Medicine against the Worms, especially for Children.

258. *A*

258. *A powerful Medicine for* White Fluors, *(and the like Distempers.)*

TAke a Pottle of Ale, and shred into it two Ounces of white *Ichthyocolla* (Isinglass,) and in a loosely stopt Vessel, let the Liquor simper till about half is wasted; strain the rest, and give of it two or three Ounces at a time once or twice a day, as need shall require.

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259. *A tryed Medicine for an* Ulcus Uteri.

TAke of true and choice *Bitumen Judaicum*, or *Asphaltum*, and having reduc'd it to very fine Powder, let the Patient take of it about a Dram at a time in any proper Vehicle, once or twice a day.

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260. *An Excellent* Water *to preserve the* Sight.

TO half an Ounce of Celandine-Water, and two drams of Succory-water, mixt together, put two or three drops of clarify'd Hony, and shake them all together when you are to use them. Of this Water let fall a drop or two into the Eye once or twice a day. It will not keep above three or four days, especially in Summer, and therefore must be often renewed.

261. *A try'd Medicine for a* Whitloe.

TAke Houſe Snails and beat them, ſhells and all, in a Stone or Wooden Mortar, ſo long till they be reduc'd to the Conſiſtence of a Cataplaſm; which apply ſomewhat warm to the Part affected, and keep it on for 16 or 24 hours, renewing it then if need be.

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262. *A powerfully Diſſolving Oyntment for* Warts, *and divers Tumors.*

TAke *May*-Butter, and having melted it in a moderate heat, mix with it very diligently but by little and little, as much Oyl of Tartar *per deliq.* as will give it a ſenſible, but not a conſiderably ſtrong taſte.

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263. *An Experienced Remedy for Bloody* Water.

TAke Waters of the black Alder, of Mallows, of each three Ounces, Syrup of Comfrey one Ounce: mix them, and let the Patient take four ſpoonfuls immediately; and four or five times a day.

264. *To make a well Experimented Lime* Water.

TAke fresh Quick-lime 2 Pound, on which pour two Gallons of Water boyling hot; when they have stood together about 24 hours, pour off the clear, and into one Gallon of this, put of Anniseeds, Liquorish, and Saffafras thinly slic'd, of each four Ounces. Let them infuse for 24 or 48 hours in a cover'd Vessel; then take a pound and a half of *Smirna* Raisins (which some call great blew Currans) wash'd and stamp'd. Let these infuse for a few hours, and then pass the whole Mixture first through a Sieve, and then through a woolen Bag. The Dose is about a quarter of a pint warm twice a day.

---

265. *An Experienc'd Medicine to Correct the peccant Humour in the* Kings-Evil.

TAke half an Ounce of Cuttle-Bone dry'd, till it may be finely powder'd. Give this to the Patient for one Dose.

266. *An Excellent and often-try'd Glyster in Fluxes, especially in sharp Humors, and some other Distempers of the Bowels.*

IN a Quart of New Milk boyl softly two small spoonfuls of grosly powder'd Rice, till it be brought to the consistence of Cream, then dissolve in it two Ounces of our Suet of Sheep-Kidneys, and having strain'd it to keep back the Fibres, give it at once for a Lavement.

---

267. *A Cure for* Schrophula's, *and the Kings-Evil.*

TAke a handful of *Paronychia folio rutaceo*, call'd Rue Whitlow-grass, and by some, Felon-wort, boyl it every Morning in a quart of small Beer, strain it, and drink it for your ordinary Drink. *It* wastes the peccant Humors, appeases the Pains, discusses the unbroken Tumors, and heals the broken ones.

---

268. *Against Epilepsies, or the* Falling Sickness.

TAke of the Powder of the true Misseltoe of the Oak as much as will lye upon a Sixpence, early in the Morning, in Black Cherry-water, for some days near the Full Moon.

269. *A*

269. *A ſimple Remedy for the* Stone.

TAke *Perſicaria*, or Aſmart, as much as you pleaſe, Diſtil it in a common Roſe-water Still, and give ſome ſpoonfuls of it in or before the Fits.

---

270. *An Excellent Remedy againſt* Fluxes.

TAke unſalted Butter, boyl it gently till a pretty part be conſum'd, skimming it diligently from time to time, whilſt it ſtands over the Fire: Of this Butter melted give now and then a conſiderable quantity, as the Patient is able to bear it. This Medicine was very Succeſsful in *Ireland*.

FINIS.

A SUPPLEMENT TO Mr. *Boyle's* Collections,

Of Safe and Choice Remedies, taken from his own Manuscripts, added to this Fourth Edition, never Printed before.

271. *An excellent and often experienc'd Medicine for Convulsions, especially in Children.*

TAke a Pound of the true single Piony-Roots, scrape and slice them as thin as Paper into three Pints of White-wine, infuse it all Night on Embers in a Pipkin close cover'd and pasted up: In the Morning strain it out hard, and put in a quarter of an Ounce of Castor in fine Pouder, an Ounce of the best Spirit of Castor, 30 Grains of the Moss of a Dead Mans Scull, and 30 Grains of the Scull it self: Put all these into a strong Glass that is very dry, and shake them half an Hour with all your might. It may be given in a Fit: A spoonful to a young Child; to a Man,

or a Woman a wine Glass; I usually mix Black-Cherry-water with it.

272. *The Pills for the Dropsy that are much us'd by a Person, esteem'd for the Cures he has done on that Disease.*

TAke *Gambogia*, *Gum Ammoniacum*, of each a Dram and a half *Diagridium*, and Tartar Vitriolate a Dram, with Syrup of Buckshorn, make a Mass for Pills. Dose from 15 Grains to half a Dram.

273. *An easy but effectual Medicine for the roughness of the Lips, and to heal Parts that have the Scarf-Skin worn off.*

TAke two Parts of Wax, and one of the freshest Butter, melt and incorporate them over a gentle Fire; and then let the mixture drop into small Cakes, upon a glaz'd Tile or a Plate (whether Pewter or Silver) dipt in Water, or else upon a piece of wetted white Paper.

274. *A good and try'd way to make an Artificial Wine, that is soon drinkable and serve to keep the Body soluble.*

TAke a Gallon of boiling Water, and pour it upon three Pound of Raysons in the Sun, ston'd and well bruis'd by squeezing and pressing, get out the Juice as thorowly as you can from the Skins, &c. and having strain'd, put to it a Pound of brown Sugar-Candy.

275. *A not unpleasant Purge for Children and Delicate Persons.*

IN the Yolk of an Egg dissolve, by rubbing them very well in a clean Glass or Stone Morter, about six Grains of choice Resin of Jalap finely poudered, and when the Solution is made, incorporate with it little by little, two or three Ounces of Succory, or some other convenient water, which by this Operation, will be turned white, and make a kind of Emulsion, which you must sweeten at pleasure, either with fine Sugar or some laxative Syrup, and give it in a Morning fasting. *Cum Custodia.*

---

276. *An ingenious Chymists Arcana for the Stone.*

TAke Borax finely pouder'd, and make it up with some choice Turpentine into Pills, whereof one Dose ought to contain from a Scruple to two Scruples; wash these down with some few Spoonfuls of the Tincture of *Lignum Nephriticum* made in Water, or of Cochoneel, or if the Case be urgent, you may give from 20 to 30 Grains of the Borax, and about a 5*th* part of Myrrhe, dissolve in a couple of Spoonfuls of the Tincture of *Lignum Nephriticum.*

---

277. *An uncommon but try'd Medicine to make a quick Exfoliation of a Carious Bone.*

TAke the Thigh-bone of a hanged Person, (if it can be had of such a Body, else another may be substituted) and having burnt it

to blackneſs, but not calcin'd it, reduce it to fine Pouder, which is to be carefully ſtrow'd all over the part to be exfoliated, after ſome Drops of Chymical *Oleum Sabinæ*, have been imploy'd to wet and ſoften the Part, and make the Pouder ſtick well; this done, dreſs it up S. A. and 'twill ſeldom require a Third, if it do a Second Application.

---

278. *An experienced Medicine for Madneſs* (Mania) *not very obſtinate.*

TAke two Ounces of the Berry's of Box, and infuſe them warm in (a cloſe Veſſel) in a Quart of Claret, or red Wine for 48 Hours; then decant the Liquor, and put to it an equal quantity of the deſtill'd Water of Vervain, and of this mixture, let the Patient take ſix or eight Ounces at a time, and compoſe himſelf to ſweat and reſt after it. This muſt be daily done for a pretty while together, if need requires.

---

279. *To prevent a Gangreen upon a great Pain, and to Strengthen the Part.*

TAke of Melilot Plaiſter, and Diapalma equal-parts, and having melted and well incorporated them together, make thereof a thin Plaiſter; which being prickt full of Holes, is to be laid upon the inflam'd or bruiſed Part, firſt lightly Scarify'd.

An

280. *An excellent Plaister to discuss Tumors (even Scrophulous) that may be resolved and ripning those that it cannot dissipate.*

INcorporate exactly with the *Emplastrum de Sapone*, about a Fourth Part of *Balsamum Sulphuris Terebinthinati*, and use it as a Plaister for the above mention'd purposes. N. B In want of this you may imploy *Diachylon cum gummis*, renewing it once in two or three Days.

---

281. *A Parable Medicine to drive away* Gravel *and Small* Stones.

TAke the thick Skin, that is found in the Gizzard of a Cock or Hen (but not a Capon) and having warily dry'd it till it be grown pulverable; give from a Scruple to two Scruples of it, in a Draught of any convenient Vehicle.

---

282. *An excellent Remedy for* Whitloes *on the* Fingers.

TAke a Reddish, or at least a blackish Snail, of that Sort that has no House or Shell, and having beaten it in a Mortar that is not Mettaline, to the consistence of a Poultise, apply it to the Part affected, renewing it if need be once or twice, after it has been keept on for some Hours.

283. *To make one Spit out Rheum that swells the Gums, and therewith causeth the* Tooth-ach.

DIssolve a Spoonful of good Musterd in about a Pint of *French* Wine (Claret or White) and having warm'd it a little, let the Patient from time to time wash his Mouth with it, and hold it therein for a pretty while together.

284. *To give Ease in the Fit of the Gout.*

TAke three parts of Oyl of Turpentine, and one of Chymical Oyl of Spike, shake them well together, with this mixture anoint the Parts lightly.

285. *An excellent Eye-water to preserve from Rheums, especially sharp ones.*

TAke two Parts of Celandine and one of Eye-bright, and distill thence (*N. B.*) in *Balneo*, a Water or Liquor, which you must put upon Exquisitely pulveris'd *Lapis Calaminaris*, and let them digest together in an exactly clos'd Vessels for some Weeks, adding before you use it, a third Part of Brandy, afterwards continue upon the Pouder as long as you imploy the Liquor.

286. *To*

286. *To make an Excellent and often try'd Medicine for the Stone, whether of the Kidnies or Bladders.*

TAke of pure Whitewine, or Rhenish-wine, and of Fennel Water each one Pint. Into this Mixture put half an Ounce of (Wood-lice) alive and well cleansed, of a midling Size, and one Lemon slic'd, let them infuse in a Vessel well stopt, for 3, 4, or 5 Days, and then let the Patient take about four Ounces at a time twice a Day.

---

287. *An almost Specifick Remedy for the Thrush in Children.*

TAke Houseleek freshly gather'd, crush it well between two Plates, or otherwise till you have squeez'd out the Juice, mix this with live Hony, enough to make it somewhat sweet, and then put to it as much finely pouder'd Roch-Allom, as will give it a little tartness, put some of this Mixture with a Quil, or a Feather down the Patients Throat, as far as conveniently may be; if there be need; the Part affected may be touched once more within an Hour after.

---

288. *For the Yellow Jaundice.*

TAke Rhubarb two Drams, Saffron, Mace, of each a Dram, Hempseed one Handful; bruise

bruise them, and put therein a Quart of White-Wine, and set it in a gentle heat to extract, then take Mornings and Evenings in an empty Stomach, about a quarter of a Pint, and when all is spent, pour on some more Wine upon the Ingredients, adding a little fresh Rhubarb and Saffron, and use it as before.

---

289. *An almost Specifick Medicine for Agues.*

TAke Resin of Scammony 12 Grains, Diaphoretic Antimony, and Crystals of Tartar, of each 8 Grains; mix these carefully and give them for one Dose, an Hour before the Fit comes.

---

290. *To make a Nephritick Tincture, often found to relieve in the Stone.*

TAke Oyster-Shells and calcine them till they be very white; of these take two Parts, and one of Rhenish-Wine-Tartar, pulverise these apart very well, and then mix them diligently, pour on the Mixture a little fair Water, and let the Ingredients work on each other, till the Conflict be over; then stir the Mixture with a Stick, and pour on some more Liquor; and when the Effervescence ceases, put on a little more, and so proceed till no Conflict be made. Evaporate to a kind of soft Mucilage, digest this a while, decant the Liquor and filter it, and you will have it, if it be not too Flegmatick, of a fine red Colour. Of this the Dose

Dose is from 10, or 15 to 30 Drops or more, in any convenient Vehicle.

---

291. *An almost Specifick Medicine for Exculcerations in the Kidnies.*

TAke Jet, and having reduc'd it to fine Pouder, give of it about half a Dram for a Dose, in some good White-wine in the Morning fasting, and at Bed-time for some days together.

---

292. *An almost Specifick Medicine for the Jaundice.*

WIth Small Ale, or at least not very Strong, draw a deep green Tincture from fresh Sheeps Dung, and in a small draught of this, give from half a Dram to a Dram of a Pouder'd Mixture, consisting of four Parts of Turmerick, and one of *English* Saffron. This Dose may be given twice, or if need be thrice a Day, having a care that the Patient whom it will dispose to Sweat, keep very warm, and so whilst the Operation lasts.

---

293. *An useful Medicinal Aliment for them that are troubled with Pains of the Stone.*

LET the Patient eat five or six Onions roasted, and sparingly butter'd, either in the Morning fasting, or at Meals, or at other Times, if the Case be urgent. *N. B.* The destilled Water of

of Onions, is likewise of good use in the same Distemper.

---

294. *An experienced Oyntment for the Worms in Children.*

TAke Rue, Woormwood, and Savine, of each a Sufficient quantity, and with *May*, or other unsalted Butter, or else with fresh Hogs-lard, boil the Herbs softly, till you have brought the Mixture to be very Green. Then Strain it and Pot it up for use, when you imploy it, anoint with it, first the Pit of the Stomach, and part of the Chest a little above it, and then after a while rub it pretty well upon, and all about the Navil.

---

295. *An often tryed Cataplasm to breck a sore Breast,* &c.

TO the yolks of four Eggs, take four Ounces of live Hony, mix them by grinding well together, with about half a Pint of Red or Claret wine, and apply this mixture as a kind of Pultise, to the Part affected.

---

296. *For an Ague.*

TAke the Sut that is in a Bakers Chimney, and Mustard, and Rue, and Whitewine Vinegar, and Sallet Oyl, and some white Pepper, and Ginger, and make a Pultis of it, and lay it

it to the Pulse of his or her Arms, and let it lie a Fortnight or three Weeks, if you will lay it on just before the Fit come.

---

297. *A very often experienced Medicine for Cankers in the Mouth and elsewhere.*

TAke Flowers of Sulphur one Ounce, Roch Allom, crude and finely pulveriz'd, half an Ounce; mix these very well together, and incorporate them with as much good Hony, as will serve to bring the Mixture to the consistence of a Liniment, to be apply'd from time to time to the Part affected.

---

298. *An easie but effectual Medicine to Stop Bleeding, in Wounds, and check some other Hemorrages.*

STrew upon the Part, the Pouder of clear Rosin beaten very small.

---

299. *A very good Drink for Children, whose sore Eyes are suspected to be Scrophulous.*

TAke of ground Ivy and Arch-Angel, (Leaves Flowers and all) of each half an Handful, pour on them a Pint of boiling Spring Water, and proceed as in making of Coffee, let the Patient drink a Moderate Cup of this two, three, or four times a Day; but if you would have it stronger, you may put to a quarter of a Handful of each of these, two or three Drams of Pilewort

Pilewort Roots, which must be put to infuse all Night alone in the Water, which being thus impregnated, you must then boil, and be used as before.

---

300. *For Scrophulous Humours of Children, Eyes (and other Parts.)*

TAke Figwort, and put two handfuls of it to a Pottle of small Ale, of this give a quarter or half a Pint at a Dose. The Operation will be promoted by quenching seven or eight times in this Liquor, a Gad of Steel about eight or ten Inches long.

---

301. *Against a Vertigo.*

TAke of Cyprus Roots two Ounces, of Anise-Seed half an Ounce; make of both a very fine Pouder; and take as much as you can lay on a Sixpence, in a Spoonful of Wine, Beer, or Ale, when you go to Bed. This Medicine continued for five Nights, (besides other Patients,) cured a Woman, who for divers Years was troubled with a Vertigo, and had used all sorts of other Remedies, prescribed to her by *London* Physicians to little or no purpose.

FINIS.

Medicinal Experiments:

OR, A

COLLECTION

OF

Choice Remedies,

Chiefly *Simple*, and easily prepared: Useful in Families, and fitted for the Service of Country People.

By the Honourable R. BOYLE *Esq; late Fellow of the* Royal Society.

The Third and Last Volume.

Published from the Author's Original Manuscripts.

The Fourth Edition Corrected.

Whereunto is added,

Several other Useful Notes explicatory of the same.

LONDON:

Printed for *J. Taylor*, at the *Ship* in St. *Paul's* Church-yard, 1703.

THE

PREFACE.

THE Honourable Robert Boyle Esq; Deceased, hath gratified the whole Race of Mankind by his Publick Labours. The World may be divided into the Learned and the Unlearned Part thereof. The former he much obli-

ged by his Elaborate Discourses on several Subjects: The latter, *which are far more numerous, he hath condescended also to oblige, by consulting their Health in the ensuing Receipts. For, whereas the ordinary and inferior Sort of Men either have not Ability (by reason of the Tenuity of their Estates) to reward Physicians; or by reason of the Remoteness of their Habitations, have not Opportunity to Consult them:*

them: Here they have Remedies *provided to their Hands, and almoſt at their own Doors;* ſome *of which the Learned* Collector *had Experience of Himſelf; and* others *were recommended to him by credible Perſons, who had Experienced their Benefit in them ſelves, or their Friends.*

And though thoſe ways of Probation might be ſufficient to juſtifie their Publication;

yet such was the scrupulous Care and Zeal of this Author, that he would not suffer them to see the Light, till they had been first perused by some Eminent Physitians of his Acquaintance; to whom he was pleased to commit the Supervisal of his Medicinal Receipts, both Galenical *and* Chymical.

This Century *bears the Name of* Parable Receipts; *because they may be easily procured and prepared*

These following Publisht by the Honourable Author, *and Printed for* J. Taylor.

1. A Free Enquiry into the Vulgarly Received Notion of *Nature*, Addressed to a Friend in *English* and *Latine*.

2. A Disposition about the Final Causes of Natural Things, with Observations about vitiated Sight.

3. The Martyrdom of *Theodora* and *Dydimus*.

4. The Christian *Vertuoso*, with a Tract concerning the Greatness of *Mind*.

5. *Experimenta & Observationes Physicæ*, with a Collection of strange Reports.

6. A Natural History of a Country Great and Small, for the Use of Travellers and Navigators.

7. —— His Speraphick Love.

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pared by Country People, as their respective Diseases do require.

What comes forth in the Name of Mr. Boyle, *and is genuinely* His, *needs no farther Recommendation.*

His Ipse Dixit *is sufficinet, and such are these Præscripts, as being found among his many other Papers of like Import, which in time may be Published also.*

I shall therefore only recommend them and their Success to the Blessing of God, the alone Giver, Preserver and Restorer of Health.

J. W.

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Weak-

A COLLECTION OF Choice and Safe REMEDIES.

The Third Volume.

1. *A good Medicine for a newly taken, though violent Cold.*

TAke about four Ounces of Spring-Water, and in a convenient Veſſel, put to it three Leaves of good Tuſſilago (Colts-foot) and a pugil of Maiden hair, and a Stick of Liquoriſh, for bigneſs and length, like the furtheſt Joynt of the little Finger; make the water warm, and when it is ready to boil, put in the foremention'd ingredients, (the

Liquoriſh being firſt ſlic'd and minc'd, cover the Pot well, let it boil for a few walmes, then take it off the Fire, and having preſently ſtrained it, let the Patient drink it hot like Tea, he being already in bed; do this three or four Nights conſecutively, or till there be no more need of the Medicine.

---

2. *A good Water for the Eyes that are foul, and pain'd by ſharp Humors.*

TAke prepared Pearl and Coral, Ana one ſcruple, *Aloes Cabalina*, finely powdered three grains, red Roſe-water and Succory water Ana one Ounce, mix them well; and if you would have the Mixture ſtronger, put in a very few grains of *Trochiſci albi Rhaſis* in very fine Powder.

---

3. *A good Medicine for pain of the Teeth that comes from Rheum.*

OF the Pouder of white Helebore, put into a clean linnen Rag, like a Nodule, of about the bigneſs of the largeſt ſort of Peas or ſomewhat greater, and let the Patient hold it between his Teeth, with his Head and Face ſomewhat inclined, that the Rheum may run freely out of his Mouth.

4. *An*

4. *An Experienced Sternutatory to clear the Head.*

LET the Patient snuff up in the Morning fasting, a small Spoonful, or less of the clarify'd Juice of Hædera terrestris, *i. e.* Ground-Ivy, or of Beets, spitting out from time to time as much Liquor as comes into his Mouth.

---

5. *An often try'd Remedy for the Dysentery and sharp Fluxes of the Belly.*

GIve from fifteen to twenty grains of carefully made Mercurius Dulcis, incorporated with about two Ounces of Catholicon, or else with about one scruple of toasted, or somewhat less of untoasted Rhubarb.

See *Numb.* (1.)

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6. *A good, though uncommon, Medicine for the Dropsie.*

TAke Virginian Snake weed a sufficient quantity, and having cut and slic'd it very small, infuse it into a competent quantity of good Sack, till the Liquor be very strongly impregnated with the Plant. Of this In-

fusion let the Patient take three, four, or five, Spoonfuls at a time (or more if the case be urgent) when the Stomack is empty.

See Numb. (2.)

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7. *An often Experienced Medicine for Blood-shot, or Inflamed Eyes.*

CUt a new-laid Egg boiled hard, into two halfs (without taking out the Yelks) and apply one of these considerable warm, but not too hot, to the part affected, and keep it on for some hours, (six or eight if it need so long.) *Note well*, To the same purpose, you may apply with good effect, a Poultis made of a rotten Apple, the Cold being first quite taken off.

See Numb. (3.)

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8. *An Excellent Remedy for a Burn or Scald in the Eye.*

TAke Mucilages of Quince-seed, Fleawort, Linseed, and Fenugreek seed, of each one Scruple; boil it very lightly in four Ounces of Betony-water, filter it, and apply it to the Part.

9. A good and innocent Dentifrice.

TAke Maſtick and Dragon's Blood, of each a ſufficient quantity; pouder them, and mix them together, and let the Patient uſe them as a Dentifrice.

See Numb. (4.)

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10. *To correct the Laxity of the Gums, and faſten the Teeth.*

TO a Pint of Red or Claret Wine, take about two Drams of Japan Earth, and having diſſolv'd ſo much as you can, pour off the clear, and let the Patient waſh his Mouth therewith from time to time.

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11. *An uncommon, but effectual Fomentation for Tumors, accompany'd with ſharp Humors.*

TO a Gallon of Spring-water, put as much dryed Sage, as you judge will afford a Decoction ſtrong enough of the herb. Into this, when it firſt grows hot, caſt about two Ounces or ſome Drams of Caſtle-Soap, and let it diſſolve there till your Decoction be com-

pleated. With this and Stupes, foment the part for a good while together.

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12. *A rare Medicine for Hysterical Affections, and several Distempers of the* Genus Nervosum.

TAke one Ounce, or a sufficient quantity of Volatile Salt of Harts-horn, (which need not be exactly pure) and drop on it as much Spirit of Tartar as will serve to satiate it, when the conflict is quite ceas'd. Digest the mixture for a while, that it may acquire a red Colour, and keep it carefully stopt for Use, and give four or five drops twice a day in any convenient Vehicle.

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13. *An often prov'd Remedy to bring away what is or should not be left in the Womb of a Puerpera, though it were part of a Dead Child.*

WIth the Juice of Sheeps Sorrel, and some of the strong infusion of the same Herb (unpress'd) in Water, and a sufficient quantity of Sugar, make a Syrup: Of which let the Patient take about a Spoonful, (a little more or less as need may require twice or thrice a day.)

14. *An*

14. *A try'd Medicine to take away Corns.*

THe parts being made ſoft with Bathing and ſcrap'd, apply to the Corn a plaiſter of Shoe-maker's-wax; but if the part be very tender, your Plaiſter may conſiſt of equal parts of Shoe-maker's-wax and Diapalma melted together, and ſpread ſomewhat thin.

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15. *To make an Excellent Styptick Pouder to ſtench Blood.*

TAke of White Sugar-Candy, Roch Alom burnt (but not too much calcin'd) and white Vitriol, and pulverize them exceeding well, and mix them diligently, and having dip'd Pledgets of Flax or Lint, moiſtned with the White of an Egg into this Pouder, apply them to the Orifices of the Bleeding parts. *Note well*, 'twill do very well after the dry Ingredients are mix'd, to grind them with as much Whites of Eggs beaten to water, as will make a Paſte, which is afterwards to be throughly dry'd in the Air, and then again reduced to Powder.

16. *For a Tooth-ach, proceeding from Defluxion or Rheum from the Gums.*

DIssolve one Ounce of choice Japan Earth, in a Pint at least of good Red or Claret Wine, and let the Patient hold it in his Mouth often, and good a while together.

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17. *To prevent the Fit of an Ague, or cure that Disease.*

TAke of the scraping or gratings of the Root of Angelica half a Dram, and of the Flowers of Antimony, mix them well, and let the Patient take them, at the usual times.

Note here, *That the Flowers of Antimony are not to be given inwardly in Substance, but only in Infusion; for in Substance they will hazard Life, bringing first strong Convulsions, and then Death: But you may make the Medicine thus.*

See Numb. (5.)

18. *To make an often try'd Pericarpium for Agues, especially Tertians.*

TAke a handful and a half of fresh Rue, half a handful of fresh Sage, a small spoonful of Bay-salt, and a spoonful of good Vinegar. Beat all these very well together, into an uniform Mass; which divide into two parts, and make thereof two Wrist Plaisters, to be apply'd at the usual times before the Fit; and to be renewed, if there be Occasion, to keep them on till they grow dry and troublesome.

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19. *For the Cholick.*

R. ORange peels dry'd till one may grate them to Pouder; and when they are pulveriz'd, take about a spoonful of the Pouder at a time, mix'd with a little white Sugar to sweeten it, in or before some spoonfuls of any convenient Vehicle.

20. *An approved Remedy for Present Deafness.*

TAke of the Breast Milk of a Woman that has had her first Male Child some time before, and drop three or four drops of it warm as it comes from the Nipple, into the part affected.

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21. *A Choice Medicine for* Burns.

TAke Goose-grease, (which the Country People call the Leaf of a Goose) and having softly melted, and a little skim'd it, squeeze into it as much freshly expresst Juice of Ground-Ivy-Leaves, as by continual stirring will bring it to the consistence of a Green Oyntment. With this anoint the part it self affected; and afterwards lay on it fine Old Rags, well dipt in the same Oyntment.

22. *An*

22. *An External Remedy almost Specifick for the Leprosie.*

TAke Pomatum one Ounce, Flower of Sulphur one Dram, Sal Prunellæ half an Ounce, and having mixt them very well together, from time to time anoint the part affected therewith, as long as there is need.

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23. *For the Head-ach.*

TAke green Hemlock, that is tender, and put it in your Socks, so that it may lie thinly between them and the Soles of your Feet; shift the Herb once a day.

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24. *For the Hiccup (even in Fevers.)*

GIve two or three preserved Damsons at a time.

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25. *A Simple Remedy for the Cholick.*

IN a Draught of any convenient Liquor, dissolve about one Dram of good Salt of Tartar, and let the Patient take it for one Dose.

26. *An Experienced Medicine to cleanse the Womb.*

TAke a large white Onion, cut it into small pieces, and boyl it in about a pint of Water, or less, as if it were to be dressed for eating. And of this Decoction give seven or eight Ounces for a Dose, mix'd with about half an Ounce of fresh Oil of Walnuts.

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27. *To appease the Fits of a Furor Uterinus.*

TAke the Feathers of Partridges (it matters not much from what part of the Fowl) and burn them for a Competent time under the Patient's Nose.

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28. *A very good Syrup to strengthen the Sight.*

TAke about a small Spoonful of a Syrup made of Betony-Water, and Honey, twice thrice or four times a day.

29. *An-*

29. *An easie prepared, but useful Drink for a beginning Scurvy.*

TO a quart of Small-Beer (of six Shillings *per* Barrel,) or small Ale, put over Night about a handful of Scurvy-grass leaves, and let the Patient drink this Liquor at *Dinner* for his ordinary drink, for six or eight Weeks together.

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30. *A Parable Remedy for recent burns.*

APply as speedily as you can to the part affected, an Onion, or more, (if the burnt place be large) beaten to a Mash.

31. *For the Tooth-ach.*

APply a Plaister of Caranna to that part that burns, between the bottom of the Ear and the Temples, on the same side where the Pulsation of the Artery is the most manifestly or strongly felt.

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32. *An Excellent Medicine, tho' not Curative for those that are tormented with the Stone in the Bladder.*

TAke Pouder of Comfrey-Roots an Ounce and half, Marsh-mallow Roots three Ounces, Liquorice pouder two Drams, Seeds of Daucus of Creet two Drams, Seeds of Pursiane, of Winter Cherries, of each half a dram, Nutmegs two Drams, Saffron one Dram, the Species Diamargariton frigid six Drams, Syrup of Marsh-mallows four Ounces, mix and make a soft Electuary; of which let the Sick daily take the quantity of a Walnut. It is profitable against the Stone in the Reins and Bladdar, but chiefly against the latter; as also against the Strangury, Dysuria, *&c.*

33. *To make a Purging Electuary, especially for Children.*

TAke an Ounce of choice Rhubarb reduc'd to fine Pouder, and eight Ounces of very good Currans, pick'd, wath'd and rub'd dry, beat these together in a Glass or Marble Mortar for near two hours. Of this Electuary let the Patient take about the bigness of a small or large Chesnut in the Morning fasting, and if need be at bed time. If the case be very urgent, the Medicine may be taken thrice in twenty four hours.

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34. *An Excellent Remedy for an Inflammation of the Eyes.*

TAke a Pippin (or other *Apple*) cut it into two halfs, take out all the Core of each of them, fill up the Cavities with the tender tops of common Worm-wood, tie the half together, and roast the Apple well. Then beat it and the Herb together to a kind of Poultis, and apply it warm (but not hot) to the part affected, and bind it thereon, letting it lie all Night, or if you use it in the Day time, for six or eight hours.

35. *An useful Drink for the Kings-Evil, and some Affections, that have the like Cause to it.*

TAke a large handful (or two little Physical handfuls) of the Leaves of Ground-Ivy green, or (if the Season denies you them) well dry'd, wash off the Dust with Beer, not Water, and put the Herb into a Gallon of Ale-wort; when 'tis ripe for drinking, draw it out into Bottles, and let the Patient take a draught of it twice or thrice a day, or if it be thought fit, he may use it at Meals.

See Numb. (6.)

36. *An often experienc'd Remedy to expel Gravel, and provoke ſuppreſt Urine.*

KIll a black Cock or Hen, (rather than one of any other colour) take out the thick Membrane or Skin that lines the Gizzard or Stomach, and having wip'd it clean, dry it cautiouſly, ſo as it may be beaten to pouder : With this mix an equal part, or half ſo much of choice red Coral calcin'd. Of this Mixture, give from twenty or thirty Grains, to forty or fifty Grains.

See Numb. (7.)

37. *An approved Remedy for the Kings-Evil.*

SEt a quart of new Milk on the Fire till it just boils up, then take it off, and put into it two spoonfuls of the best Honey, and stir it till it be dissolved: And then set it on the Fire again, and let it boyl two or three walms. Then divide it into four parts, and drink one part warm, early in the Morning, another about ten of the Clock, another about four in the Afternoon, and the last a little before bed time. Do this daily for two or three Months, except you purge, which must be once a Week, taking (if a grown Man) three quarters of an Ounce of Caryocostinum dissolv'd in Posset-drink: Dress the Sores if they run, with any drawing Sear-cloath, or a Plaister of *Burgundy Pitch.* The Medicine, though not very promising, is very famous by the many Cures done with it, by a charitable Lady, of whose Ingenious Chaplain I procur'd it.

38. *A good Compoſition to ſtop a hollow Tooth, and appeaſe the Pain.*

TAke two parts of fine Sugar, (that of *Lisbon* does beſt) and one part of black round Pepper, both finely pouder'd and mixt; put them into a Silver ſpoon over two or three well kindled Coals; and when the Sugar begins to melt, take off the Spoon, and whilſt the mixture is yet ſoft, form it into little grains for ſize and ſhape, ſuited to the part affected.

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39. *A Plaiſter prefer'd by an old Phyſician, that often try'd it, to the common Soap Plaiſter.*

MIx about a Dram of Caſtle-Soap, with one Ounce of Diachylum, and make thereof a thin Plaiſter, to be worn upon the part affected.

40. *An*

40. *An Excellent Liquor to be used Topically in Gleetings.*

TAke four Ounces of Spring-Water, [or Plantane-Water] and dissolve in it about one Scruple of the Sympathetic-Pouder, or so much as will give it a sensible, yet but faint Vitriol-like taste : And of this mixture, inject as much as is usual of a small Syringe, every Morning and Evening, as long as need require, directing the Patient to retain the injected Liquor as long as conveniently he can.

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41. *An approved Medicine in the biting of a Viper.*

TAke of white Hore-hound, and apply the Plant well beaten into the form of a Poultis, to the part affected, and give the Patient a spoonful or two of the Juice of the same Herb to drink: 'Tis also very good for the Jaundice.

42. *An almoſt ſpecific Medicine for the ſuppreſſion of Urine.*

TAke of *Stœchas Citrina* (in *Engliſh*, French Lavender) and infuſe in a good heat, two handfuls of the Flowers in a pint of good Brandy, (not rectifi'd Spirit of Wine) and of this infuſion, give about a ſmall Wine-glaſs full at a time (diluted, if there be great need, with a ſufficient quantity of ſome appropriated Liquor.)

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43. *For an Ague often try'd.*

BOil Yarrow (*Millefolium*) in new Milk, till it be tender enough to have a Cataplaſm made of it. Apply this to the Patient's Wriſt's, juſt when the cold Fit is coming on, and let lie on the parts till the Fit be gone; and if another Fit comes, uſe freſh Cataplaſms as before.

44. *An useful Plaister, for those that are troubled with Vapours of the Spleen, and shortness of Breath, when 'tis a Nervous Affection.*

TAke two parts of strain'd *Galbanum*, and one part of *Asafetida*, and make thereof, according to Art, a Plaister of about the bigness of the Palm of one's Hand, taking care to leave a broad Edg quite round, to prevent its sticking to one's Linnen, and putting a pretty large piece of Cotton in the middle, that the Gums may not touch the Navel; to which the Plaister is to be apply'd.

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45. *A slight, but excellent Medicine to take off Fits of the Head-ach.*

TAke about a handful of fresh Rosemary, and boil it for a pretty while in a quart of common Water, then almost fill with it a pint Pot (or rather a Mug) let the Patient cover his Head and Face with a Napkin, so that he may receive the Steam as hot as he can well bear, and keep the Vessel there as long as he finds the Steam strong enough.

46. *An easie and dry Medicine for the Itch.*
Præmissis Universalibus.

BOil four Ounces of clean Quick-silver in about a Gallon and a half of Spring-water, and let the Patient take of this between a quarter and half a pint at a time, aromatising it if he pleases with a little Lemon-peel.

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47. *An easie Medicine to purifie and sweeten the Blood.*

TAke the *Minera* of *Hungarian*, or other choice Antimony, and having ground it to very fine Pouder, without suffering it to touch any Metal, give of this dry *Alcohole* from Ten Grains, to a Dram, giving it once a day, and (unless some particular reason dissuade that time) let it be at dinner, that is may mingle with the Patient's Meat in his Stomach.

48. *A cheap, but excellent, Medicine for Ulcers.*

TAke one Dram at leaſt of Corroſive Sublimate finely powder'd, diſſolve it in a quart of fair Water, and let it lie there, if you have leiſure, four or five days (in a light Digeſtion) that it may be throughly diſſolved. Then drop in it as much Spirit of Sal Armoniac, or as much Oyl of Tartar, *per deliquium*, as will precipitate it all: Then filter it careſully, and keep it ſtop'd for uſe, which is to imbibe Doſſils or Pledgets with it, and apply them to the Ulcer twice or thrice a day.

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49. *An eaſie and innocent Medicine for Coſtiveneſs.*

BOil in as much Broth as will ſerve to fill a large Porringer, about half a handful of the Leaves of common Mallows choped, and of this Broth (being ſtrained) let the Patient make the firſt part of his Meal.

See Numb. (8.)

50. *For the Aching of a hollow Tooth.*

TAke Oil of Wax, and with it moisten well a little Cotton, and thrust it up into the hollow Tooth, letting it lie there till the pain be sufficiently asswag'd.

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51. *An often try'd Medicine for the Bloody-Flux, being good also for Pleurisies.*

GIve the weight of an Escu D'or (or near one Dram) of the Seed of Sophia Chirurgorum, in *English* Flax-Seed, in two or three spoonfuls of any convenient Vehicle, once or twice a day.

52. *The Cinamon Drink, good in Gripes and Fluxes,* &c.

TAke two Ounces of calcin'd Harts-horn, pouder it, and boil it in three pints of Spring-water till a pint be wasted; then take it off the Fire and infuse in it, an Ounce and half of good Cinamon, setting it upon Embers in a cover'd Vessel for about an hour. Then sweeten it with Sugar to your Palate, and drink about a quarter of a pint at a time. If taken for prevention only, a fourth part of the Cinamon will serve the turn.

See Numb. (9)

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53. *An easie, but useful Medicine for redness of the Eyes.*

TAke a Blanch'd Almond, and about three Grains of Camphire, and in a Glass or a Marble Mortar, incorporate them by wary grinding; and then add to them little by little two or three Ounces of red Rose-water, still grinding them till the whole be brought to a kind of Emulsion. Drop a little of this into the part affected.

See Numb. (10.)

54. *A most excellent Balsam for any green Wound of what nature soever.*

OYl of St. *John's-wort*, and *Venice* Turpentine, of each alike quantity, set them over the Fire in a gentle heat, half an hour or less, that they may incorporate. Then put them up, and keep it for use as one of the best of Balsams.

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55. *A good Medicine for Suppression of the* Menses.

GIve for three Mornings together, about the expected time of the Monthly Evacuation, a Dram or Dram and half or thereabouts of the Gauls and Livers of Eels dry'd and made into Pouder.

56. *An experienced Remedy to prevent Apoplectic Fits.*

MAke at the crossing of the Sutures an Issue, with Diapalma and Oil of Vitriol, and keep it open the ordinary way.

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57. *To dry up, or correct the Humour that makes Scrophulous Ulcers.*

TAke of the Bone of the Cuttlefish, and having reduc'd it to an impalpable Pouder, give about one Dram of it at a time in any convenient Vehicle.

58. *An*

58. *An effectual Medicine for a recent Strain.*

TAke a handful of Worm-wood Leaves, and boil them in ſtrong Ale, till the Conſumption of about a third, that you may reduce them to the Form of a Cataplaſm, which when you take from the Fire you muſt ſtrengthen by putting into it two or at moſt three of Brandy, and apply it very warm, renewing it, if need be, in twenty four hours, at leaſt.

See Numb. (11.)

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59. *For a ſlight Inflammation of the Eyes, as alſo a* Hordeum *growing on the Eye-lid.*

TAke freſh Houſleek, and having pounded it very well to a kind of Cataplaſm, cover as much as is needful of it (for example ſake, to the thickneſs of a half-Crown, or a Crown-piece) in the fold of a Rag or Linnen-cloath, that may be ſo apply'd that the Cataplaſm may reach the Eye and the reſt of the Cloath be faſtned about the Patient's Head. Let the Medicine lie on all Night, and be taken off the next Morning. Repeat this Application two or three times, in caſe there be need.

60 *For most Asthmatic Distempers.*

TAke of the Roots of Elecampain, thinly slic'd, one Ounce, of the Leaves of Ground-Ivy, a good handful. Boil these in three pints of Spring-water to a quart, then strain the Decoction, sweeten it with a little live Honey, and let the Patient take it five, six or seven spoonfuls at a time. *(Note well,* Remember the efficacy of Saffron in the same Disease, as 'tis commended by Mr. *Ray,* in his Catalogue of Plants.)

See Numb. (12.)

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61. *For an Ague.*

TAke of the Bone, call'd Patella, of the Knee of a dead Man, and having reduc'd it to fine Powder, give of it as much as will lie upon a Groat or a Six-pence for one Dose, in any proper Conserve or fit Vehicle, at a convenient time (before the cold Fit.)

62. *An Experienc'd Medicine to kill Tettars.*

TAke of Flowers of Brimstone, Ginger and Burnt Allum, of each alike, mingle them well, and of this mixture, incorporate as much with new unsalted Butter, as is requisite to bring it to the consistence of an Unguent. With this anoint the part affected, as hot as the Patient can well endure it, and let it stay on all Night, and the next Morning wash it off with Celandine-water. But when the Patient goes to Bed, he is to take a Dose of some Alexipharmacal Medicine, as *Gascon*'s Pouder, Treacle, *&c.* to keep the Humour from being driven into the Mass of Blood: He is also to bath the part oftentimes in a day, with the Celandine-water.

63. *To make a good Pouder for a* Gonorrhæa.

TAke of choice red Coral, and of Maſtich equal parts, reduce them ſeperately to fine Pouder. Mingle them very well, and of this mixture, give about thirty or forty Grains for one Doſe.

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64. *A choice Medicine for a ſlight Stroke or Bruiſe of the Eye.*

TAke two ſpoonfuls of Fennel-water, or of Betony-water, and drop into it three or four drops (or five at moſt) of good clarify'd Honey: Shake them well together, and uſe them twice or thrice a day. But you muſt have a care to make this Mixture freſh once in four, or at moſt in five days, eſpecially in Summer; for if it be longer kept, 'twill be apt to grow ſour.

65. *An*

65. *An often try'd external Medicine for an Erisipelas.*

TAke the Blood of a Hare, (*'tis best if kill'd by Hunting in March*) and if you can have it fresh, anoint the part affected with it, otherwise apply on it a Linnen Rag that has (though a good while ago) throughly imbibed the fresh Blood of that Animal, and dry'd in the air. But if the imbrued Linnen be too hard or stiff, it must be softned with a little fair Water, and then the cold taken off, applyed to, and bound upon the part.

See Numb. (13.)

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66. *An Emperis much boasted Remedy for the* Fluor Albus, *or Whites in Women.*

MAke a strong Decoction of the Herb *Alchymilla* (in *English*, Ladies Mantle,) and let the Patient drink of it about half a pint every Morning fasting; and if the case be urgent, make an Injection of the same Plant, boil'd till it be very tender, and let the Patient make use of it from time to time.

See Numb. (14.)

67. *An excellent Water for Ulcers and Sores (try'd with great Success.)*

TO a quart of Spring-water, take one Dram of Mercury sublimate finely pouder'd; and when 'tis quite dissolved, drop into the Solution, either Spirit of Sal Armoniac (which is best) or Oyl of Tartar per Deliquium, till you see that no more will manifestly precipitate. This done, filture the mixture through Cap Paper, and reserve the Precipitate for other uses. The Liquor that passes, you must keep close stopt in a Glass Viol; and when you will use it, you must dip Linnen Rags in it, and being throughly wetted, apply them to the part affected, single, or double, more or less, as need requires. This Application may be renewed twice, or (if the case be urgent) thrice a day.

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68. *An experienced Medicine for want of Sleep, proceeding from great heats of the Head.*

TAke the palest Carrots you can get, and scrape a sufficient quantity of them to afford scrapings enough to make a Cataplasm, of about two Fingers or two Inches broad,

broad, and of the thickneſs of a Half-crown piece of Silver, or thereabouts. Let the Patient apply this in a piece of double Linnen to his Throat, ſo that it may reach to the Jugular Veſſels on each ſide, when he goes to Bed, and let it lie on all Night (for it will not eaſily grow dry,) if the firſt Application do not prevail, 'tis to be apply'd the following Night; and ſo a third and fourth time, if need require.

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69. *A Parable Medicine, that has cured very many, eſpecially Children, and young Boys and Girles, of Convulſive Fits.*

TAke of the Pouder (whether made by Filing, Raſping, or otherwiſe) of the ſound Skull of a Dead Man, and give of it about as much as will lie upon a Groat, made up into a *Bolus* with Conſerve of Roſemary-Flowers, (or any other that is proper) to a young Boy or Girl: But in Perſons more aged and ſtrong, the Doſe of the Pouder muſt be augmented to double the quantity. The Medicine muſt be given often, if neceſſity requires it: If the Patient be a Child, 'twill be uſeful to apply to his Throat, a kind of Necklace, made of the Roots of *Vervain* cut into Beads.

70. *An easie, and experienced Remedy for the Piles.*

IN four Ounces of Spring-water, dissolve about one Dram of Salt of Tartar, or as much as will give the Liquor a manifest, but not strong *Alcalisate* taste, and apply soft rags dip'd in luke-warm or somewhat more to the Part affected, shifting it from time to time.

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71. *A successful Medicine for Fluxes of the Belly.*

TAke Rice-Meal, and mix with it about a fifth part of finely pouder'd and sifted Chalk, boil these in Water, or which is better, if it agrees with the Patient in Milk, and make thereof a hasty Pudding, to be moderately season'd with Sugar and pouder'd *Cinamon*; and let the Patient eat it at Meals, and if need be at some other times.

72. *An often try'd Remedy for Corns.*

TAke the Juice of Houſleek, and mix it up with about equal parts of the thick Balm or Yeſt, that ſticks to the Barrel, or to the clay that ſtops it. Of theſe make a kind of Plaiſter, which being kept upon the Toe for a while, and then if need be renewed, will make the Corn very ſoft and eaſie to be drawn out and extirpated.

See Numb. (15.)

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73. *A good Medicine for Burns and ſtenching of Blood.*

DIſſolve in Spring-water, or which is better, Rain water, as much Sugar as will make it a ſtrong Solution, and then with a ſufficient quantity of Linſeed Oil, or Oil of Olives, beat up this Liquor till the Oil on it be brought to the conſiſtence of an Unguent, with which anoint the part affected, as timely as you can, renewing the Application as often as need ſhall require.

See Numb. (16.)

74. *An approved Medicine for the Bloody Flux, being good alſo for Pleuriſies.*

GIve two or three ſcruples of Hairs Blood beaten to Pouder for one Doſe, to be taken in a ſpoonful or two or three of Mint-water, or any other fit Vehicle.

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75. *A very often (though homely) experienced Remedy, for Dyſenterick and other Fluxes.*

TAke the freſh Dung of a Hog, (and if you can, whilſt 'tis yet warm,) and boil in a Poringer full of New Milk, as much of it as may amount to the bigneſs of a Wallnut; and alſo an equal quantity of fine Mutton Suet ſlic'd very thin: When theſe are well incorporated with the Milk, ſtrain them well through a clean Linnen; and if there be need, ſweeten them a little with Loaf Sugar: Let the Patient take this warm, once or twice a day.

76. *A powerful Styptic to ſtench Blood, where it can be applyed.*

TAke the fine Pouder of *Lapis Hæmatites*, made by grinding it exactly well with an equal or double weight of *Sal Armoniac*: And of this high colour'd Sublimate, put a little upon the Orifices of the Veſſel.

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77. *For a ſlight Redneſs of the Eyes.*

TAke of French Barley half an Ounce, and Damask Roſes half an handful. Boil them but very little in a pint of Spring-water, and with this moiſten the part affected.

See Numb. (17.)

78. *For the Relaxation of the Uvula.*

TAke blewish Peafe (or in want of them white ones) and chew them very well, fo as to reduce them to the conſiſtence of a Poultis. Lay this warm upon the Crown of the Head, to the breadth and thickneſs of a Five ſhilling piece of Silver, or ſomewhat larger, ſhifting it in the Morning, and at Bed-time.

See Numb. (18.)

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79. *A powerful Medicine to ſtop ſharp Rheums.*

TAke a Dram of *Catechu*, or Japan Earth, and make thereof a Decoction in five or ſix Ounces of good White-wine, or elſe of ſome diſtill'd Water, or other Liquor appropriated to the Diſeaſe. Of this give two or three ſpoonfuls at night, and in the Morning as much alſo if need require.

80. *The French-Man's Famous Eye-Water.*

TAke two or three Ounces of the Water of Simple Pimpernel, diſtill'd in Balneo, and put this into a little Pot or Poringer, of Roſe-Copper; then put into it, about the bigneſs of a Hazel-nut, or a Filbert, of ſtrong Quicklime: Cover the Pot, and let the Ingredients lie in it till the Liquor hath acquired a blewiſh colour. Then very warily pour off the clear, and add to it as much live Honey, as will give a little, or but little Taſte: Uſe it after the wonted manner of ſuch Waters, and if you find it too ſtrong, dilute it a little with water of the ſame Plant or good Spring-water, which for a need, may be uſed from firſt to laſt, inſtead of the Water of Pimpernel.

See Numb. (19.)

81. *Eye-*

81. *Eye-Water.*

TAke Red Roſe-water, Plantane-water, of each an Ounce; Tutia prepared, half a ſcruple; *Lapis Lazuli* prepared ſix grains, red Coral prepared, five grains, mix and make a Collyrium, or Eye-water.

This droped into the Eyes, being firſt well ſhaken, cures Inflammations of the Eyes, provided there be no great foulneſs, nor Scrophulous diſpoſition in the Patient. It takes off the redneſs of the Eye-lids, if with a ſponge dip'd in it, the Eye-lids be often wetted, it takes off Films very well.

82. *A ſafe and uſeful Medicine to prevent Dryneſs, and ſome other Diſſaffections of the Eyes.*

TAke of choice Virgin Honey, two ſpoonfuls, of Succory Water, or the diſtilled Water, of each four ſpoonfuls; mix them, and in a very clean Veſſel over a very gentle Fire, let them evaporate (taking off from time to time any Scum that may ariſe) till the mixture be brought to the conſiſtence of a Syrup (or of Honey) keep this in a Glaſs well ſtopped and make uſe of it, by letting fall a drop or two, or at moſt three of it, at a time, into the Eye.

See Numb

83. *The*

83. *The Medicine of a Famous Empyric for the Stone.*

TAke Amber (clear and yellow) Sea-horſe Pizzle and Niter, of each alike quantity, (*Note well*, in caſe of Ulcerated Kidnies, put half the quantity of the Amber) and an eighth part of the Nitre (of Natural Balſam.) Pulverize each apart, and make them up into Pills with Chios (or at leaſt clean *Strasburg* Turpentine) take five, ſix or ſeven Pills (of about ten to one Ounce) Morning and Evening.

See Numb. (21.)

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84. *An Excellent Medicine for Fits of the Mother.*

TAke *Sagapenum* diſſolv'd in *Vinegar of ſquills*, ſtrain'd thro' a *Sieve*, & again inſpiſſated or thickned, *Ammoniacum* in like manner prepared, *Steel* prepar'd, *Myrrh*, Fecula of Briony of each half a Dram: Engliſh Saffron, Caſtoreum, of each a Scruple, Borax two Scruples; Syrup of Stœchas a ſufficient quantity; mix and make Pills of a convenient bigneſs to be ſwallowed; of which take three, Morning and Night, with care.

85. *A choice Medicine for the Cholic.*

TAke clean white Chalk, and having dry'd it with a gentle heat, reduce it to fine Pouder; wet this Pouder with the expreſſed Juice of Cammomil, and then let it dry in the Air, without the heat, either of the Fire or of the Sun. This done, wet it again with new Juice of Cammomil, and dry it the ſecond time as before. Wet and dry it again the third time, and if you pleaſe, the fourth time; and then reduce the dry Maſs to fine Pouder again. Of this Pouder let the Patient take at a time, as much as will lie upon a Groat or a Six-pence, in ſome ſpoonfuls of Wine or other proper Vehicle.

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86. *Troches of Vipers, ſucceſsfully uſed to Cleanſe the Blood, and to ſtrengthen weak Patients.*

TAke of Vipers reduc'd to fine Pouder one Ounce, Diaphoretick Antimony half an Ounce, clear yellow Amber, two Drams, of Starch as much as of all the reſt, and of Sugar as much as of Starch; make them to a fine Paſte, with Spirit of Wine, and then make them into ſmall Cakes, whereof one may ſerve for a Doſe.

87. *An*

87. *An approved Medicine for Scorbutic Gums and to faſten the Teeth.*

TAke of White-wine a pint, of *Alum* half an Ounce, of Juniper Berries and of red Sage, *Ana* one Ounce: Boil theſe together till a quarter of the Liquor be waſted, then put into the remaining part four Ounces of Honey, and let it boil till the Scum be all riſen then filter it, and put into it one Dram of *Balſamum Vitæ.*

See Numb. (22.)

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88. *A Caution about the Vitriolate Eye-water.*

TAke four Grains of *Roman Vitriol*, not more to four Ounces of diſtilled Water, either of Roſes, Succory, Fennel, &c.

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89. *A good Medicine for a light Stroke, or Contuſion of the Eye.*

TAke half an Ounce of Celandine Water, and ſhake well into it, three or four drops of clarify'd Honey, and let fall of this into the Eye, a drop or two, twice or thrice a day.

90. *An excellent Medicine for a Stroke or Bruise in the Eye.*

TAke of Betony-water, and Hyssop water, of each one Ounce, and in their Mixture, stir some Blades of Saffron, till the Liquor be pretty well colour'd, and no more. And lastly, add to it four or five drops of clarifyed Honey.

See Numb. (23.)

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91. *An Excellent Remedy to take off Films, and such like things from the Eyes.*

TAke choice *Bole Armonic*, and reduce it to very fine Pouder, blow this gently into the Eye, once or at most twice a day. But if the Patient be subject to or fearful of any swelling, heat, or disaffection in the Eyelids, incorporate the Pouder with a little clayfyed Honey.

See Numb. (24.)

92. *To*

92. *To ſtrengthen weak Eyes ſubject to Rheums.*

TAke Lapis Calaminaris four Ounces, Roſe-water a pint, ſhake them well together two days. Then let it ſettle, pour off this Water into a little Viol, and drop of it in weak Eyes, two or three times a day, *&c.*

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93. *A Plaiſter to ſtrengthen the Eyes, and ſtop Deſluxions on them.*

TAke of Frankincenſe two Drams, Olibanum and Maſtick ana half a Dram; mix theſe well, and reduce them into fine Pouder; of which a convenient quantity is to be melted and ſpread upon black Ribbon, or ſome ſuch thing, with a hot Knife or Spatula, and ſo preſently applyed to the Temples.

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94. *An Experienced Remedy for ſharp and hot Humors in the Eyes.*

INto a quart of new Milk already boiling, put about two handfuls or leſs of green Houſleek, freſhly gather'd, and chopt ſmall, and let the Milk boil on till 'twill yield no more

more Curd. Then ſtrain the green Poſſet-drink, and let the Patient take every day once or twice a pint (or as near that quantity as he can well reach to) ſweeten'd a little if need be with fine Sugar. The drink may be beſt taken cold.

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95. *An Excellent Fumigation, for Pains in the Eyes, and over great dryneſs of them, and when one fears the beginning of a Cataract.*

TAke of Fennel, Hyſop, Betony, Celandine, Carduus, of each half a handful, or a handful; of the Seeds of Linſeed, Quinces, Fenugreek, Flea-wort of each half a Dram, of *French* Barley one Ounce: Boil theſe in two quarts of fair water, and half a pint of White wine: Let the Patient hold his Head over the Fumes for about a quarter of an hour every Morning.

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96. *For Sore Eyes.*

TAke Crumbs of White-bread, half an Ounce, Coral and Pearl prepared, Tutia White-Sugar-candy, of each half a Dram: Pouder of Red Roſes a Dram and half, Flowers of St. John's-wort one Dram; and with a ſufficient quantity of Milk make a Cataplaſm

or Poultice, which ſpread upon linnen Cloth and bind it over the Eye.

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97. *For Heavineſs and Pain in the Eyes.*

TAke Flowers of Melilot, of Elder, and of Marigolds, of each a ſmall handful, Linſeed, Seeds of Fenugreek, Fleawort, Cummin and Quinces, of each half a Scruple, French Barley half an ounce, Damask Roſes half an ounce, Spring water a pint and half, mix and make a Decoction, with which foment the Forehead, Temples and Eye-brows, being ſufficiently warm.

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98. *For a dry Inflamation.*

TAke of Betony, Hyſop, Rue, Worm-wood, Vervain, as alſo of Sage-flowers, and Roſemary-flowers, of each of all theſe, half a handful. (To which may be uſefully added Cummin Seeds, Fennel Seeds, and Carduus Seeds, of each a quarter of an Ounce.) Boil theſe a little in two or three quarts of fair Water, and then let the Patient hold his Head for about a quarter of an hour over the Steam of this Decoction, making uſe of a Napkin, to keep the *Smoke* from diſſipating, and direct it to his Eyes. A while after he may put into them, if it be thought fit, a little clarify'd Honey.

F I N I S.

Several neceſſary Notes Explicating, Illuſtrating, or Enlarging ſome of the Heads in the Preceding Volume.

Numb. (1.) *For the Bloody Flux, or other Fluxes.* See Pag. 4.

TAke Japan Earth, Pouder of Rhubarb of each equal parts, of which give half a Dram at a time every Morning faſting.

Numb. (2.) *A good Medicine for the Dropſie.* See p. 5.

NOte, an Infuſion of Mechoacan in White wine, (an Ounce and half thin ſliced, to a pint) being infuſed 24 hours, and drank of every Morning for ſome days, is a moſt admirable thing, and if a little Muſtard Seed be infuſed in it, it will be ſo much the better.

Numb. (3.) *A Medicine for Blood-shot, or inflamed Eyes.* See p. 6.

THere is no better a Remedy for inflamed Eyes, then to wash them every day several times with this. Take Frogs-spawn Water a pint; Salt of Tartar, a Dram; mix and dissolve, and wash therewith.

Numb. (4.) *A good and innocent Dentifrice.* See p. 7.

BUt that which exceeds all, is a fine Pouder of Red Coral, with which you may rub them two or three times a day, and then wash them with Water in which Sal Prunellæ is dissolved.

Numb. (5) *To prevent or cure an Ague.* See p. 13.

TAke gratings of Angelica Root, Flowers of Antimony, of each half a Dram, choice Canary three Ounces: Infuse in a cold place for one or two days, and pour off the clear for two Doses: It is a singular good Vomit for the cure of Agues of all sorts, being given in

in the Morning fasting, 4 or 6 hours before the coming of the Fit; and if it be not a Quotidian Ague, then on the intermitting day.

Numb. (6.) *An useful Drink for the King's Evil.* See p. 24.

THere is no better thing in the World for the Kings Evil, than to give daily some spoonfuls of this following Liquor. Take White wine a quart, Juice of Pellitory of the Wall a pint, Spirit of Wine half a Pint, Sal Prunellæ an Ounce, mix and dissolve, then pour off the clear, and sweeten with white Sugar, Dose six spoonfuls Morning and Night.

Numb. (7.) *An experienced Remedy to expel Gravel, and provoke Urine.* See p. 25.

TAke the Juice of Onions two spoonfuls; White-wine half a pint or more; mix them for a draught: It gives present Ease; and if repeated for some time, in a short season cures.

Numb. (8.) *An easie Medicine for Costiveness.* See p. 35.

A Turpentine Clyster thus made is admirable to cause Stools in a very great Costiveness.

Take Strasburgh Turpentine an Ounce, Yolk of one or two Eggs, grind them well together; and put thereto a pint of fat Mutton Broth, and exhibit it Blood-warm.

Numb. (9.) *A Remedy for Gripes and Fluxes.* See p. 37.

A Most excellent Remedy for Gripings, is a Tincture of Corn Poppy Flowers made with common Spirit of Wine; of this you may give from a spoonful to two spoonfuls, in Spirit of Opium half an Ounce, mixt with Black-cherry water four Ounces: This gives ease upon the spot.

Numb. (10.) *A Medicine for Redness of the Eyes.* See p. 38.

IF the redness be with a fierce hot Rheum, it is from weakness of the Eyes; and then the only Remedy is to wash them twice or thrice

thrice a day with Brandy: There is no danger in it, nor will it smart much.

Numb. (11.) *An effectual Medicine for a Strain.* See p. 41.

TAke Comfrey-Roots beating to a pulp half a pound, Pouder of Japan Earth four Ounces, Spirit of Wine a sufficient quantity; mix and apply it to the part.

Numb. (12.) *For most Astmatic Distempers.* See p. 43.

TAke Juice of Hyssop, choice Honey, of each two pound: Mix, boil, scum, and make a Syrup; of which let the Sick take four spoonfuls or more, Morning, Noon, and Night.

Numb. (13.) *An external Medicine for an Erisipelas.* See p. 47.

THe Blood of almost any living Creature is found by many Experiments to be a Specifick against an Erisipelas, being often anointed on the affect, or Cloth dip'd in the same, being laid moist thereon.

Numb. (14.) *A Remedy for the Whites in Women.* See p. 48.

THe beſt of Remedies in this caſe (after due purging) is to give two, three or four grains of Laudanum, and to inject three, four, or ſix times a day this water.

Take Spring-water two quarts, white Vitriol, Roch Allum, of each two Ounces: being in Pouder, mix and diſſolve, let it ſettle, and uſe only the clear.

Numb. (15.) *A try'd Remedy for Corns.* See p. 54.

TAke Ammoniacum ſtrained, Emplaſtrum Diapalma, of each an Ounce; Arcanum Corallinum half an Ounce, white Precipitate two Drams: Mix them well together, and apply it only over the Corn, being firſt cut as cloſe as it conveniently can be.

Numb. (16.) *A Medicine for Burns and ſtenching of Blood.* See p. 55.

BUt for ſtenching of Blood, there are but few Medicines which exceed the Colcothar of Vitriol, whether waſh'd and freed from it's Salt or not waſh'd: 'Tis but a common thing, but will do more than a thouſand much more enobled.

Numb.

Numb. (17.) *For a slight Redness of the Eyes.* See p. 58.

ONe of the best of Remedies against Redness and Inflammation of the Eyes, is often to wash them with this Water. Take Frog-spawn Water a pint, Common Spirit of Wine four Ounces; mix them: Wash herewith five or six times a day; and at Bed time apply over the sore Eyes a Cataplasm of a rotten Apple.

Numb. (18.) *For the Relaxation of the Uvula.* See p. 59.

THis common Medicine, is found very successful: The Throat being first gargled with Claret Wine, in which a little Rock Allum has been dissolved, as hot as it can well be endured; then anoint it with this. Take Honey one Ounce, pouder of Elecampane two Drams, Pepper in Pouder half a Dram: mix them, and apply it thrice a day with your Finger.

Numb. (19.) *A Famous Eye-Water.* See. p. 61.

TAke Red Rose Water a quart; Aloes in fine Pouder, half an Ounce; white Vitrol, Vitrum

Vitrum Antimonii, Crocus Metallorum, of each ſix Drams; mix and digeſt warm a Month: Then uſe the clear water three or four times a day, it has ſcarce any equal.

Numb. (20.) *A Medicine to prevent Running of the Eyes.* See p. 63.

TAke White-Wine half a pint, diſſolve in it white Vitriol two Drams; filter or ſtrain, and therein diſſolve choice Honey two Ounces: With this fill the Eyes two or three times a day, it is good againſt moſt diſtempers of the Eyes.

Numb. (21.) *A Medicine for the Stone.* See p. 64.

TAke Strasburgh Turpentine two Ounces, grind it well with Yolks of Eggs, and then mix herewith this following Syrup. Take water a pint and half, Sal Prunellæ an Ounce and half: Mix and diſſolve, and with Honey a pound, boil it into a Syrup, which add to the former mixture. Doſe two or three ſpoonfuls Morning and Night.

Numb.

Numb. (22.) *A Medicine for Scorbutick Gums, and to fasten the Teeth.* See p. 68.

THere is nothing fastens the Teeth better, than to wash them with this mixture. Take Claret Wine a pint, Roch Alum half an Ounce; mix and dissolve, and then add thereto six Ounces of a strong Tincture of Japan Earth, made with common Brandy.

Numb. (23.) *For a Stroke or Bruise in the Eye.* See p. 70.

TAke Celandine Water 3 Ounces, Spirit of Saffron one Ounce, mix them, with which wash the Eyes several times a day; and if the Eyes be very Sore, red or Blood-shot, after washing anoint them, every time with a little pure Virgin Honey.

Numb. (24.) *An Excellent Remedy to take off Films from the Eyes.*

TAke Pouder of Coral levigated one Ounce, Pouder of Pearls levigated three Drams, Crabs-Eyes levigated one Dram, Virgin Honey two Ounces, mix them, and anoint four or five times a day, but chiefly Morning and Night.

Numb.

Numb. (25.) *A Remedy for the King's-Evil.*

TAke Roots of Pilewort a sufficient quantity, bruise and boil them in Hogs Lard till they are Crisp, after which press them hard out; and boil in the like manner as many more fresh Roots, and press out again, doing it the third time; then keep the Ointment for use to anoint with Morning and Night.

Numb. (26.) *A Remedy for the Stone.*

GIve every Morning fasting, and every Night going to Bed, half a Dram of the Pouder of Winter Cherries in a draught of Parsly or Arsmart-water, or in a Glass of White wine.

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